
HP Integrity rx8640

using

HP-UX 11.i v2 64-bit

and

**Oracle Database 10g Release 2 Enterprise Edition with
Partitioning**

TPC Benchmark™ H Full Disclosure Report

First Edition

August 4, 2006



First Edition - August 4, 2006

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Benchmark results are highly dependent upon workload, specific application requirements, and system design and implementation. Relative system performance will vary as a result of these and other factors. Therefore, TPC Benchmark H should not be used as a substitute for a specific customer application benchmark when critical capacity planning and/or product evaluation decisions are contemplated.

All performance data contained in this report was obtained in a rigorously controlled environment. Results obtained in other operating environments may vary significantly. No warranty of system performance or price/performance is expressed or implied in this report.

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Overview

This report documents the methodology and results of the TPC Benchmark™ H test conducted on the HP Integrity rx8640 , in conformance with the requirements of the TPC Benchmark™ H Standard Specification, Revision 2.3.0. The operating system used for the benchmark was HP-UX 11.i v2 64-bit; the DBMS was Oracle 10g Release 2.

Standard and Executive Summary Statements

The pages following this preface contain the Executive Summary and Numerical Quantities Summary of the benchmark results.

Auditor

The benchmark configuration, environment and methodology used to produce and validate the test results and the pricing model used to calculate the cost per QphH was audited by Francois Raab, InfoSizing, to verify compliance with the relevant TPC specifications.

TPC Benchmark H Overview

The TPC Benchmark™ H (TPC-H) is a decision support benchmark. It consists of a suite of business oriented ad-hoc queries and concurrent data modifications. The queries and the data populating the database have been chosen to have broad industry-wide relevance while maintaining a sufficient degree of ease of implementation. This benchmark illustrates decision support systems that

- Examine large volumes of data;
- Execute queries with a high degree of complexity;
- Give answers to critical business questions.

TPC-H evaluates the performance of various decision support systems by the execution of sets of queries against a standard database under controlled conditions. The TPC-H queries:

- Give answers to real-world business questions;
- Simulate generated ad-hoc queries(e.g., via a point and click GUI interface);
- Are far more complex than most OLTP transactions;
- Include a rich breadth of operators and selectivity constraints;
- Generate intensive activity on the part of the database server component of the system under test;
- Are executed against a database complying to specific population and scaling requirements;
- Are implemented with constraints derived from staying closely synchronized with an on-line production database.

The TPC-H operations are modeled as follows:

- The database is continuously available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, for ad-hoc queries from multiple end users and updates against all tables, except possibly during infrequent (e.g., once a month) maintenance sessions;
- The TPC-H database tracks, possibly with some delay, the state of the OLTP database through ongoing updates which batch together a number of modifications impacting some part of the decision support database;
- Due to the world-wide nature of the business data stored in the TPC-H database, the queries and the updates may be executed against the database at any time, especially in relation to each other. In addition, this mix of queries and updates is subject to specific ACIDity requirements, since queries and updates may execute concurrently;

- To achieve the optimal compromise between performance and operational requirements the database administrator can set, once and for all, the locking levels and the concurrent scheduling rules for queries and updates.

The minimum database required to run the benchmark holds business data from 10,000 suppliers. It contains almost ten million rows representing a raw storage capacity of about 1 GB. Compliant benchmark implementations may also use one of the larger permissible database populations (e.g. 1000 GB), as defined in Clause 4.1.3.

The performance metrics reported by TPC-H measure multiple aspects of the capability of the system to process queries. The TPC-H metric at the selected size ($QphH@Size$) is the performance metric. To be compliant with the TPC-H standard, all references to TPC-H results for a given configuration must include all required reporting components (see Clause 5.4.7). The TPC believes that comparisons of TPC-H results measured against different database sizes are misleading and discourages such comparisons.

The TPC-H database must be implemented using a commercially available database management system (DBMS), and the queries executed via an interface using dynamic SQL. The specification provides for variants of SQL, as implementers are not required to have implemented a specific SQL standard in full. TPC-D uses terminology and metrics that are similar to other benchmarks, originated by the TPC and others. Such similarity in terminology does not in any way imply that TPC-H results are comparable to other benchmarks. The only benchmark results comparable to TPC-H are other TPC-H results compliant with the same revision.

Despite the fact that this benchmark offers a rich environment representative of many decision support systems, this benchmark does not reflect the entire range of decision support requirements. In addition, the extent to which a customer can achieve the results reported by a vendor is highly dependent on how closely TPC-H approximates the customer application. The relative performance of systems derived from this benchmark does not necessarily hold for other workloads or environments. Extrapolations to any other environment are not recommended.

Benchmark results are highly dependent upon workload, specific application requirements, and systems design and implementation. Relative system performance will vary as a result of these and other factors. Therefore, TPC-H should not be used as a substitute for a specific customer application benchmarking when critical capacity planning and/or product evaluation decisions are contemplated.

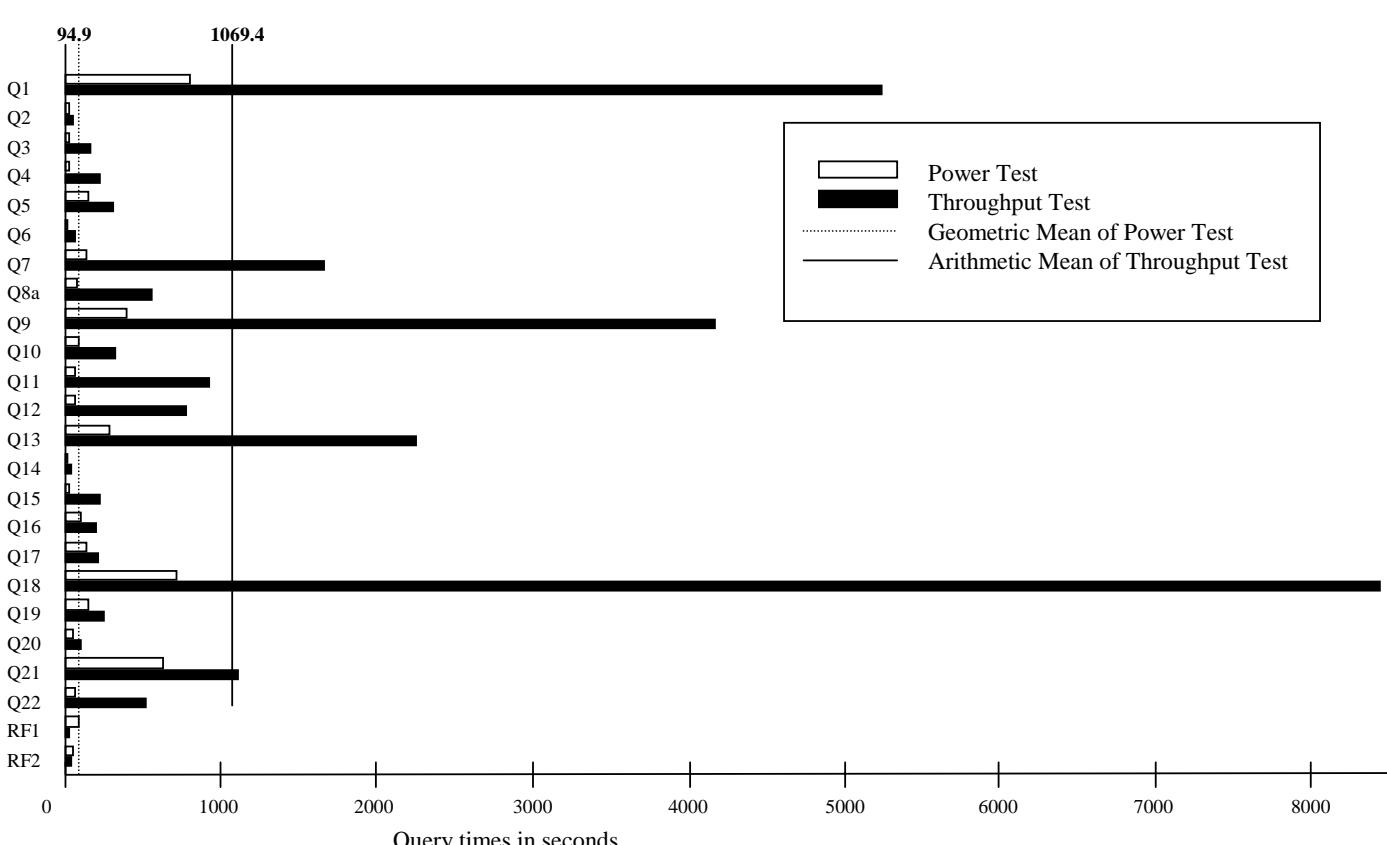
Benchmark sponsors are permitted several possible system designs, provided that they adhere to the model described in Clause 6. A full disclosure report (FDR) of the implementation details, as specified in Clause 8, must be made available along with the reported results.

General Implementation Guidelines

The purpose of TPC benchmarks is to provide relevant, objective performance data to industry users. To achieve that purpose, TPC benchmark specifications require that benchmark tests be implemented with systems, products, technologies and pricing that:

- Are generally available to users;
- Are relevant to the market segment that the individual TPC benchmark models or represents (e.g. TPC-H models and represents complex, high data volume, decision support environments);
- Would plausibly be implemented by a significant number of users in the market segment the benchmark models or represents.

Hewlett-Packard Company does not warrant or represent that a user can or will achieve performance similar to the benchmark results contained in this report. No warranty of system performance or price/performance is expressed or implied by this report

	HP Integrity rx8640	TPC-H Rev 2.3.0
		Report Date: August 4, 2006
Total System Cost	Composite Query per Hour Metric	Price/Performance
\$984,810	27,143.6 QphH@1000GB	\$36 QphH@1000GB
Database Size	Database Manager	Operating System
1000 GB*	Oracle Database 10g Release 2 Enterprise Edition with Partitioning	HP-UX 11.i v2 64-bit
	Other Software	Availability Date
	None	January 1, 2007
 <p>Query times in seconds</p>		
Database Load Time = 04:27:42	Load Includes Backup: N	Total Data Storage/Database Size = 17.39
RAID (Base Tables Only): N	RAID (Base Tables and Auxiliary Data Structures): N	RAID (All): Y
System Configuration		
Processors:	8 Dual-core Intel Itanium2 Processors 9050 1.6GHz, 18MB	
Memory:	128 GB	
Disk Drives:	3 Internal disks (36GB each) disks plus 40 HP StorageWorks MSA1000 (with a total of 480 36GB 15K RPM disks)	
Total Disk Storage	17388GB (In this calculation one GB is defined as 1024*1024*1024 bytes)	
Lan Controllers	1 PCI 1000BT Lan Adapter	

*Database Size includes only raw data (e.g. no temp, index, redundant storage space, etc.)



HP Integrity rx8640

TPC-H Rev 2.3.0

Report Date: August 4, 2006

Description	Part Number	Source	Reference Price	Qty	Extended Price	3 yr. Maint. Price
Server Hardware						
HP Integrity rx8640 SMP Base System with 8 1.6GHz/18MB Dual-core Processor Module	AB444A#002**	1	191,108	1	191,108	
4GB high-density DDR memory module (uses 2 DIMM)	AB454A	1	8,000	32	256,000	
HP Integrity rx8640 I/O Backplane	AD160A	1	7,700	2	15,400	
3 Year Svc & Support Price (Hardware and Software)	HA110A3-6KT**	1				\$106,561
HP Integrity rx8640 Sys. Expansion Unit	AB301A	1	35,785	1	35,785	
HP Rack kit for rx86xx Server	J1528B	1	582	1	582	
HP Rack Kit for SEU Server	J1530C	1	709	1	709	
DVD+RW Drive	AB351B	1	850	1	850	
PCI 1000 Base T Dual Port LAN Adapter Card	A7012A		1,495	1	1,495	
PCI 2GB Fibre Channel Adapter (dual port)	A6826A	1	4,395	20	87,900	
36 GB HotPlug Ultra 320 SCSI Low Profile Disk (15k)	AD146A	1	1,200	3	3,600	
HP Server Thin Client (Console)	AB300B	1	1,250	1	1,250	
Rack Model 5642	358254-B21	1	689	1	689	
			Subtotal		595,368	106,561
Server Software						
Oracle Database 10g Release 2 Enterprise Edition, Named User Plus		2	8*		80,000	
Partitioning for 3 years, Named User Plus		2	8*		20,000	
Oracle Database Server Support Package for 3 years:		2	3			6,000
HPUX 11i v2 Foundation Operating Environment	B9429AC**	1	2,370	16	37,920	
HPUX Fndn OE Media	B9106AA, Opt 0D1	1	199	1	199	
			Subtotal		138,119	6,000
Storage						
16 meter Fibre Optic Cable	221692-B22	1	82	40	3,280	
HP StorageWorks MSA 1000 (40+4 spares)	201723-B22	1	6,995	44	307,780	Included
36GB 15K Ultra320 Hard Drive (480 + 48 spares)	286776-B22	1	269	528	142,032	Included
10642 (42U) Rack Cabinet	245161-B21		1,359	4	5,436	
ProLiant Cluster HA/200 for MSA100	252409-B22	1	4,007	1	4,007	
			Subtotal		462,535	0
			Total		1,196,022	112,561
Oracle Mandatory E-Business Discount on (Licenses and Support)						
Large Configuration Discount and Support Prepayment*						
					(15,900)	
					(276,437)	(31,435)
			Grand Total		903,685	81,126
Source: 1=HP, 2=Oracle (Pricing Contact: MaryBeth Pierantoni; email: mary.beth.pierantori@oracle.com; phone number: (916-315-5081)					3-yr Cost of Ownership:	984,810
					QphH@1000GB:	27,143.6
*8 = 0.50 * 16. Explanation: For the purposes of counting the number of processors which require licensing, an Intel multicore chip with "n" cores shall be determined by multiplying "n" cores by a factor of 0.50.					\$/QphH@1000GB:	36
** These components are not immediately orderable. See the FDR for more information.						
A 25.6% discount was based on the overall value of the specific components from HP (Price Key) in this single quotation. Discounts for similarly sized configurations will be similar to those quoted here, but may vary based on the components in the quotation.						
Audited By: Francois Raab for InfoSizing (www.sizing.com)						

Prices used in TPC benchmarks reflect actual prices a customer would pay for a one-time purchase of the stated components. Individually negotiated discounts are not permitted. Special prices based on assumptions about past or future purchases are not permitted. All discounts reselect standard pricing policies for the listed components. For complete details, see the pricing sections of the TPC benchmark specifications. If you find the stated prices are not available according to these terms, please inform the TPC at pricing@tpc.org. Thank you.



HP Integrity rx8640

TPC-H Rev 2.3.0

Report Date: August 4, 2006

Measurement Results

Database Scaling (SF/size)	1000
Total Data Storage/Database Size	17.39
Start of Database Load Time	2006-07-29 22:43:01
End of Database Load Time	2006-07-30 03:10:43
Database Load Time	04:27:42
Query Streams for Throughput Test (S)	7
TPC-H Power	37,931.2
TPC-H Throughput	19,424.0
TPC-H Composite Query-per-Hour Metric (QphH@1000GB)	27,143.6
Total System Price Over 3 Years	984,810
TPC-H Price/Performance Metric (\$/QphH@ 1000GB)	\$36

Measurement Intervals

Measurement Interval in Throughput Test (Ts)	28,542
--	--------

Duration of Stream Execution:

	SEED	Start Date/Time	End Date/Time	Duration
Stream 00	730031043	30-Jul-2006 12:31:26	30-Jul-2006 13:42:44	1:11:18
Stream 01	730031044	30-Jul-2006 13:42:45	30-Jul-2006 20:43:54	7:01:09
Stream 02	730031045	30-Jul-2006 13:42:46	30-Jul-2006 18:16:42	4:33:56
Stream 03	730031046	30-Jul-2006 13:42:46	30-Jul-2006 18:50:31	5:07:45
Stream 04	730031047	30-Jul-2006 13:42:46	30-Jul-2006 20:54:15	7:11:29
Stream 05	730031048	30-Jul-2006 13:42:46	30-Jul-2006 21:29:38	7:46:52
Stream 06	730031049	30-Jul-2006 13:42:46	30-Jul-2006 21:26:45	7:43:59
Stream 07	730031050	30-Jul-2006 13:42:46	30-Jul-2006 20:02:24	6:19:38
Refresh		30-Jul-2006 21:29:38	30-Jul-2006 21:38:27	0:08:49

	HP Integrity rx8640	TPC-H Rev 2.3.0																				
		Report Date August 4, 2006																				
<u>TPC-H Timing Intervals (in seconds)</u>																						
Duration of stream execution:																						
Stream ID	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8a	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12										
Stream 00	801.8	32.6	25.4	27.9	156.8	20.1	140.0	83.4	403.0	91.2	61.2	65.4										
Stream 01	1765.8	45.8	162.2	75.1	2155.9	51.1	435.6	237.1	947.8	258.6	295.4	172.8										
Stream 02	1653.8	109.6	68.9	83.9	450.9	44.6	259.7	539.7	3736.4	1404.7	360.6	288.0										
Stream 03	2126.7	66.7	94.9	90.1	2391.6	42.8	383.7	305.4	3911.1	1359.6	722.0	213.5										
Stream 04	5079.2	104.2	84.3	260.8	478.5	51.8	240.8	596.3	3983.5	1163.2	567.7	365.2										
Stream 05	4144.2	63.3	168.9	440.3	289.6	72.9	1421.5	151.6	845.1	222.7	418.6	240.8										
Stream 06	5233.1	47.8	166.5	229.0	319.0	67.1	1658.6	562.8	4165.8	321.9	919.4	779.9										
Stream 07	6285.7	79.5	52.9	94.4	484.1	40.2	477.8	531.4	1274.0	277.7	2342.5	335.0										
Minimum	1653.8	45.8	52.9	75.1	289.6	40.2	240.8	151.6	845.1	222.7	295.4	172.8										
Average	3755.5	73.8	114.1	182.0	938.5	52.9	696.8	417.8	2694.8	715.5	803.8	342.2										
Maximum	6285.7	109.6	168.9	440.3	2391.6	72.9	1658.6	596.3	4165.8	1404.7	2342.5	779.9										
Stream ID	Q13	Q14	Q15a	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	Q22	RF1	RF2										
Stream 00	293.6	19.9	29.4	109.5	136.2	731.4	155.7	50.5	636.3	62.2	88.5	55.3										
Stream 01	914.2	49.3	175.3	608.9	275.7	7382.9	453.1	112.5	8508.7	185.8	24.7	45.2										
Stream 02	654.3	62.3	388.0	1459.6	660.5	1619.2	500.9	150.8	1779.4	160.6	24.5	45.8										
Stream 03	753.4	95.9	313.9	476.1	320.8	1776.9	484.5	156.5	1802.6	576.2	25.4	45.6										
Stream 04	962.9	61.1	236.2	1388.1	229.4	7994.7	461.8	71.9	1318.1	188.9	26.0	45.8										
Stream 05	2016.7	65.6	301.4	905.6	180.6	7384.2	512.3	94.1	7645.0	424.8	25.7	77.2										
Stream 06	2261.2	44.6	228.8	209.3	214.2	8417.9	255.0	98.9	1108.9	529.7	25.5	45.6										
Stream 07	648.5	50.0	214.3	658.2	353.4	6093.3	382.2	680.3	1240.9	181.4	26.1	45.5										
Minimum	648.5	44.6	175.3	209.3	180.6	1619.2	255.0	71.9	1108.9	160.6	24.5	45.2										
Average	1173.0	61.2	265.4	815.1	319.2	5809.9	435.7	195.0	3343.4	321.0	25.4	50.1										
Maximum	2261.2	95.9	388.0	1459.6	660.5	8417.9	512.3	680.3	8508.7	576.2	26.1	77.2										



Benchmark Sponsor: **Sharada Bose**
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Ray Glasstone
Manger, DSS Performance
Oracle Corporation
100 Oracle Parkway 1911
Redwood Shores, CA

August 3, 2006

I verified the TPC Benchmark™ H performance of the following configuration:

Platform: **HP Integrity rx8640**

Database Manager: Oracle Database 10g R2 Enterprise Edition w/
Partitioning

Operating System: HP-UX 11.i V2 64-bit

The results were:

CPU (Speed)	Memory	Disks	QphH@1000GB
HP Integrity rx8640			
8 x Itanium2 9050 (1.6GHz, dual-core)	18 MB Cache/cpu 128 GB Main	480 x 36GB ext. 3 x36GB int.	27,143.6

In my opinion, this performance result was produced in compliance with the TPC's requirements for the benchmark. The following verification items were given special attention:

- The database records were defined with the proper layout and size
- The database population was generated using DBGEN
- The database was properly scaled to 1,000GB and populated accordingly
- The compliance of the database auxiliary data structures was verified
- The database load time was correctly measured and reported

- The required ACID properties were verified and met
- The query input variables were generated by QGEN
- The query text was produced using minor modifications and one query variant
- The execution of the queries against the SF1 database produced compliant answers
- A compliant implementation specific layer was used to drive the tests
- The throughput tests involved 7 query streams
- The ratio between the longest and the shortest query was such that no query timing was adjusted
- The execution times for queries and refresh functions were correctly measured and reported
- The repeatability of the measured results was verified
- The required amount of database log was configured
- The system pricing was verified for major components and maintenance
- The major pages from the FDR were verified for accuracy

Additional Audit Notes:

None.

Respectfully Yours,



François Raab
President

Overview	ii
TPC Benchmark H Overview	ii
General Implementation Guidelines.....	iii
QphH@1000GB.....	iii
HP Integrity rx8640	iii
1 General Items.....	1
1.1 Benchmark Sponsor	1
1.2 Parameter Settings	1
1.3 Configuration Diagrams.....	1
2 Clause 1 Logical Database Design Related Items	4
2.1 Database Definition Statements	4
2.2 Physical Organization	4
2.3 Horizontal Partitioning.....	4
2.4 Replication.....	4
3 Clause 2 Queries and Refresh Functions.....	5
3.1 Query Language.....	5
3.2 Verifying Method for Random Number Generation.....	5
3.3 Generating Values for Substitution Parameters	5
3.4 Query Text and Output Data from Qualification Database.....	5
3.5 Query Substitution Parameters and Seeds Used	5
3.6 Query Isolation Level	5
3.7 Source Code of Refresh Functions.....	5
4 Clause 3 Database System Properties	6
4.1 ACID Properties	6
4.2 Atomicity	6
4.3 Consistency	6
4.4 Isolation	7
4.5 Durability	8
5 Clause 4 Scaling and Database Population.....	9
5.1 Ending Cardinality of Tables	9
5.2 Distribution of Tables and Logs Across Media	9
5.3 Database Partition/Replication Mapping	9
5.4 RAID Feature.....	9
5.5 DBGEN Modification.....	10
5.6 Database Load Time	10
5.7 Data Storage Ratio	10
5.8 Database Load Mechanism Details and Illustration.....	10
5.9 Qualification Database Configuration	10
6 Clause 5 Performance Metrics and Execution-Rules	11
6.1 System Activity Between Load and Performance Tests	11
6.2 Steps in the Power Test.....	11
6.3 Timing Intervals for Each Query and Refresh Functions.....	11
6.4 Number of Streams for the Throughput Test	11
6.5 Start and End Date/Time of Each Query Stream	11

6.6	Total Elapsed Time of the Measurement Interval.....	11
6.7	Refresh Function Start Date/Time and Finish Date/Time.....	12
6.8	Timing Intervals for Each Query and Each Refresh Function for Each Stream	12
6.9	Performance Metrics.....	12
6.10	The Performance Metric and Numerical Quantities from Both Runs	12
6.11	System Activity Between Performance Tests	12
7	Clause 6 SUT and Driver Implementation Related Items.....	13
7.1	Driver	13
7.2	Implementation-Specific Layer (ISL)	13
7.3	Profile-Directed Optimization.....	13
8	Clause 7 Pricing	14
8.1	Hardware and Software Used in the Priced System.....	14
8.2	Total Three Year Price.....	14
8.3	Availability Date.....	14
9	Clause 8 Auditor's Information and Attestation Letter	15
9.1	Auditor's Report.....	15
Appendix A Parameter Settings.....	16	
1TB-init.ora	16	
initASM.ora.....	16	
system	16	
env	17	
profile	18	
Appendix B Build Programs and Scripts.....	19	
dbcre.sh	19	
sctso.sh	19	
dapop.sh.....	21	
ixcre.sh	31	
anl.sh	31	
loadasm.....	31	
Acid Scripts.....	33	
a_query.sql	33	
a_query2.sql	33	
atom.sh	33	
atrans.sql.....	34	
atranspl.c	35	
atranspl.h	40	
ckpt.sh	41	
cnt_hist.sql.....	42	
consist.sh	42	
consist.sql	43	
count_tx.sh	43	
d_hist.sql	44	
end_acid.sh.....	44	
iso.sh	44	
iso1.sh	45	
iso2.sh	46	
iso3.sh	47	
iso4.sh	47	
iso5.sh	48	
iso6.sh	49	

prepare4acid.sh.....	50
q1.sql	50
q21.sql	51
randkey.c	51
randpsup.c	53
run_acid.sh	54
sample.sh	55
sample.sql.....	55
Appendix D Query text and Output	57
qryqual	57
Seed and Input Parameters	67
Seed	67
qp1.0	67
qp1.1	67
qp1.2	67
qp1.3	68
qp1.4	68
qp1.5	69
qp1.6	69
qp1.7	69
Appendix F Benchmark Scripts.....	71
F.2 dbtables.sql	71
F.3 firstten.sql	72
F.4 gen_seed.sh	72
F.5 gtime.c	72
F.6 qexecpl.c	72
F.7 qexecpl.h	79
F.8 runTPCHall	81
F.9 runTPCHpt	82
F.10 runTPCHus	84
F.11 runuf1.sh	84
F.12 runuf2.sh	86
F.13 scnt.sh	86
F.14 set_queue	87
F.15 tshut.....	87
F.16 tshut.asm	87
F.17 tstart	87
F.18 tstart.asm	87
Price Quotes.....	88

1 General Items

1.1 Benchmark Sponsor

A statement identifying the benchmark sponsor(s) and other participating companies must be provided.

Hewlett-Packard Company is the test sponsor of this TPC Benchmark H benchmark.

1.2 Parameter Settings

Settings must be provided for all customer-tunable parameters and options which have been changed from the defaults found in actual products, including but not limited to:

Database Tuning Options

Optimizer/Query execution options

Query processing tool/language configuration parameters

Recovery/commit options

Consistency/locking options

Operating system and configuration parameters

Configuration parameters and options for any other software component incorporated into the pricing structure;

Compiler optimization options.

Appendix A contains the HP-UX and Oracle Database 10g Release 2 Enterprise Edition with Partitioning parameters used in this benchmark.

1.3 Configuration Diagrams

Diagrams of both measured and priced configurations must be provided, accompanied by a description of the differences.

Measured Configuration:

- 8 1.6GHz Dual-core Intel Itanium2 Processors 9050 CPUs each with 18MB
- 128 GB Memory
- 3 36GB 15K Ultra 320 SCSI Internal disks
- 20 PCI Fibre Channel 2X (dual-port) Cards
- 1 HP 1000 BaseSX PCI Lan Adapters
- 40 HP StorageWorks MSA1000 (with a total of 480 36GB Disks)
- 1 DVD/RW
- 1 SCSI Card

Priced Configuration:

- 8 1.6GHz Dual-core Intel Itanium2 Processors 9050 CPUs each with 18MB
- 128 GB Memory
- 3 36GB 15K Ultra 320 SCSI Internal disks
- 20 PCI Fibre Channel 2X (dual-port) Cards
- 1 HP 1000 BaseSX PCI Lan Adapters
- 40 HP StorageWorks MSA1000 (with a total of 480 36GB Disks)
- 1 DVD/RW
- 1 SCSI Card



Terminal

Keyboard



Mouse

HP Integrity rx8640 Server



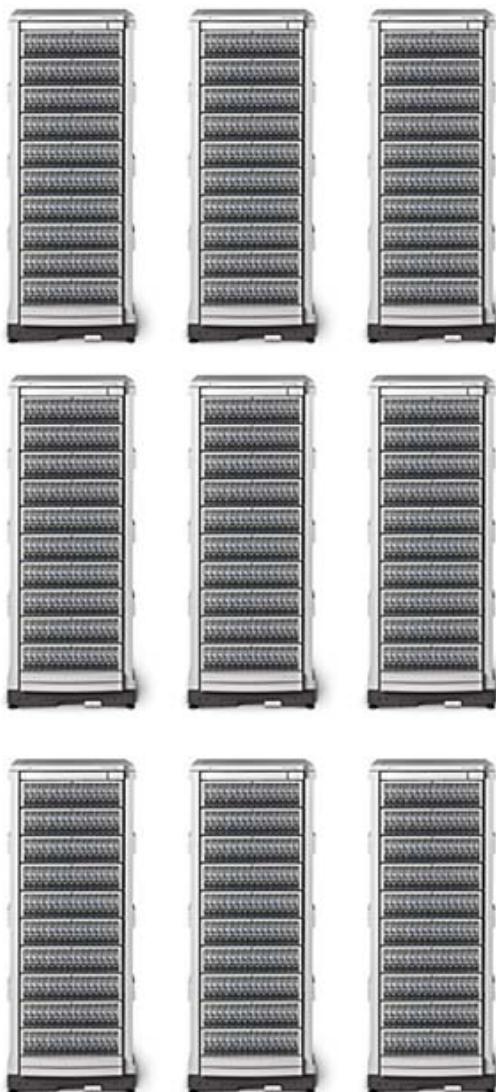
summary

WITH:

- 8 – 1.6GHz|18MB Dual-Core Itanium2 Processors 9050
- 128GB Memory
- 20 PCI 2GB Fibre Channel Adapter (dual-port)
- 1 HP 1000 BaseSX PCI Lan Adapter
- 3 36 GB Ultra 320 SCSI Low Profile Disk (15k)
- 1 HP Integrity rx8640 Sys. Expansion Unit
- 1 DVD+RW Drive

Priced Configuration

**40 HP StorageWorks MSA1000
with 480 36GB 15k RPM Disks**





Terminal

Keyboard



HP Integrity rx8640 Server



summary

WITH:

- 8 – 1.6GHz\18MB Dual-Core Itanium2 Processors 9050
- 128GB Memory
- 20 PCI 2GB Fibre Channel Adapter (dual-port)
- 1 HP 1000 BaseSX PCI Lan Adapter
- 3 36 GB Ultra 320 SCSI Low Profile Disk (15k)
- 1 HP Integrity rx8640 Sys. Expansion Unit
- 1 DVD+RW Drive

Measured Configuration

**40 HP StorageWorks MSA1000
with 480 36GB 15k RPM Disks**



2 Clause 1 Logical Database Design Related Items

2.1 Database Definition Statements

Listings must be provided for all table definition statements and all other statements used to set up the test and qualification databases.

Appendix B describes the scripts that define, create, and analyze the tables and indices for the TPC-H database.

2.2 Physical Organization

The physical organization of tables and indices, within the test and qualification databases, must be disclosed. If the column ordering of any table is different from that specified in Clause 1.4, it must be noted.

No record clustering or index clustering was used. Columns were reordered in the tables – please refer to the table create statements for the ordering.

2.3 Horizontal Partitioning

Horizontal partitioning of tables and rows in the test and qualification databases (see Clause 1.5.4) must be disclosed.

Horizontal partitioning was used for all base and index tables except NATION and REGION. The details of this partitioning can be understood by examining the syntax of the table and index definition statements in Appendix B. Similar partitioning was used in the qualification database size.

Section 5.2 describes the distribution of tables and logs across all media.

2.4 Replication

Any replication of physical objects must be disclosed and must conform to the requirements of Clause 1.5.6.

No replication was used.

3 Clause 2 Queries and Refresh Functions

3.1 Query Language

The query language used to implement the queries must be identified.

SQL was the query language used to implement all queries.

3.2 Verifying Method for Random Number Generation

The method of verification for the random number generation must be described unless the supplied DBGEN and QGEN were used.

TPC supplied versions 2.3.0 of DBGEN and QGEN were used for this TPC-H benchmark.

3.3 Generating Values for Substitution Parameters

The method used to generate values for substitution parameters must be disclosed. If QGEN is not used for this purpose, then the source code of any non-commercial tool used must be disclosed. If QGEN is used, the version number, release number, modification number, and patch level of QGEN must be disclosed.

QGEN version 2.3.0 was used to generate the substitution parameters.

3.4 Query Text and Output Data from Qualification Database

The executable query text used for query validation must be disclosed along with the corresponding output data generated during the execution of the query text against the qualification database. If minor modifications (see Clause 2.2.3) have been applied to any functional query definition or approved variants in order to obtain executable query text, these modifications must be disclosed and justified. The justification for a particular minor query modification can apply collectively to all queries for which it has been used. The output data for the power and throughput tests must be made available electronically upon request.

- Appendix C contains the actual query text and query output.

3.5 Query Substitution Parameters and Seeds Used

The query substitution parameters used for all performance tests must be disclosed in tabular format, along with the seeds used to generate these parameters.

Appendix E contains the seed and query substitution parameters.

3.6 Query Isolation Level

The isolation level used to run the queries must be disclosed. If the isolation level does not map closely to the levels defined in Clause 3.4, additional descriptive detail must be provided.

The queries and transactions were run with the isolation level set to "Level 3" (repeatable read).

3.7 Source Code of Refresh Functions

The details of how the refresh functions were implemented must be disclosed (including source code of any non-commercial program used).

The refresh function is part of the implementation-specific layer/driver code included in Appendix F.

4 Clause 3 Database System Properties

4.1 ACID Properties

The ACID (Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, and Durability) properties of transaction processing systems must be supported by the system under test during the timed portion of this benchmark. Since TPC-H is not a transaction processing benchmark, the ACID properties must be evaluated outside the timed portion of the test.

Source code for ACID test is included in Appendix C.

4.2 Atomicity

The system under test must guarantee that transactions are atomic; the system will either perform all individual operations on the data, or will assure that no partially completed operations leave any effects on the data.

Completed Transaction

Perform the ACID Transaction for a randomly selected set of input data and verify that the appropriate rows have been changed in the ORDERS, LINEITEM, and HISTORY tables.

1. The total price from the ORDERS table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for a randomly selected order key.
2. The ACID Transaction was performed using the order key from step 1.
3. The ACID Transaction committed.
4. The total price from the ORDERS table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for the same order key. It was verified that the appropriate rows had been changed.

Aborted Transaction

Perform the ACID Transaction for a randomly selected set of input data, substituting a ROLLBACK of the transaction for the COMMIT of the transaction. Verify that the appropriate rows have not been changed in the ORDERS, LINEITEM, and HISTORY tables.

1. The total price from the ORDERS table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for a randomly selected order key.
2. The ACID Transaction was performed using the order key from step 1. The transaction was stopped prior to the commit.
3. The ACID Transaction was ROLLED BACK.
4. The total price from the ORDERS table and the extended price from the LINEITEM table were retrieved for the same order key. It was verified that the appropriate rows had not been changed.

4.3 Consistency

Consistency is the property of the application that requires any execution of transactions to take the database from one consistent state to another.

Consistency Test

Verify that ORDERS and LINEITEM tables are initially consistent, submit the prescribed number of ACID Transactions with randomly selected input parameters, and re-verify the consistency of the ORDERS and LINEITEM.

1. The consistency of the ORDERS and LINEITEM tables was verified based on a sample of order keys.
2. 100 ACID Transactions were submitted from each of 7 execution streams.
3. The consistency of the ORDERS and LINEITEM tables was re-verified.

4.4 Isolation

Operations of concurrent transactions must yield results, which are indistinguishable from the results, which would be obtained by forcing each transaction to be serially executed to completion in some order.

Read-Write Conflict with Commit

Demonstrate isolation for the read-write conflict of a read-write transaction and a read-only transaction when the read-write transaction is committed.

1. An ACID Transaction was started for a randomly selected O_KEY, L_KEY, and DELTA. The ACID Transaction was suspended prior to COMMIT.
2. An ACID Query was started for the same O_KEY used in step 1. The ACID Query blocked and did not see any uncommitted changes made by the ACID Transaction.
3. The ACID Transaction was resumed, and COMMITTED.
4. The ACID Query completed. It returned the data as committed by the ACID Transaction.

Read-Write Conflict with Rollback

Demonstrate isolation for the read-write conflict of a read-write transaction and a read-only transaction when the read-write transaction is rolled back.

1. An ACID Transaction was started for a randomly selected O_KEY, L_KEY, and DELTA. The ACID Transaction was suspended prior to ROLLBACK.
2. An ACID Query was started for the same O_KEY used in step 1. The ACID Query did not see the uncommitted changes made by the ACID Transaction.
3. The ACID Transaction was ROLLED BACK.
4. The ACID Query completed.

Write-Write Conflict with Commit

Demonstrate isolation for the write-write conflict of two update transactions when the first transaction is committed.

1. An ACID Transaction, T1, was started for a randomly selected O_KEY, L_KEY, and DELTA. The ACID transaction T1 was suspended prior to COMMIT.
2. Another ACID Transaction, T2, was started using the same O_KEY and L_KEY and a randomly selected DELTA.
3. T2 waited.
4. T1 was allowed to COMMIT and T2 completed.
5. It was verified that $T2.L_EXTENDEDPRICE = T1.L_EXTENDEDPRICE + (DELTA1 * (T1.L_EXTENDEDPRICE / T1.L_QUANTITY))$

Write-Write Conflict with Rollback

Demonstrate isolation for the write-write conflict of two update transactions when the first transaction is rolled back.

1. An ACID Transaction, T1, was started for a randomly selected O_KEY, L_KEY, and DELTA. The ACID transaction T1 was suspended prior to ROLLBACK.
2. Another ACID Transaction, T2, was started using the same O_KEY and L_KEY and a randomly selected DELTA.
3. T2 waited.
4. T1 was allowed to ROLLBACK and T2 completed.
5. It was verified that $T2.L_EXTENDEDPRICE = T1.L_EXTENDEDPRICE$.

Concurrent Progress of Read and Write on Different Tables

Demonstrate the ability of read and write transactions affecting different database tables to make progress concurrently.

1. An ACID Transaction, T1, was started for a randomly selected O_KEY, L_KEY, and DELTA. T1 was suspended prior to COMMIT.

2. Another ACID transaction, T2 was started using random values for PS_PARTKEY and PS_SUPPKEY, all columns of the PARTSUPP table for which PS_PARTKEY and PS_SUPPKEY are equal are returned.
3. ACID Transaction T2 completed.
4. T1 was allowed to COMMIT.
5. It was verified that the appropriate rows in the ORDER, LINEITEM, and HISTORY tables have been changed.

Read-Only Query Conflict with Update Transactions

Demonstrates that the continuous submission of arbitrary (read-only) queries against one or more tables of the database does not indefinitely delay update transactions affecting those tables from making progress.

1. A Transaction, T1, was started which executed Q21 against the qualification database, was started using a randomly selected DELTA.
2. An ACID Transaction, T2, was started for a randomly selected O_KEY, L_KEY and DELTA.
3. T2 completed and appropriate rows in the ORDERS, LINEITEM and HISTORY tables had been changed.
4. Transaction T1 completed executing Q21.

4.5 Durability

The tested system must guarantee durability: the ability to preserve the effects of committed transactions and insure database consistency after recovery from any one of the failures listed in Clause 3.5.3.

Failure of a Durable Medium

Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across a permanent irrecoverable failure of any single durable medium containing TPC-H database tables or recovery log tables.

The disks containing TPC-H tables and log files were on RAID 1/0 protected disk groups. During the durability test, one disk was removed from RAID groups containing the data and the log. The test continued uninterrupted, because of the RAID protection.

System Crash

Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across an instantaneous interruption (system crash/system hang) in processing which requires the system to reboot to recover.

The system crash and memory failure tests were combined. Power to the server was turned off during the durability test. When power was restored, the system rebooted and the database was restarted. The durability success file and the HISTORY table were compared and the counts matched.

Memory Failure

Guarantee the database and committed updates are preserved across failure of all or part of memory (loss of contents).

See the previous section.

5 Clause 4 Scaling and Database Population

5.1 Ending Cardinality of Tables

The cardinality (e.g., the number of rows) of each table of the test database, as it existed at the completion of the database load (see clause 4.2.5) must be disclosed.

Table	Cardinality
ORDER	1,500,000,000
LINEITEM	5,999,989,709
CUSTOMER	150,000,000
PART	200,000,000
SUPPLIER	10,000,000
PARTSUPP	800,000,000
NATION	25
REGION	5

5.2 Distribution of Tables and Logs Across Media

Distribution of tables and logs across media:

Each MSA1000 array (with 12 disks) was configured into 4 Raid-1/0 luns.

LUN1 for TPCH/Oracle ASM use

LUN2 for flat files

LUN3 for swap

LUN4 qual/acid database

Forty luns, one from each MSA1000 array, were allocated for Oracle ASM use and a single disk group was built across all 40 luns. All tables, indexes, temp space and other Oracle files were configured in this disk group.

OS root and the Oracle home directory were configured on two internal disks.

5.3 Database Partition/Replication Mapping

The mapping of database partitions/replications must be explicitly described.

Horizontal partitioning was used for all base and index tables except NATION and REGION. The details of this partitioning can be understood by examining the syntax of the table and index definition statements in Appendix B. Similar partitioning was used in the qualification database size.

Section 5.2 describes the distribution of tables and logs across all media..

5.4 RAID Feature

Implementation may use some form of RAID to ensure high availability. If used for data, auxiliary storage (e.g. indexes) or temporary space, the level of RAID must be disclosed for each device.

RAID1/0 was used for log, data, temp, index, and all other files.

5.5 DBGEN Modification

Any modifications to the DBGEN (see clause 4.2.1) source code must be disclosed. In the event that a program other than DBGEN was used to populate the database, it must be disclosed in its entirety.

The supplied DBGEN version 2.3.0 was not modified to generate the database population for this benchmark.

5.6 Database Load Time

The database load time for the test database (see clause 4.3) must be disclosed.

The database load time was 04:27:42.

5.7 Data Storage Ratio

The data storage ratio must be disclosed. It is computed as the ratio between the total amount of priced disk space, and the chosen test database size as defined in Clause 4.1.3.

The data storage ratio is computed from the following information:

Type	Quantity	Disk Size	Total
Internal	3	36	108
40 HP StorageWorks MSA1000	480	36	17,280.0
TOTAL			17,388.0
Scale Factor			1,000
Storage Ratio			17.39

5.8 Database Load Mechanism Details and Illustration

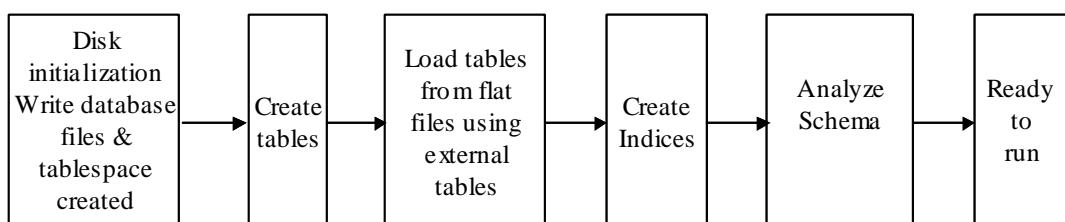
The details of the database load must be described, including a block diagram illustrating the overall process.

The database was loaded using data generation stored on the flat files all on the tested and priced configuration

5.9 Qualification Database Configuration

Any differences between the configuration of the qualification database and the test database must be disclosed.

The qualification database used identical scripts to create and load the data with changes to adjust for the database scale factor.



6 Clause 5 Performance Metrics and Execution-Rules

6.1 System Activity Between Load and Performance Tests

Any system activity on the SUT that takes place between the conclusion of the load test and the beginning of the performance test must be fully disclosed.

A script was run to display the hardware configurations of the SUT.

Auditor requested queries were run against the database to verify the correctness of the database load.

The database was restarted.

All scripts and queries used are included in Appendix E.

6.2 Steps in the Power Test

The details of the steps followed to implement the power test (e.g., system boot, database restart, etc.) must be disclosed.

The following steps were used to implement the power test:

1. Database started
2. RF1 Refresh Transaction
3. Stream 00 Execution
4. RF2 Refresh Transaction

6.3 Timing Intervals for Each Query and Refresh Functions

The timing intervals for each query for both refresh functions must be reported for the power test.

The timing intervals for each query and both update functions are given in the Numerical Quantities Summary earlier in this document.

6.4 Number of Streams for the Throughput Test

The number of execution streams used for the throughput test must be disclosed.

7 streams were used for the throughput test.

6.5 Start and End Date/Time of Each Query Stream

The start time and finish time for each query stream must be reported for the throughput test.

The throughput test start time and finish time for each stream are given in the Numerical Quantities Summary earlier in this document.

6.6 Total Elapsed Time of the Measurement Interval

The total elapsed time of the measurement interval must be reported for the throughput test.

The total elapsed time of the throughput test is given in the Numerical Quantities Summary earlier in this document.

6.7 Refresh Function Start Date/Time and Finish Date/Time

Start and finish time for each update function in the update stream must be reported for the throughput test.

Number	Date	RF1		RF2	
		Start	End	Start	End
1	7/30/2006	21:29:38	21:30:03	21:30:03	21:30:48
2	7/30/2006	21:30:48	21:31:13	21:31:13	21:31:58
3	7/20/2006	21:31:59	21:32:24	21:32:24	21:33:10
4	7/30/2006	21:33:10	21:33:36	21:33:36	21:34:21
5	7/30/2006	21:34:21	21:34:47	21:34:47	21:36:04
6	7/20/2006	21:36:04	21:36:30	21:36:30	21:37:16
7	7/30/2006	21:37:16	21:37:42	21:37:42	21:38:27

6.8 Timing Intervals for Each Query and Each Refresh Function for Each Stream

The timing intervals for each query of each stream and for each refresh function must be reported for the throughput test.

The timing intervals for each query and each update function are given in the Numerical Quantities Summary earlier in this document.

6.9 Performance Metrics

The computed performance metric, related numerical quantities and price performance metric must be reported.

The performance metrics, and the numbers, on which they are based, is given in the Numerical Quantities Summary earlier in this document.

6.10 The Performance Metric and Numerical Quantities from Both Runs

The performance metric and numerical quantities from both runs must be disclosed.

Performance results from the first two executions of the TPC-H benchmark indicated the following percent difference for the metric points:

	QppH@1000GB	QthH@1000GB	QphH@1000GB
Reported Run	37,931.2	19,424.0	27,143.6
Reproducibility Run	38,905.1	19,594.3	27,610.1
% Difference	2.6%	0.9%	1.7%

6.11 System Activity Between Performance Tests

Any activity on the SUT that takes place between the conclusion of the Reported Run and the beginning of Reproducibility Run must be disclosed.

The database was restarted between the two runs.

7 Clause 6 SUT and Driver Implementation Related Items

7.1 Driver

A detailed description of how the driver performs its functions must be supplied, including any related source code or scripts. This description should allow an independent reconstruction of the driver.

All stream executions are performed by a single script. QGEN is used to produce query text.

For each power-test run:

- The SQL for RF1 is submitted to the database
- Then the queries as generated by QGEN are submitted in the order defined by Clause 5.3.5.4
- The SQL for RF2 is submitted to the database.

7.2 Implementation-Specific Layer (ISL)

If an implementation specific layer is used, then a detailed description of how it performs its functions must be provided. All related source code, scripts and configuration files must be disclosed. The information provided should be sufficient for an independent reconstruction of the implementation specific layer.

The source code for the "qexec" utility can be found in Appendix E.

7.3 Profile-Directed Optimization

If profile-directed optimization as described in Clause 5.2. is used, such use must be disclosed..

Profile-directed optimization subject to the requirements of 5.2.9 and 5.2.10 was not used.

8 Clause 7 Pricing

8.1 Hardware and Software Used in the Priced System

A detailed list of hardware and software used in the priced system must be reported. Each item must have vendor part number, description, and release/revision level, and either general availability status or committed delivery date. If package pricing is used, contents of the package must be disclosed. Pricing source(s) and effective date(s) of price(s) must also be reported.

A detailed list of hardware and software used in the priced system is included in the pricing sheet in the executive summary. All prices are currently effective.

8.2 Total Three Year Price

The total 3-year price of the entire configuration must be reported including: hardware, software, and maintenance charges. Separate component pricing is recommended. The basis of all discounts used must be disclosed.

A detailed pricing sheet of all the hardware and software used in this configuration and the 3-year maintenance costs, demonstrating the computation of the total 3-year price of the configuration, is included in the executive summary at the beginning of this document.

8.3 Availability Date

The committed delivery date for general availability of products used in the priced calculations must be reported. When the priced system includes products with different availability dates, the reported availability date for the priced system must be the date at which all components are committed to be available.

Oracle is available now

Description	Part Number	Orderability Date	Availability Date
HP Integrity rx8640 SMP Base System with 8 1.6GHz/18MB Dual-core Processor Module	AB444A#002**	August 1, 2006	January 1, 2007
3 Year Svc & Support Price (Hardware and Software)	HA110A3-6KT**	August 1, 2006	January 1, 2007
HP-UX 11i v2 Foundation Operating Environment	B9429AC	December 1, 2006	January 1, 2007

For HP pricing verification, please contact HP Unix Sales Development at 408-447-2320

9 Clause 8 Auditor's Information and Attestation Letter

9.1 Auditor's Report

The auditor's agency name, address, phone number, and Attestation letter with a brief audit summary report indicating compliance must be included in the full disclosure report. A statement should be included specifying who to contact in order to obtain further information regarding the audit process.

This implementation of the TPC Benchmark H was audited by Francois Raab for InfoSizing. Further information regarding the audit process may be obtained from:

Francois Raab
InfoSizing
1373 N. Franklin Street
Colorado Springs, CO 80903
(719) 473-7555
(719) 473-7554

The auditor's attestation letter is included at the front of this report

Appendix A Parameter Settings

1TB-init.ora

```
aq_tm_processes      = 0
audit_trail          = FALSE
compatible           = 10.1.0.2
control_files         =
(/dbms/10gR2/ctrl/rctrl11,/dbms/10gR2/ctrl/rctrl2)
cpu_count             = 32
db_block_checksum     = false
db_block_size          = 16384
db_cache_size          = 10g
db_file_multiblock_read_count = 128
db_files               = 600
db_name                = 1000gb
db_writer_processes    = 4
dml_locks              = 40000
global_names            = FALSE
hpux_sched_noage        = 180
instance_name           = tpch
log_buffer              = 33554432
log_checkpoint_interval = 2147483647
log_checkpoints_to_alert = true
max_dump_file_size      = unlimited
nls_date_format         = YYYY-MM-DD
open_cursors             = 1024
optimizer_features_enable = 10.2.0.1.1
optimizer_index_cost_adj=200
optimizer_mode            = CHOOSE
parallel_execution_message_size = 65535
parallel_max_servers     = 640
parallel_min_servers     = 640
pga_aggregate_target     = 50g
processes                = 1024
recovery_parallelism      = 32
replication_dependency_tracking = false
shared_pool_size          = 15g
statistics_level           = basic
undo_management            = auto
undo_retention             = 2000000
```

initASM.ora

```
ASM.instance_number=1
ASM_DISKSTRING='/dev/rdsk/*t0d0'
asm_diskgroups=DG3
background_dump_dest='/oracle/rdbms/log'
core_dump_dest='/oracle/rdbms/log'
db_cache_size=500m
instance_number=1
instance_type=asm
lock_sga=TRUE
processes=500
shared_pool_size=500m
user_dump_dest='/oracle/rdbms/log'
```

system

```
*
* Module entries
*
module msrset loaded 0.1.0
module root best [44772574]
```

```
module cell best [44772574]
module sba best [443FE98D]
module lba best [443FE9A0]
module tgt best [443FE990]
module sdisk best [443FE990]
module sctl best [443FE990]
module asio0 best [443FE9C4]
module azusa_psm best [44772574]
module pty0 best [443FE953]
module pty1 best [443FE953]
module LCentIf best [443FE9C4]
module acpi_node best [443FE9A4]
module sac best [443FE9C4]
module wxb_hp best [443FE9C4]
module ia64_psm best [44772574]
module lion_psm best [44772574]
module pdh best [44772574]
module c8xx best [443FE990]
module diag2 best [443FE990]
module dmem best [443FE9A4]
module dev_config best [443FE98D]
module cdfs best 0.1.0
module rng loaded 0.1.0
module inet best [443FE9B7]
module uipc best [443FE9B3]
module tun best [4133B744]
module telm best [412E8D79]
module tels best [412E8D79]
module netdiag1 best [443FE9A9]
module btlan best [412E8A46]
module int100 best [412E8A84]
module dlpi best [412E9113]
module token_arp best [412E9113]
module nms best [443FE9B7]
module hpstreams best [41C37402]
module clone best [41C37402]
module strlog best [41C37402]
module sad best [41C37402]
module echo best [41C37402]
module sc best [41C37402]
module timod best [41C37402]
module tirdwr best [41C37402]
module pipedev best [41C37402]
module pipemod best [41C37402]
module ffs best [41C37402]
module ldterm best [443FE96E]
module pitem best [443FE96E]
module pts best [443FE96E]
module ptm best [443FE96E]
module pkct best [443FE96E]
module nfs_core best [41F61CCE]
module nfs_server best [412E8CC4]
module nfs_client best [41F61CCE]
module nfsm best [412E8CC4]
module rpcmod best [41F5F18C]
module autofsc best [42E01411]
module cachefsc best [42279EC7]
module cifs best [426980D7]
module td best [435D5614]
module fcd best [435516DF]
module fcd_fcp best [435516DF]
module fcd_vbus best [435516DF]
module fddi4 best [41237311]
module gelan best [435D560A]
module iether best [43FC182D]
module igelan best [43FC1850]
module vxfs best [443FE999]
module vxportal best [443FE999]
module lvm best [443FE997]
module lv best [443FE997]
module ipmi best [443FE99B]
```

```

module ipmi_psm best [443FE99B]
module mip6mod best [42A90340]
module asyndsk best [443FE9C4]
module ciss best [43FC1873]
module sasd best [43FC1138]
module sasd_vbus best [43FC1138]
module vxvnic best [42931793]
module vxdmp best [4292E92B]
module vol best [42931793]
module vols best [42931793]
module dmpaa best 0.1.0
module dmpaaa best 0.1.0
module dmpap best 0.1.0
module dmpapg best 0.1.0
module dmpapf best 0.1.0
module dmpjbod best 0.1.0
module dmphpalua best 0.1.0
module dmphdsalua best 0.1.0
module mpi best [43FC1893]
module pfil auto 0.1.0
module ipf loaded 0.1.0
*
* Swap entries
*
* Dump entries
*
dump lvol
*
* Driver binding entries
*
*
* Tunables entries
*
tunable ncsizes 34816
tunable max_async_ports 1024
tunable swchunk 65536
tunable dbc_max_pct 3
tunable dbc_min_pct 3
tunable vps_ceiling 64
tunable STRMSGSZ 65535
tunable shmseg 512
tunable shmmni 2048
tunable semume 512
tunable semmmu 4092
tunable semmns 8192
tunable semmni 4096
tunable nswapdev 25
tunable npty 200
tunable ninode 120000
tunable msgtql 5120
tunable msgsz 128
tunable msgseg 32767
tunable msgmnb 65536
tunable msgmax 32768
tunable msgmap 5122
tunable maxvgs 200
tunable maxuprc 3687
tunable maxtsiz 1073741824
tunable maxssiz 0x10000000
tunable max_thread_proc 2048
tunable hfs_revra_per_disk 256
tunable hfs_ra_per_disk 256
tunable hfs_max_revra_blocks 20
tunable hfs_max_ra_blocks 20
tunable create_fastlinks 1
tunable nstrpt 200
tunable cmc_plat_poll 15
tunable maxssiz_64bit 1073741824
tunable user:maxswapchunks 16384
tunable user:semmap 4098

```

```

tunable msgmni 4096
tunable vxfs_ifree_timelag 3600000
tunable unlockable_mem 1
tunable timezone 480
tunable swapmem_on 0
tunable semvmx 32768
tunable nproc 4096
tunable nfile 2000000
tunable maxtsiz_64bit 4294967296
tunable maxfiles_lim 4096
tunable maxfiles 4096
tunable maxdsiz_64bit 0x80000000
tunable maxdsiz 0x40000000
tunable eqmemsize 512
tunable bufpages 1000000
tunable pagezero_daemon_enabled 0
tunable shmmax 0xc80000000

```

env

```

#####
##### MACHINE PARAMETERS #####
#export RAC_NODES="titan1 titan2"
#####
##### PATHS #####
export KIT_DIR=/dbms/10gR2/kit
export SCHEMA_DIR=$KIT_DIR/schema
export PERL=/opt/perl/bin/perl
export UTILS=$KIT_DIR/utils
export TEST_DB=/tmp
export QUAL_DB=$TEST_DB
export DBGEN=$KIT_DIR/dbgen
export ACID_DIR=$KIT_DIR/acid
export QEXEC=$KIT_DIR/utils
export QUERIES=$KIT_DIR/queries
export ANSWERS=$KIT_DIR/answers
export ANS2VAL=/dbms/10gR2/kit/acid/answers2validate
export ACID_OUT=$KIT_DIR/out
export DSS_CONFIG=$DBGEN
export DSS_QUERY=$KIT_DIR/queries
export DSS_PATH=$ADE_VIEW_ROOT
export MAINT=$KIT_DIR/maintenance
export CC=/opt/ansic/bin/cc
export FRAME=$KIT_DIR/frame
export FRAME_DIR=/dbms/10gR2/frame
export SCALE_FACTOR=1000
export UPDATE_1_DOP=32
export UPDATE_2_DOP=64
#####
##### FRAME STUFF #####
export FRAME_PATH=$KIT_DIR/frame

export ORACORE3INCL=$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/demo
export ORACORE3PUBL=$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/public
export RDBMSPUBL=$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/public
export NETWORKPUBL=$ORACLE_HOME/network/public
export RDBMSDEMO=$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/demo
export PLSQLDEMO=$ORACLE_HOME/plsql/demo
export PLSQLPUBL=$ORACLE_HOME/plsql/public
export O=$ORACLE_HOME
export
PATH=./:$BUMPX_DIR:$UTILS:$DBGEN:$MAINT:$ACI
D_DIR:$FRAME/bin:$FRAME/bin:$REGR_TEST:$PATH
#
#####
##### ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES #####
export WORKLOAD=TPCH
export HOST=
#export OPTLEVEL=X02
export GETOPT=-DSTDLIB_HAS_GETOPT
export PLATFORM=

```

```

#export INITORA=$KIT_DIR/schema/test_db/testdb.ora
#export INITORA=$KIT_DIR/schema/test_db/sf100.ora

#####
##### ALIASES #####
#####

#####
##### RULES - do not change these #####
case "SSCALE_FACTOR" in
  1) export NUM_STREAMS=2;;
  10) export NUM_STREAMS=3;;
  100) export NUM_STREAMS=5;;
  300) export NUM_STREAMS=6;;
  1000) export NUM_STREAMS=7;;
  3000) export NUM_STREAMS=8;;
  10000) export NUM_STREAMS=9;;
esac
DATABASE_USER=tpch/tpch

profile
ssty erase '^H' kill '^x' intr '^C' eof '^D' susp '^z'
export EDITOR=/usr/bin/vi
export ORACLE_HOME=/oracle

#export ORACLE_SID=ASM
#echo 'ORACLE_SID is ASM'

export ORACLE_SID=tpch
echo 'ORACLE_SID is tpch'

#export ORACLE_SID=qual
#echo 'ORACLE_SID is qual'

#export ORACLE_SID=1gtpch1
#echo 'ORACLE_SID is 1gtpch1'

export KIT_DIR=dbms/10gR2/kit

export
SHLIB_PATH=$ORACLE_HOME/lib:$ORACLE_HOME/lib32:$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/lib:$ORACLE_HOME/network/lib
export
LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$ORACLE_HOME/lib:$ORACLE_HOME/lib64:$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/lib:$ORACLE_HOME/network/lib64
export SAVEHIST=2049
export FRAME_PATH=dbms/10gR2/frame

```

```

export O=$ORACLE_HOME
export ORACLE_PATH=/dbms/10gR2/frame/tools
export PS1="`whoami`-(`hostname`)> "
export skgxp_trace_path=/tmp/srq.tpch1
export ASYNC_BUF_CONF=256
echo "export ASYNC_BUF_CONF=$ASYNC_BUF_CONF"

export
PATH=./$ORACLE_HOME/bin:/usr/local/bin:$ORACLE_HOME:$ORACLE_HOME/lib:/tools/tpch/run_power/tpch/dbms/10gR2/frame/bin:/dbms/10gR2/frame:/dbms/10gR2/tools/bin:/tools/Tusc/dbms/tpcd_v8/bumpx/bumpx:/dbms/tpcd_v8/bumpx/dbgen:/dbms/tpcd_v8/out/scripts:/opt/ansic/bin:/opt/langtools/bin:/sbin:/usr/sbin:/bin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/contrib/bin:/etc:/usr/include:/dbms/10gR2/kit:/dbms/10gR2/kit/bumpx:/dbms/10gR2/local/TestIO:/usr/ccs/bin:/opt/caliper/bin:/opt/rdma/bin:~/bin:/dbms/10gR2/frame/bin

alias j="cd /dbms/10gR2/jobs"
alias cd_load="cd /dbms/10gR2/kit/audit/"
alias ltt="ls -ltr |tail -30"
alias cd_frame="cd /dbms/10gR2/frame"
alias cd_stats="cd /dbms/10gR2/frame/stats"
alias cd_q="cd /dbms/10gR2/frame/queries/queries_tpch"
alias cd_u="cd /dbms/10gR2/frame/queries/queries_tpch/updates"
alias cd_kit="cd /dbms/10gR2/kit"
alias cd_audit="cd /dbms/10gR2/kit/audit"
alias cd_acid="cd /dbms/10gR2/kit/acid"
alias ltm="ls -lt |more"
alias cdtools="cd /dbms/10gR2/tools/bin"
alias cdq="cd /tpch/run_power"
alias pso="ps -ef | grep ora | grep -v sleep"
alias pso_hc="ps -fu oracle | sort -n -k2"
alias setterm="TERM=dterm;export TERM"
alias taillog="tail -f /oracle/rdbms/log/alert_$ORACLE_SID.log"
alias cdlog="cd $ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log"
alias oldstats="cd /dbms/10gR2/frame/stats_saved"
umask 002
iosum(){
if [ "$1" -eq "" ]; then
  echo usage: iosum iterations
else
  sar -d 5 $1 | ${FRAME_PATH}/bin/io.pl
fi
}

```

Appendix B Build Programs and Scripts

B.1 dbcre.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh
```

```
export ORACLE_SID=tpch
echo START CREATE DB at `date`
sqlplus /NOLOG <<!
connect / as sysdba
set timing on
set echo on
shutdown abort;

startup pfile=/oracle/dbs/1TB_init.ora nomount;
create database
  controlfile reuse
  logfile '+DG3' size 10000m reuse,
    '+DG3' size 10000m reuse
  datafile '+DG3' size 5000m reuse
  sysaux datafile '+DG3' size 5000m reuse
  undo tablespace ts_undo
    datafile '+DG3' size 32000m reuse
maxdatafiles 1000
maxinstances 2
;

set termout off
set echo off
spool /tmp/cat
@?/rdbms/admin/catalog.sql;
@?/rdbms/admin/catparr.sql;
@?/rdbms/admin/catproc.sql;
connect system/manager
@?/sqlplus/admin/pupbld.sql;
@?/rdbms/admin/utlxplan.sql;
spool off
!
echo END CREATE DB at `date`
```

B.2 sctso.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh
```

```
/dbms/10gR2/frame/bin/tshut abort
/dbms/10gR2/frame/bin/tshut.asm
/dbms/10gR2/frame/bin/tstart.asm
/dbms/10gR2/frame/bin/tstart

export ORACLE_SID=tpch
echo CREATE TABLESPACES at `date`
```

```
(( i = 1 ))
while (( i <= 4 ))
do
```

```
sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

alter tablespace ts_undo1
add datafile '+DG3' size 20g reuse;
;
!
(( i = $i + 1 ))
done
wait

sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

--drop tablespace ts_default including contents;
create tablespace ts_default
datafile '+DG3' size 8g reuse
extent management local
autoallocate
;
!

sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

--drop tablespace ts_temp including contents;
create temporary tablespace ts_temp
tempfile '+DG3' size 32256M reuse
extent management local
uniform size 5M
;
!

wait

(( i = 1 ))
while (( i <= 30 ))
do
  sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
  set timing on
  set echo on
  alter tablespace ts_temp
    add tempfile '+DG3' size 32256M reuse;
  !
  (( i = $i + 1 ))
done
wait

(( i = 1 ))
while (( i <= 84 ))
do
  sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
  set timing on
  set echo on

  --drop tablespace ts_1${i} including contents;
  create tablespace ts_1${i}
  datafile '+DG3' size 18G reuse
  extent management dictionary
  default storage (initial 35m next 35m maxextents unlimited pctincrease
  0)
```

```

nologging
;
!
(( i = $i + 1 ))
done

wait
(( i=1 ))

while (( i <= 84 ))
do
sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

--drop tablespace ts_o${i} including contents;
create tablespace ts_o${i}
datafile '+DG3' size 4000M reuse
extent management dictionary
default storage (initial 12m next 12m maxextents unlimited pctincrease
0)
nologging
;
!

(( i = $i + 1 ))
done

wait

sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

--drop tablespace ts_c including contents;
create tablespace ts_c
datafile '+DG3' size 25000M reuse
extent management dictionary
default storage (initial 15m next 15m maxextents unlimited pctincrease
0)
nologging
;
!

sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

--drop tablespace ts_p including contents;
create tablespace ts_p
datafile '+DG3' size 28500M reuse
extent management dictionary
default storage (initial 20m next 20m maxextents unlimited pctincrease
0)
nologging
;
!

sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

--drop tablespace ts_s including contents;
create tablespace ts_s
datafile '+DG3' size 1800M reuse
extent management dictionary
default storage (initial 2m next 2m maxextents unlimited pctincrease 0)
nologging
;

;
!;

sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

--drop tablespace ts_psupp including contents;
create tablespace ts_psupp
datafile '+DG3' size 27800M reuse
extent management dictionary
default storage (initial 80m next 80m maxextents unlimited pctincrease
0)
nologging
;
!
wait

(( i = 1 ))

while (( i <= 4 ))
do
sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

alter tablespace ts_psupp
add datafile '+DG3' size 28500M reuse;
!

(( i = $i + 1 ))
done
wait

sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

--drop tablespace ts_okey including contents;
create tablespace ts_okey
datafile '+DG3' size 17000M reuse
extent management local
autoallocate nologging
;
!

sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

--drop tablespace ts_custkey including contents;
create tablespace ts_custkey
datafile '+DG3' size 3200M reuse
extent management local
autoallocate nologging
;
!

sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

--drop tablespace ts_lokey including contents;
create tablespace ts_lokey
datafile '+DG3' size 28000M reuse
extent management local
autoallocate nologging
;
!
```

```

wait

(( i = 1 ))

while (( i <= 5 ))
do
sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

alter tablespace ts_lokey
add datafile '+DG3' size 28000M reuse;
!

(( i = $i + 1 ))
done

(( i = 1 ))

while (( i <= 1 ))
do
sqlplus / as sysdba <<! &
set timing on
set echo on

alter tablespace ts_okey
add datafile '+DG3' size 17000M reuse;
!

(( i = $i + 1 ))
done

wait

echo END CREATE TABLESPACES at `date`


B.3 dapop.sh
#!/bin/ksh

export ORACLE_SID=tpch

echo START TABLE CREATION at `date`

sqlplus /NOLOG <<!
connect / as sysdba
set timing on
set echo on
set termout on

drop user tpch cascade;
grant DBA
to tpch identified by tpch;

alter user tpch default tablespace ts_default;
alter user tpch temporary tablespace ts_temp;

connect tpch/tpch;
drop directory data_dir1;
drop directory data_dir2;
drop directory data_dir3;
drop directory data_dir4;

create directory data_dir1 as '/flat1/';
create directory data_dir2 as '/flat2/';
create directory data_dir3 as '/flat3/';
create directory data_dir4 as '/flat4/';

drop table l_et;
create table l_et(
    l_orderkey      number ,
    l_partkey       number ,
    l_suppkey       number ,
    l_linenumber    number ,
    l_quantity      number ,
    l_extendedprice number ,
    l_discount      number ,
    l_tax           number ,
    l_returnflag    char(1) ,
    l_linestatus    char(1) ,
    l_shipdate      date ,
    l_commitdate    date ,
    l_receiptdate   date ,
    l_shipinstruct  char(25) ,
    l_shipmode      char(10) ,
    l_comment        varchar(44)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir1
access parameters
(
    nobadfile          records delimited by newline
    nologfile          fields terminated by '|'
)
missing field values are null
)
location (
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.1',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.2',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.3',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.4',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.5',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.6',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.7',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.8',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.9',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.10',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.11',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.12',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.13',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.14',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.15',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.16',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.17',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.18',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.19',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.20',
    data_dir1:'lineitem.tbl.21',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.22',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.23',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.24',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.25',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.26',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.27',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.28',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.29',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.30',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.31',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.32',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.33',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.34',
    data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.35',
)

```

```

data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.36',
data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.37',
data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.38',
data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.39',
data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.40',
data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.41',
data_dir2:'lineitem.tbl.42',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.43',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.44',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.45',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.46',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.47',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.48',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.49',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.50',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.51',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.52',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.53',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.54',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.55',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.56',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.57',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.58',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.59',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.60',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.61',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.62',
data_dir3:'lineitem.tbl.63',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.64',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.65',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.66',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.67',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.68',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.69',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.70',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.71',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.72',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.73',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.74',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.75',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.76',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.77',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.78',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.79',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.80',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.81',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.82',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.83',
data_dir4:'lineitem.tbl.84'
))
reject limit unlimited parallel;

drop table o_et;
create table o_et(
  o_orderkey      number ,
  o_custkey       number ,
  o_orderstatus   char(1) ,
  o_totalprice    number ,
  o_orderdate     date ,
  o_orderpriority char(15) ,
  o_clerk         char(15) ,
  o_shipppriority number ,
  o_comment        varchar(79)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir1
access parameters
(
  records delimited by newline
  nobadfile
)
nologfile
          fields terminated by ''
          missing field values are null
)
location (
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.1',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.2',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.3',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.4',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.5',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.6',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.7',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.8',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.9',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.10',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.11',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.12',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.13',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.14',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.15',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.16',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.17',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.18',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.19',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.20',
  data_dir1:'orders.tbl.21',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.22',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.23',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.24',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.25',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.26',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.27',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.28',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.29',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.30',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.31',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.32',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.33',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.34',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.35',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.36',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.37',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.38',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.39',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.40',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.41',
  data_dir2:'orders.tbl.42',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.43',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.44',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.45',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.46',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.47',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.48',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.49',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.50',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.51',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.52',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.53',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.54',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.55',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.56',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.57',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.58',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.59',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.60',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.61',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.62',
  data_dir3:'orders.tbl.63',
  data_dir4:'orders.tbl.64',
  data_dir4:'orders.tbl.65',
  data_dir4:'orders.tbl.66',
)

```

```

data_dir4:'orders.tbl.67',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.68',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.69',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.70',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.71',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.72',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.73',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.74',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.75',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.76',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.77',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.78',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.79',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.80',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.81',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.82',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.83',
data_dir4:'orders.tbl.84'
))
reject limit unlimited parallel;

drop table ps_et;
create table ps_et(
    ps_partkey      number ,
    ps_suppkey      number ,
    ps_availqty     number ,
    ps_supplycost   number ,
    ps_comment       varchar(199)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir1
access parameters
(
    records delimited by newline
    nobadfile
    nologfile
        fields terminated by '|'
        missing field values are null
    )
    location (
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.1',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.2',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.3',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.4',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.5',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.6',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.7',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.8',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.9',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.10',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.11',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.12',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.13',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.14',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.15',
        data_dir1:'partsupp.tbl.16',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.17',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.18',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.19',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.20',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.21',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.22',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.23',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.24',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.25',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.26',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.27',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.28',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.29',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.30',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.31',
        data_dir2:'partsupp.tbl.32',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.33',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.34',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.35',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.36',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.37',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.38',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.39',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.40',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.41',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.42',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.43',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.44',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.45',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.46',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.47',
        data_dir3:'partsupp.tbl.48',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.49',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.50',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.51',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.52',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.53',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.54',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.55',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.56',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.57',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.58',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.59',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.60',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.61',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.62',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.63',
        data_dir4:'partsupp.tbl.64'
))
reject limit unlimited parallel;

drop table p_et;
create table p_et(
    p_partkey      number ,
    p_name         varchar(55) ,
    p_mfgr          char(25) ,
    p_brand         char(10) ,
    p_type          varchar(25) ,
    p_size          number ,
    p_container     char(10) ,
    p_retailprice   number ,
    p_comment        varchar(23)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir1
access parameters
(
    records delimited by newline
    nobadfile
    nologfile
        fields terminated by '|'
        missing field values are null
    )
    location (
        data_dir1:'parttbl.1',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.2',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.3',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.4',
        data_dir2:'parttbl.5',
        data_dir2:'parttbl.6',
        data_dir2:'parttbl.7',
        data_dir2:'parttbl.8',
        data_dir3:'parttbl.9',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.10',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.11',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.12',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.13',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.14',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.15',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.16',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.17',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.18',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.19',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.20',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.21',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.22',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.23',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.24',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.25',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.26',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.27',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.28',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.29',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.30',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.31',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.32',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.33',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.34',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.35',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.36',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.37',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.38',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.39',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.40',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.41',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.42',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.43',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.44',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.45',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.46',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.47',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.48',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.49',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.50',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.51',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.52',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.53',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.54',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.55',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.56',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.57',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.58',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.59',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.60',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.61',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.62',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.63',
        data_dir1:'parttbl.64'
))
reject limit unlimited parallel;

```

```

data_dir3:'part.tbl.10',
data_dir3:'part.tbl.11',
data_dir3:'part.tbl.12',
data_dir4:'part.tbl.13',
data_dir4:'part.tbl.14',
data_dir4:'part.tbl.15',
data_dir4:'part.tbl.16'
))
reject limit unlimited parallel;

drop table c_et;
create table c_et(
  c_custkey      number ,
  c_name         varchar(25) ,
  c_address      varchar(40) ,
  c_nationkey    number ,
  c_phone        char(15) ,
  c_acctbal     number ,
  c_mktsegment   char(10) ,
  c_comment      varchar(117)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir1
access parameters
(
  records delimited by newline
  nobadfile
  nologfile
  fields terminated by '|'
  missing field values are null
)
location (
  data_dir1:'customer.tbl.1',
  data_dir1:'customer.tbl.2',
  data_dir1:'customer.tbl.3',
  data_dir1:'customer.tbl.4',
  data_dir2:'customer.tbl.5',
  data_dir2:'customer.tbl.6',
  data_dir2:'customer.tbl.7',
  data_dir2:'customer.tbl.8',
  data_dir3:'customer.tbl.9',
  data_dir3:'customer.tbl.10',
  data_dir3:'customer.tbl.11',
  data_dir3:'customer.tbl.12',
  data_dir4:'customer.tbl.13',
  data_dir4:'customer.tbl.14',
  data_dir4:'customer.tbl.15',
  data_dir4:'customer.tbl.16'
))
reject limit unlimited parallel;

drop table s_et;
create table s_et(
  s_suppkey      number ,
  s_name         char(25) ,
  s_address      varchar(40) ,
  s_nationkey    number ,
  s_phone        char(15) ,
  s_acctbal     number ,
  s_comment      varchar(101)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir1
access parameters
(
  records delimited by newline
  nobadfile
  nologfile
  fields terminated by '|'
)
missing field values are null
)
location (
  data_dir1:'supplier.tbl'
))
reject limit unlimited parallel;

drop table n_et;
create table n_et(
  n_nationkey    number ,
  n_name         char(25) ,
  n_regionkey    number ,
  n_comment      varchar(152)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir1
access parameters
(
  records delimited by newline
  nobadfile
  nologfile
  fields terminated by '|'
  missing field values are null
)
location (
  data_dir1:'nation.tbl'))
reject limit unlimited;

drop table r_et;
create table r_et(
  r_regionkey    number ,
  r_name         char(25) ,
  r_comment      varchar(152)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir1
access parameters
(
  records delimited by newline
  nobadfile
  nologfile
  fields terminated by '|'
  missing field values are null
)
location (
  data_dir1:'region.tbl'))
reject limit unlimited;

drop table lineitem;
create table lineitem(
  l_shipdate      ,
  l_orderkey     NOT NULL,
  l_discount      NOT NULL,
  l_extendedprice NOT NULL,
  l_suppkey       NOT NULL,
  l_quantity      NOT NULL,
  l_returnflag    ,
  l_partkey       NOT NULL,
  l_linenumber    ,
  l_shipinstruct  ,
  l_comment       ,
  l_tax           NOT NULL,
  l_commitdate    ,
  l_receiptdate   ,
  l_shipmode      ,
  l_linenumber    NOT NULL,
  l_shipinstruct  ,
  l_comment       ,
  l_pctfree 1
)
pctused 99

```

```

intrans 10
storage (freelist groups 4 freelists 84)
parallel
nologging
partition by range (l_shipdate)
subpartition by hash(l_partkey)
subpartitions 64
(
partition item1 values less than (to_date('1992-01-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_11
,
partition item2 values less than (to_date('1992-02-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_12
,
partition item3 values less than (to_date('1992-03-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_13
,
partition item4 values less than (to_date('1992-04-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_14
,
partition item5 values less than (to_date('1992-05-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_15
,
partition item6 values less than (to_date('1992-06-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_16
,
partition item7 values less than (to_date('1992-07-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_17
,
partition item8 values less than (to_date('1992-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_18
,
partition item9 values less than (to_date('1992-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_19
,
partition item10 values less than (to_date('1992-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_110
,
partition item11 values less than (to_date('1992-11-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_111
,
partition item12 values less than (to_date('1992-12-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_112
,
partition item13 values less than (to_date('1993-01-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_113
,
partition item14 values less than (to_date('1993-02-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_114
,
partition item15 values less than (to_date('1993-03-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_115
,
partition item16 values less than (to_date('1993-04-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_116
,
partition item17 values less than (to_date('1993-05-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_117
,
partition item18 values less than (to_date('1993-06-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_118
,
partition item19 values less than (to_date('1993-07-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_119
,
partition item20 values less than (to_date('1993-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_120
,
partition item21 values less than (to_date('1993-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_121
,
partition item22 values less than (to_date('1993-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_122
,
partition item23 values less than (to_date('1993-11-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_123
,
partition item24 values less than (to_date('1993-12-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_124
,
partition item25 values less than (to_date('1994-01-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_125
,
partition item26 values less than (to_date('1994-02-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_126
,
partition item27 values less than (to_date('1994-03-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_127
,
partition item28 values less than (to_date('1994-04-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_128
,
partition item29 values less than (to_date('1994-05-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_129
,
partition item30 values less than (to_date('1994-06-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_130
,
partition item31 values less than (to_date('1994-07-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_131
,
partition item32 values less than (to_date('1994-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_132
,
partition item33 values less than (to_date('1994-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_133
,
partition item34 values less than (to_date('1994-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))

```

```

tablespace ts_134
,
partition item35 values less than (to_date('1994-11-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_135
,
partition item36 values less than (to_date('1994-12-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_136
,
partition item37 values less than (to_date('1995-01-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_137
,
partition item38 values less than (to_date('1995-02-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_138
,
partition item39 values less than (to_date('1995-03-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_139
,
partition item40 values less than (to_date('1995-04-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_140
,
partition item41 values less than (to_date('1995-05-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_141
,
partition item42 values less than (to_date('1995-06-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_142
,
partition item43 values less than (to_date('1995-07-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_143
,
partition item44 values less than (to_date('1995-08-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_144
,
partition item45 values less than (to_date('1995-09-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_145
,
partition item46 values less than (to_date('1995-10-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_146
,
partition item47 values less than (to_date('1995-11-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_147
,
partition item48 values less than (to_date('1995-12-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_148
,
partition item49 values less than (to_date('1996-01-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_149
,
partition item50 values less than (to_date('1996-02-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_150
,
partition item51 values less than (to_date('1996-03-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_151
,
partition item52 values less than (to_date('1996-04-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_152
,
partition item53 values less than (to_date('1996-05-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_153
,
partition item54 values less than (to_date('1996-06-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_154
,
partition item55 values less than (to_date('1996-07-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_155
,
partition item56 values less than (to_date('1996-08-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_156
,
partition item57 values less than (to_date('1996-09-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_157
,
partition item58 values less than (to_date('1996-10-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_158
,
partition item59 values less than (to_date('1996-11-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_159
,
partition item60 values less than (to_date('1996-12-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_160
,
partition item61 values less than (to_date('1997-01-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_161
,
partition item62 values less than (to_date('1997-02-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_162
,
partition item63 values less than (to_date('1997-03-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_163
,
partition item64 values less than (to_date('1997-04-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_164
,
partition item65 values less than (to_date('1997-05-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_165
,
partition item66 values less than (to_date('1997-06-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_166
,
partition item67 values less than (to_date('1997-07-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_167
,
partition item68 values less than (to_date('1997-08-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_168
,
partition item69 values less than (to_date('1997-09-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_169

```

```

,
partition item70 values less than (to_date('1997-10-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_170  
,
```

```

partition item71 values less than (to_date('1997-11-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_171  
,
```

```

partition item72 values less than (to_date('1997-12-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_172  
,
```

```

partition item73 values less than (to_date('1998-01-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_173  
,
```

```

partition item74 values less than (to_date('1998-02-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_174  
,
```

```

partition item75 values less than (to_date('1998-03-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_175  
,
```

```

partition item76 values less than (to_date('1998-04-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_176  
,
```

```

partition item77 values less than (to_date('1998-05-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_177  
,
```

```

partition item78 values less than (to_date('1998-06-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_178  
,
```

```

partition item79 values less than (to_date('1998-07-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_179  
,
```

```

partition item80 values less than (to_date('1998-08-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_180  
,
```

```

partition item81 values less than (to_date('1998-09-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_181  
,
```

```

partition item82 values less than (to_date('1998-10-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_182  
,
```

```

partition item83 values less than (to_date('1998-11-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_183  
,
```

```

partition item84 values less than (MAXVALUE)  
tablespace ts_184 )  
as select
    l_receiptdate      ,
    l_shipmode         ,
    l_linenumber       ,
    l_shipinstruct     ,
    l_comment          ,
    from l_et order by l_orderkey;
```

```

drop table orders;
create table orders(
    o_orderdate        ,
    o_orderkey         NOT NULL,
    o_custkey          NOT NULL,
    o_orderpriority    ,
    o_shippriority     ,
    o_clerk            ,
    o_orderstatus      ,
    o_totalprice       ,
    o_comment          )
)
```

```

pctfree 1
pctused 99
initrans 10
storage (freelist groups 4 freelists 99)
parallel
nologging
partition by range (o_orderdate)
subpartition by hash(o_custkey)
subpartitions 64
(
partition ord1 values less than (to_date('1992-01-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o1  
,
```

```

partition ord2 values less than (to_date('1992-02-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o2  
,
```

```

partition ord3 values less than (to_date('1992-03-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o3  
,
```

```

partition ord4 values less than (to_date('1992-04-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o4  
,
```

```

partition ord5 values less than (to_date('1992-05-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o5  
,
```

```

partition ord6 values less than (to_date('1992-06-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o6  
,
```

```

partition ord7 values less than (to_date('1992-07-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o7  
,
```

```

partition ord8 values less than (to_date('1992-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o8  
,
```

```

partition ord9 values less than (to_date('1992-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o9  
,
```

```

partition ord10 values less than (to_date('1992-10-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_o10  
,
```

```

partition ord11 values less than (to_date('1992-11-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_o11  
,
```

```

partition ord12 values less than (to_date('1992-12-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))  
tablespace ts_o12  
,
```

```

partition ord13 values less than (to_date('1993-01-01','YYYY-MM-  
DD'))
```

```

tablespace ts_o13
,
partition ord14 values less than (to_date('1993-02-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o14
,
partition ord15 values less than (to_date('1993-03-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o15
,
partition ord16 values less than (to_date('1993-04-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o16
,
partition ord17 values less than (to_date('1993-05-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o17
,
partition ord18 values less than (to_date('1993-06-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o18
,
partition ord19 values less than (to_date('1993-07-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o19
,
partition ord20 values less than (to_date('1993-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o20
,
partition ord21 values less than (to_date('1993-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o21
,
partition ord22 values less than (to_date('1993-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o22
,
partition ord23 values less than (to_date('1993-11-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o23
,
partition ord24 values less than (to_date('1993-12-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o24
,
partition ord25 values less than (to_date('1994-01-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o25
,
partition ord26 values less than (to_date('1994-02-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o26
,
partition ord27 values less than (to_date('1994-03-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o27
,
partition ord28 values less than (to_date('1994-04-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o28
,
partition ord29 values less than (to_date('1994-05-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o29
,
partition ord30 values less than (to_date('1994-06-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o30
,
partition ord31 values less than (to_date('1994-07-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o31
,
partition ord32 values less than (to_date('1994-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o32
,
partition ord33 values less than (to_date('1994-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o33
,
partition ord34 values less than (to_date('1994-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o34
,
partition ord35 values less than (to_date('1994-11-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o35
,
partition ord36 values less than (to_date('1994-12-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o36
,
partition ord37 values less than (to_date('1995-01-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o37
,
partition ord38 values less than (to_date('1995-02-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o38
,
partition ord39 values less than (to_date('1995-03-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o39
,
partition ord40 values less than (to_date('1995-04-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o40
,
partition ord41 values less than (to_date('1995-05-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o41
,
partition ord42 values less than (to_date('1995-06-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o42
,
partition ord43 values less than (to_date('1995-07-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o43
,
partition ord44 values less than (to_date('1995-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o44
,
partition ord45 values less than (to_date('1995-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o45
,
partition ord46 values less than (to_date('1995-10-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o46
,
partition ord47 values less than (to_date('1995-11-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o47
,
partition ord48 values less than (to_date('1995-12-01','YYYY-MM-DD'))
tablespace ts_o48

```

```

,
partition ord49 values less than (to_date('1996-01-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o49
,
partition ord50 values less than (to_date('1996-02-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o50
,
partition ord51 values less than (to_date('1996-03-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o51
,
partition ord52 values less than (to_date('1996-04-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o52
,
partition ord53 values less than (to_date('1996-05-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o53
,
partition ord54 values less than (to_date('1996-06-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o54
,
partition ord55 values less than (to_date('1996-07-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o55
,
partition ord56 values less than (to_date('1996-08-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o56
,
partition ord57 values less than (to_date('1996-09-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o57
,
partition ord58 values less than (to_date('1996-10-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o58
,
partition ord59 values less than (to_date('1996-11-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o59
,
partition ord60 values less than (to_date('1996-12-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o60
,
partition ord61 values less than (to_date('1997-01-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o61
,
partition ord62 values less than (to_date('1997-02-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o62
,
partition ord63 values less than (to_date('1997-03-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o63
,
partition ord64 values less than (to_date('1997-04-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o64
,
partition ord65 values less than (to_date('1997-05-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o65
,
partition ord66 values less than (to_date('1997-06-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
```

```

tablespace ts_o66
,
partition ord67 values less than (to_date('1997-07-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o67
,
partition ord68 values less than (to_date('1997-08-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o68
,
partition ord69 values less than (to_date('1997-09-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o69
,
partition ord70 values less than (to_date('1997-10-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o70
,
partition ord71 values less than (to_date('1997-11-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o71
,
partition ord72 values less than (to_date('1997-12-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o72
,
partition ord73 values less than (to_date('1998-01-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o73
,
partition ord74 values less than (to_date('1998-02-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o74
,
partition ord75 values less than (to_date('1998-03-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o75
,
partition ord76 values less than (to_date('1998-04-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o76
,
partition ord77 values less than (to_date('1998-05-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o77
,
partition ord78 values less than (to_date('1998-06-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o78
,
partition ord79 values less than (to_date('1998-07-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o79
,
partition ord80 values less than (to_date('1998-08-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o80
,
partition ord81 values less than (to_date('1998-09-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o81
,
partition ord82 values less than (to_date('1998-10-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o82
,
partition ord83 values less than (to_date('1998-11-01','YYYY-MM-
DD'))
tablespace ts_o83
,
partition ord84 values less than (MAXVALUE)
```

```

tablespace ts_o84
)
as select
  o_orderdate      ,
  o_orderkey       ,
  o_custkey        ,
  o_orderpriority  ,
  o_shipppriority  ,
  o_clerk          ,
  o_orderstatus    ,
  o_totalprice     ,
  o_comment
from o_et order by o_orderkey;

drop table partsupp;
create table partsupp(
  ps_partkey      NOT NULL,
  ps_suppkey      NOT NULL,
  ps_supplycost   NOT NULL,
  ps_availqty     ,
  ps_comment
)
parallel
nologging
partition by hash(ps_partkey)
partitions 64
tablespace ts_psupp
as select
  ps_partkey      ,
  ps_suppkey      ,
  ps_supplycost   ,
  ps_availqty     ,
  ps_comment
from ps_et;

drop table customer;
create table customer(
  c_custkey      NOT NULL,
  c_mktsegment   ,
  c_nationkey    ,
  c_name         ,
  c_address      ,
  c_phone        ,
  c_acctbal      ,
  c_comment
)
pctfree 0
pctused 99
parallel
nologging
partition by hash (c_custkey)
partitions 64
tablespace ts_c
as select
  c_custkey      ,
  c_mktsegment   ,
  c_nationkey    ,
  c_name         ,
  c_address      ,
  c_phone        ,
  c_acctbal      ,
  c_comment
from c_et;

drop table part;
create table part(
  p_partkey      NOT NULL,
  p_type         ,
  p_size         ,
  p_brand        ,
  p_name         ,
  p_container    ,
  p_mfgr         ,
  p_retailprice  ,
  p_comment
)
pctfree 0
pctused 99
parallel
nologging
partition by hash (p_partkey)
partitions 64
tablespace ts_p
as select
  p_partkey      ,
  p_type         ,
  p_size         ,
  p_brand        ,
  p_name         ,
  p_container    ,
  p_mfgr         ,
  p_retailprice  ,
  p_comment
from p_et;

drop table supplier;
create table supplier(
  s_suppkey      NOT NULL,
  s_nationkey    ,
  s_comment      ,
  s_name         ,
  s_address      ,
  s_phone        ,
  s_acctbal
)
pctfree 0
pctused 99
parallel
nologging
partition by hash (s_suppkey)
partitions 64
tablespace ts_s
as select
  s_suppkey      ,
  s_nationkey    ,
  s_comment      ,
  s_name         ,
  s_address      ,
  s_phone        ,
  s_acctbal
from s_et;

drop table nation;
create table nation(
  n_nationkey    NOT NULL,
  n_name         ,
  n_regionkey    ,
  n_comment
)
tablespace ts_default
as select * from n_et;

drop table region;
create table region(
  r_regionkey    ,
  r_name         ,
  r_comment
)
tablespace ts_default

```

```

as select * from r_et;
nologging;

drop table l_et;
drop table o_et;
drop table ps_et;
drop table p_et;
drop table c_et;
drop table s_et;
drop table n_et;
drop table r_et;
!

echo DONE TABLE CREATION at `date`  

drop index i_ps_pkey_skey;
create index i_ps_pkey_skey
on partsupp (ps_partkey,ps_suppkey)
global partition by hash (ps_partkey)
partitions 32
pctfree 5
initrans 10
tablespace ts_lokey
storage (freelist groups 4 freelists 99)
parallel
compute statistics
nologging;
!
echo DONE INDEX at `date`  


```

B.4 ixcre.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh

export ORACLE_SID=tpch

echo START INDEX at `date`
sqlplus tpch/tpch <<!
set echo on
set timing on
set termout on

drop index i_l_orderkey;
create index i_l_orderkey
on lineitem (l_orderkey)
global partition by hash (l_orderkey)
partitions 32
pctfree 5
initrans 10
tablespace ts_lokey
storage (freelist groups 4 freelists 99)
parallel
compute statistics
nologging;
```

```

drop index i_o_orderkey;
create unique index i_o_orderkey
on orders (o_orderkey)
global partition by hash (o_orderkey)
partitions 32
pctfree 2
initrans 10
tablespace ts_okeystorage (freelist groups 4 freelists 99 )
parallel
compute statistics
nologging;
```

```

drop index i_c_custkey;
create unique index i_c_custkey
on customer (c_custkey)
pctfree 2
initrans 10
tablespace ts_custkey
storage (freelist 99)
parallel
compute statistics
```

B.5 anl.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh

echo START ANALYZE at `date`

sqlplus tpch/tpch <<!
set timing on
set echo on
set termout on

execute dbms_stats.gather_schema_stats('TPCH', estimate_percent =>
1, degree => 16, granularity => 'GLOBAL', method_opt => 'for all
columns size 1');
connect / as sysdba
execute dbms_stats.gather_system_stats;
exec dbms_scheduler.disable('GATHER_STATS_JOB');
alter system switch logfile;
!

echo END ANALYZE at `date`
```

B.6 loadasm

```

#!/bin/ksh

set -x

export ORACLE_SID=ASM
echo $ORACLE_SID

sqlplus /NOLOG <<!
set echo ON;
set timing ON;
connect / as sysdba;
shutdown abort;
startup pfile=/oracle/dbs/initASM.ora ;
alter diskgroup all mount;
drop diskgroup DG3 including contents;
create diskgroup DG3 External REDUNDANCY
DISK
'/dev/rdsk/c2t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
```

```

'/dev/rdsk/c25t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c9t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c11t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c13t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c15t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c28t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c17t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c19t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c23t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c45t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c49t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c33t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c35t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c37t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c39t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c52t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c41t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c43t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c47t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c66t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c68t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c56t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c58t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c60t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c62t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c70t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c64t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c72t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c94t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c90t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c92t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c84t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c86t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c88t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c74t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c76t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c78t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c80t0d0' SIZE 117750M,
'/dev/rdsk/c82t0d0' SIZE 117750M;
alter diskgroup DG3 rebalance power 0;
!

sqlplus /NOLOG <<!
connect / as sysdba;
shutdown normal;
!

export ORACLE_SID=ASM
echo $ORACLE_SID
sqlplus /NOLOG <<!
connect / as sysdba
startup pfile=/oracle/dbs/initASM.ora mount
!
```

Acid Scripts

a_query.sql

```
Rem
Rem $Header: a_query.sql 06-aug-99.10:51:10 mpoess Exp $
Rem
Rem a_query.sql
Rem
Rem Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
Rem
Rem NAME
Rem a_query.sql - <one-line expansion of the name>
Rem
rem DESCRIPTION
Rem Performs ACID Query for TPC-D benchmark.
Rem Asks user to input values for o_key
Rem The range of okey is 1 to 600000
Rem
=====
=====
Rem
Rem Usage: sqlplus tpcd/tpcd @a_query <o_key>
Rem
Rem
Rem MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
Rem mpoess 08/06/99 - Creation
Rem mpoess 08/06/99 - Created
Rem

set serverout on;

select
'BEFORE PARTSUPP QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as
CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

select *
from partsupp
where ps_partkey = &&1
and ps_suppkey = &&2;

select
'AFTER PARTSUPP QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as
CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

exit;
```

a_query2.sql

```
Rem
Rem $Header: aquery2.sql 07-aug-99.23:54:47 mpoess Exp $
Rem
Rem aquery2.sql
Rem
Rem Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
Rem
Rem NAME
Rem aquery2.sql - <one-line expansion of the name>
Rem
rem DESCRIPTION
Rem Performs query on PARTSUPP for TPC-D benchmark
Rem Isolation Test 5.
```

```
Rem Asks user to input values for ps_partkey and ps_suppkey
Rem The range for ps_partkey is 1 to 20000
Rem The range for ps_suppkey is 1 to 1000
Rem A valid combination is 46 and 47
Rem Usage: sqlplus tpcd/tpcd @a_query2 <ps_partkey>
<ps_suppkey>
Rem
Rem MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
Rem mpoess 08/07/99 - Creation
Rem mpoess 08/07/99 - Created
Rem
rem DESCRIPTION
rem Performs query on PARTSUPP for TPC-D benchmark
rem Isolation Test 5.
rem Asks user to input values for ps_partkey and ps_suppkey
rem The range for ps_partkey is 1 to 20000
rem The range for ps_suppkey is 1 to 1000
rem A valid combination is 46 and 47

set serverout on;

select
'BEFORE PARTSUPP QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as
CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

select *
from partsupp
where ps_partkey = &&1
and ps_suppkey = &&2;

select
'AFTER PARTSUPP QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as
CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

exit;
```

atom.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: atom.sh 08-aug-99.13:48:02 mpoess Exp $
#
# atom.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
# atom.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
# Performs atomicity tests.
# Usage: atom.sh [-n iter] [-p prog] [-u usr/pswd] -h
#
# Options: See usage below
#
# NOTES
# <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#
. $KIT_DIR/env
```

```

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
# ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT
DURA_DIR=$ACID_DIR/dura

usage() {
    echo ""
    echo "Usage: $0 [-n iter] [-p prog] [-u usr/pwd] -h"
    echo ""
    echo "-n iter : number of iterations, default is 100"
    echo "-p prog : program to run, default is atranspl.ott"
    echo "-u usr/pwd : user/password combo for database access, default
is tpcd/tpcd"
    echo "-h      : print this usage summary"
    exit 1;
}

ITER=3
SF=1
PROG=$KIT_DIR/utils/atranspl
OUT=${OUT_DIR}/atom
USER=${DATABASE_USER}

set -- ` getopt "n:p:u:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
    case "$1" in
    -n) shift; ITER=$1;;
    -p) shift; PROG=$1;;
    -u) shift; USER=$1;;
    -h) usage; exit 0;;
    --) break;;
    esac
    shift
done

echo "Starting Atomicity Test at `date`..."
echo ""
echo "Performing $ITER ACID transactions with COMMIT"
echo ""

$KIT_DIR/utils/randkey $ITER $SF u$USER | $PROG 1 1 1 0 u$USER
> ${OUT}c 2>&1

echo "ACID transactions with COMMIT ended. Output in ${OUT}c"
echo ""
echo "Performing $ITER ACID transactions with ROLLBACK"
echo ""

$KIT_DIR/utils/randkey $ITER $SF u$USER | $PROG 1 1 0 0 u$USER
> ${OUT}r 2>&1

echo "ACID transactions with ROLLBACK ended. Output in ${OUT}r"
echo ""
echo "Ending Atomicity Test at `date`..."

```

atrans.sql

```

Rem
Rem $Header: atrans.sql 07-aug-99.21:27:13 mpoess Exp $
Rem
Rem atrans.sql
Rem
Rem Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
Rem
Rem NAME
Rem atrans.sql - <one-line expansion of the name>

```

```

Rem
Rem DESCRIPTION
Rem     Creates ACID Transaction Package for TPC-D benchmark.
Rem     Asks user to input values for o_key, delta and output file.
Rem
Rem NOTES
Rem     <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
Rem
Rem MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
Rem mpoess 08/07/99 - Creation
Rem mpoess 08/07/99 - Created
Rem

set serverout on;
set termout on;
set echo on;

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE d_atrans
IS
PROCEDURE doatrans
(
    l_key          IN OUT integer,
    o_key          IN OUT integer,
    delta          IN OUT integer,
    l_pkey         IN OUT integer,
    l_skey         IN OUT integer,
    l_quan         IN OUT integer,
    l_newquan     IN OUT integer,
    l_tax          IN OUT number,
    l_disc         IN OUT number,
    l_eprice       IN OUT number,
    l_neweprice   IN OUT number,
    o_tprice       IN OUT number,
    o_newtprice   IN OUT number,
    rprice         IN OUT number,
    cost           IN OUT number
);
END;
/

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY d_atrans
IS
PROCEDURE doatrans
(
    l_key          IN OUT integer,
    o_key          IN OUT integer,
    delta          IN OUT integer,
    l_pkey         IN OUT integer,
    l_skey         IN OUT integer,
    l_quan         IN OUT integer,
    l_newquan     IN OUT integer,
    l_tax          IN OUT number,
    l_disc         IN OUT number,
    l_eprice       IN OUT number,
    l_neweprice   IN OUT number,
    o_tprice       IN OUT number,
    o_newtprice   IN OUT number,
    rprice         IN OUT number,
    cost           IN OUT number
)
IS
    ototal number;
    not_serializable EXCEPTION;
    PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT(not_serializable,-8177);
BEGIN
    -- EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'ALTER SESSION SET
    ISOLATION_LEVEL = SERIALIZABLE';
    LOOP BEGIN
        select o_totalprice

```

```

into o_tprice
from orders
where o_orderkey = o_key;

select l_quantity, l_extendedprice, l_partkey, l_suppkey, l_tax,
l_discount
  into l_quan, l_eprice, l_pkey, l_skey, l_tax, l_disc
  from lineitem
  where l_orderkey = o_key
  and l_linenumber = l_key;

ototal := o_tprice - trunc((trunc((l_eprice * (1.0-l_disc)),2) *
(1.0+l_tax)),2);
rprice := trunc((l_eprice/l_quan), 2);
cost := trunc((rprice * delta), 2);
l_neweprice := l_eprice + cost;
o_newtprice := trunc((l_neweprice * (1.0 - l_disc)), 2);
o_newtprice := ototal + trunc((o_newtprice * (1.0 + l_tax)), 2);
l_newquan := l_quan + delta;

update lineitem
  set l_extendedprice = l_neweprice,
  l_quantity = l_newquan
  where l_orderkey = o_key
  and l_linenumber = l_key;

update orders
  set o_totalprice = o_newtprice
  where o_orderkey = o_key;

insert into history (h_p_key, h_s_key, h_o_key, h_l_key, h_delta,
h_date_t)
  values (l_pkey, l_skey, o_key, l_key, delta, sysdate);

-- dbms_lock.sleep(30);
-- commit;
EXIT;

EXCEPTION
  WHEN not_serializable THEN
    ROLLBACK;
END;

END LOOP;

END doatrans;
END;
/
exit;

```

atranspl.c

```

/* Copyright (c) 2001, 2002, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. */

/*
NAME
  atranspl.c - <one-line expansion of the name>

DESCRIPTION
  TPC-HR benchmark ACID transaction driver, OCI version 8

NOTES
  <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>

MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
  mpoess 10/23/02 - mpoess_update_from_visa
  mpoess 10/17/01 - add parameter in ACIDinit
  mpoess 02/22/01 - enlarge timing array

```

```

mpoess  01/04/01 - Creation
*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include "atranspl.h"

/* Declare error handling functions */

double gettime();
void sql_error();
void usage();
void ACIDinit();
void ACIDexit();
int atoi();
void srand48();
long lrand48();

/* declarations for ORDERS */

int o_key = 0;
double o_tprice = 0.0;
double o_newtprice = 0.0;

/* declarations for LINEITEM */

int l_key = 0;
int l_pkey = 0;
int l_skey = 0;

int l_quan = 0;
int l_newquan = 0;
double l_eprice = 0.0;
double l_neweprice = 0.0;
double l_disc = 0.0;
double l_tax = 0.0;

sb2 l_npricei;

/* other declarations */

int delta = 0;
double rprice;
double cost;

int proc_no = 1;      /* process number, global          */
int num_streams = 1;  /* number of transaction streams   */
int trig = 0;         /* Trigger Time                   */
int slp = 0;          /* Sleep Time                     */

int logfile;           /* fdes for logfile for durability (optional) */
int outfile = 1;       /* output file (optional)          */
#endif LINUX
FILE *infile;          /* input file (optional)          */
#ifndef
FILE *infile = stdin; /* input file (optional)          */
/* in the format of <o_key> <delta> */
#endif
char lname[UNAME_LEN]; /* username/passwd combo          */
char *passwd;          /* pointer to password            */

char buf[WRITE_BUF_LEN]; /* buffer to write                */
unsigned flag = (unsigned) 0; /* flag to store all sorts of options */
#define INFILE 0x01u

```

```

#define OUTFILE 0x02u
#define LOGFILE 0x04u
#define COMMIT 0x08u
#define DELTA 0x10u

double tr_end = 0.0; /* transaction end time */ 
double tr_start = 0.0; /* transaction start time */ 

int num_iter = 0; /* number of iterations */ 

time_t curr_time; /* Current Time */ 

/* OCI handles */

OCIEnv *tpcenv = NULL;
OCIServer *tpcsrv = NULL;
OCIError *errhp = NULL;
OCISvcCtx *tpcsvc = NULL;
OCISession *tpcusr = NULL;
OCISmt *curi = NULL;
OCISmt *curr = NULL;
OCISmt *cure1 = NULL;
OCISmt *cure2 = NULL;

/* OCI bind handles */

#ifndef NOLKEY
OCIBind *l_keyi_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_keyi_bp = NULL;
#endif /* NOLKEY */

OCIBind *l_key_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_key_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *delta_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_pkey_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_skey_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_quan_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_newquan_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_tax_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_disc_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_eprice_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_neweprice_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_tprice_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_newtprice_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *rprice_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *cost_bp = NULL;

OCIBind *l_neweprice1_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_newquan1_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_key1_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *l_key1_bp = NULL;

OCIBind *o_newtprice2_bp = NULL;
OCIBind *o_key2_bp = NULL;

sword status = OCI_SUCCESS; /* OCI return value */

char sqlstmt[1024];

/* usage: prints the usage of the program */

void usage()
{
    fprintf(stderr, "\nUsage: atrans.o[st]t <proc_no> <num_streams>\n"
        "<commit> <delta> [n[i<pathname for input>] [o<pathname for output>]\n"
        "[d<pathname for durability file>] [u<uid/passwd>]\n\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  proc_no   :the process number within this ACID\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "  num_streams :the total number of ACID transaction\n"
        "streams\n");
}

printf(stderr, "  commit    :1 to commit transaction, abort\n"
otherwise\n");
printf(stderr, "  delta     :1 to generate new random delta, otherwise\n"
obtain delta from input\n");
printf(stderr, "  OPTIONAL PARAMETERS:\n");
printf(stderr, "  i<pathname for input>   :full path name for input file\n"
- default is stdin\n");
printf(stderr, "  o<pathname for output>  :full path name for output\n"
file - default is stdout\n");
printf(stderr, "  d<pathname for durability> :full path name for\n"
durability success file - must specify for durability test\n");
printf(stderr, "  u<uid/passwd>          :Username/Password string -\n"
default is tpcd\\tpcd\n");
printf(stderr, "  t<trigger>           :Trigger Time - sleep <trigger>\n"
seconds before start\n");
printf(stderr, "  s<sleep>             :Sleep Time - sleep <sleep>\n"
seconds before commit or rollback\n\n");
exit(-1);

}

void ACIDexit()
{
    OCILogoff(tpcsvc,errhp);
    OCIhfree(tpcenv,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIhfree(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
    OCIhfree(tpcsrv,OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);
    OCIhfree(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);
}

/* type: 0 if environment handle is passed, 1 if error handle is passwd */

void sql_error(errhp,status,type)
{
    OCIError *errhp;
    sword status;
    sword type;
{
    char msg[2048];
    ub4 errcode;
    ub4 msglen;
    int i,j;

    switch(status) {
    case OCI_SUCCESS_WITH_INFO:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Statement returned with info.\n");
        if (type)
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*) &errcode, (text*) msg,
                2048, OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
        else
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*) &errcode, (text*) msg,
                2048, OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
        fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
        break;
    case OCI_ERROR:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: OCI call error.\n");
        if (type)
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL, (sb4 *) &errcode, (text*) msg,
                2048, OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
        else
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL, (sb4 *) &errcode, (text*) msg,
                2048, OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
        fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
        break;
    case OCI_INVALID_HANDLE:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Invalid Handle.\n");
        if (type)
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL, (sb4 *) &errcode, (text*) msg,

```

```

        2048,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
else
    (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL, (sb4 *) &errcode, (text*) msg,
        2048,OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
break;
}
/* Rollback just in case */

(void) OCITransRollback(tpcsvc,errhp,OCI_DEFAULT);

fprintf(stderr, "Exiting Oracle...\n");
fflush(stderr);

ACIDexit();

exit(1);
}

#endif LINUX
int main(argc,argv)
#else
void main(argc,argv)
#endif
{
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
}

int i;
char line[64];
ub4 errcode;
char msg[2048];
int need_commit = 0;

/* Initialize some variables */
#ifndef LINUX
infile=fopen("/dev/stdin","r");
#endif
strcpy((char *) lname, "tpcd/tpcd");

if ((argc > 10) || (argc < 5)) {
    usage();
}

/* argv[1] -- Process Number */
proc_no = atoi(argv[1]);

/* argv[2] -- Number of Streams */
num_streams = atoi(argv[2]);

/* argv[3] -- Commit? */
if (atoi(argv[3]) == 1)
    BIS(flag, COMMIT);

/* argv[4] -- Delta? */
if (atoi(argv[4]) == 1)
    BIS(flag, DELTA);

/* Process optional parameters */

argc -= 4;
argv += 4;

while(--argc) {
    ++argv;
    switch(argv[0][0]) {
    case 'u':
        strncpy((char *) lname, ++(argv[0]), UNAME_LEN);
        if (strchr((char *) lname, '/') == NULL) {
            fprintf(stderr, "Login name must be in the format of
userid/passwd\n");
            usage();
            exit(-1);
        }
        break;
    case 'i':
        if ((infile = fopen(++(argv[0]), "r")) == NULL) {
            fprintf(stderr,"Cannot open input file %s\n", argv[0]);
            fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",strerror(errno));
            exit(-1);
        }
        BIS(flag, INFILE);
        break;
    case 'o':
        if ((outfile = open(++(argv[0]), (O_RDWR | O_SYNC | O_CREAT),
S_IRWXU)) == -1) {
            fprintf(stderr,"Cannot open output file %s\n", argv[0]);
            fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",strerror(errno));
            exit(-1);
        }
        BIS(flag, OUTFILE);
        break;
    case 'd':
        if ((logfile = open(++(argv[0]), (O_RDWR | O_SYNC | O_CREAT),
S_IRWXU)) == -1) {
            fprintf(stderr,"Cannot open durability success file %s\n",
argv[0]);
            fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",strerror(errno));
            exit(-1);
        }
        BIS(flag, LOGFILE);
        break;
    case 'b':
        num_iter = atoi(++(argv[0]));
        break;
    case 't':
        trig = atoi(++(argv[0]));
        break;
    case 's':
        slp = atoi(++(argv[0]));
        break;
    default:
        fprintf(stderr, "Unknown argument %s\n", argv[0]);
        usage();
        break;
    }
}

FPRTF(outfile,"-----\n");

/* Initialize the cursors etc. */

(void) ACIDinit();

/* sleep for some time (triggering) */

sleep(trig);

/* start doing the ACID transactions */

tr_start = gettime();

/* The number of iteration we will run depends on the number of */
/* input lines */

while (fgets(line, 64, infile) != NULL) {

#endif NOLKEY
    sscanf(line, "%d %d\n", &o_key, &delta);
}

```

```

/* Obtain l_key from l_key query */
OCIexec(tpcsvc,curi,errhp,1);

/* l_key is the highest l_linenumber available. We need to pick */
/* at random a number between 1..l_key. */

l_key = (int) ((lrand48() % l_key) + 1);
#else
sscanf(line, "%d %d %d\n", &o_key, &l_key, &delta);
#endif /* NOLKEY */

/* Generate delta if necessary */
if (BIT(flag, DELTA))
    delta = (int) (floor((drand48() * 100)) + 1);

/* Now, we are ready to run the ACID transaction. */
curr_time = time(NULL);

FPRTF2(outfile, "Starting ACID transaction %d at %s...\n",
(++num_iter),
ctime(&curr_time));

FPRTF1(outfile, "o_key: %d\n", (int) o_key);
FPRTF1(outfile, "l_key: %d\n", (int) l_key);
FPRTF1(outfile, "delta: %d\n", (int) delta);

OCIexec(tpcsvc,curr,errhp,1);

curr_time = time(NULL);

if (!BIT(flag, LOGFILE)) {
    FPRTF1(outfile, "BEFORE COMMIT/ROLLBACK
TRANSACTION at %s\n", ctime(&curr_time));
    FPRTF1(outfile, "l_extendedprice: %.2f\n", l_eprice);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "l_quantity: %d\n", (int) l_quan);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "o_totalprice: %.2f\n", o_tprice);
}

FPRTF1(outfile, "Sleep %d seconds before
COMMIT/ROLLBACK...\n", slp);
sleep(slp);

/* Shall we commit? */

if (BIT(flag, COMMIT)) {
    need_commit = 1;
    while (need_commit) {
        if(status=OCITransCommit(tpcsvc,errhp,OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCL_SUCCESS) {
            OCIrol(tpcsvc,errhp);
            OCIexec(tpcsvc,curr,errhp,1);
        } else {
            need_commit = 0;
            curr_time = time(NULL);
            FPRTF2(outfile, "ACID Transaction iteration %d COMMITED
at %s\n",
                num_iter, ctime(&curr_time));
        }
    }
} else {
    OCIrol(tpcsvc,errhp);
    curr_time = time(NULL);
    FPRTF2(outfile, "ACID Transaction iteration %d ROLLBACK at
%s\n",
        num_iter, ctime(&curr_time));
}
}

/* Report all results to outfile and if necessary, to success file. */
/* Report initial and new values for o_totalprice, l_extendedprice, */
/* l_quantity. */

/*
curr_time = time(NULL);
FPRTF1(outfile, "Transaction Completed at %s\n",
ctime(&curr_time));
*/
}

/* Get the values in LINEITEM and ORDERS after the transaction */

if (BIT(flag, LOGFILE)) {
    FPRTF1(logfile, "p_key: %d\n", (int) l_pkey);
    FPRTF1(logfile, "s_key: %d\n", (int) l_skey);
    FPRTF1(logfile, "o_key: %d\n", (int) o_key);
    FPRTF1(logfile, "l_key: %d\n", (int) l_key);
    FPRTF1(logfile, "delta: %d\n", (int) delta);
    FPRTF1(logfile, "Transaction Completed at %s\n",
ctime(&curr_time));
    FPRTF(logfile, "-----\n");
} else {
    OCIexec(tpcsvc,cure1,errhp,1);
    OCIexec(tpcsvc,cure2,errhp,1);

    FPRTF(outfile, "AFTER TRANSACTION:\n");
    FPRTF1(outfile, "l_extendedprice: %.2f\n", l_neweprice);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "l_quantity: %d\n", (int) l_newquan);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "o_totalprice: %.2f\n", o_newtprice);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "l_tax: %.2f\n", l_tax);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "l_discount: %.2f\n", l_disc);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "rprice: %.2f\n", rprice);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "cost: %.2f\n", cost);
    FPRTF(outfile, "-----\n");
}

tr_end = gettime();

if (!BIT(flag,LOGFILE)) {
    FPRTF1(outfile, "Start Time: %.2f\n", tr_start);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "End Time: %.2f\n", tr_end);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "Elapsed Time: %.2f\n", (tr_end - tr_start));
    FPRTF1(outfile, "Transaction Count: %d\n", num_iter);
    FPRTF1(outfile, "Transaction Rate: %.2f\n", num_iter/(tr_end -
tr_start));
} else {
    FPRTF1(logfile, "Start Time: %.2f\n", tr_start);
    FPRTF1(logfile, "End Time: %.2f\n", tr_end);
    FPRTF1(logfile, "Elapsed Time: %.2f\n", (tr_end - tr_start));
    FPRTF1(logfile, "Transaction Count: %d\n", num_iter);
}

/* Disconnect from ORACLE. */

if (BIT(flag, INFIL))
    fclose(infile);
if (BIT(flag, OUTFILE))
    close(outfile);
if (BIT(flag, LOGFILE))
    close(logfile);

ACIDexit();
exit(0);
}

void ACIDinit()

```

```

{

/* run random seed */

srand48(getpid());

/* Connect to ORACLE. Program will call sql_error()
if an error occurs in connecting to the default database. */

(void) OCIInitialize(OCI_DEFAULT,(dvoid *)0,0,0,0);
if((status=OCIEnvInit((OCIEnv **)&tpcenv,OCI_DEFAULT,0,(dvoid ***)0)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(tpcenv, status, 0);

OCIalloc(tpcenv,&errhp,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
OCIalloc(tpcenv,&curi,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
OCIalloc(tpcenv,&curr,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
OCIalloc(tpcenv,&curr1,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
OCIalloc(tpcenv,&curr2,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
OCIalloc(tpcenv,&tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
OCIalloc(tpcenv,&tpecsrv,OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);
OCIalloc(tpcenv,&tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);

/* Disables auto commit */
/*
if (ocof(&tpclda)) {
    sql_error(&tpclda, &tpclda);
    ologof(&tpclda);
    exit(-1);
}
*/
/* get username and password */

passwd = strchr(lname, '/');
*passwd = '\0';
passwd++;

if ((status = OCIServerAttach(tpcsrv,errhp,(text *)0,0,OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp,status,1);

OCIaset(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX,tpcsrv,0,OCI_ATTR_SERVER
,errhp);

OCIaset(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION,lname,strlen(lname),OCI_ATTR_USERNAME,
errhp);

OCIaset(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION,passwd,strlen(passwd),OCI_ATTR_PASSWORD,
errhp);

if ((status = OCISessionBegin(tpcsvc, errhp, tpcusr,
OCI_CRED_RDBMS,
OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp,status,1);

OCIaset(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX,tpcusr,0,OCI_ATTR_SESSION);
/* Enable session parallel dml */

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt, PDMLTXT);
OCIStmtPrepare(curi,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char *)sqlstmt),
OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);
OCIsexec(tpcsvc,curi,errhp,1);

/* Enable session parallel ddl */

/*sprintf((char *) sqlstmt, PDDLTXT);
OCIStmtPrepare(curi,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char *)sqlstmt),
OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);
OCIsexec(tpcsvc,curi,errhp,1);*/

/* Make session serializable */

sprintf ((char *) sqlstmt, ISOTXT);
OCIStmtPrepare(curi,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char *)sqlstmt),
OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);
OCIsexec(tpcsvc,curi,errhp,1);

/* Set optimizer_index_cost_adj = 25 */

sprintf ((char *) sqlstmt, OICATXT);
OCIStmtPrepare(curi,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char *)sqlstmt),
OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);
OCIsexec(tpcsvc,curi,errhp,1);

curr_time = time(NULL);
printf("\nConnected to ORACLE as user: %s at %s\n\n", lname,
ctime(&curr_time));

#endif NOLKEY
/* Open and Parse cursor for query to choose determine l_key. */
/* Binds l_key to :l_key. */
sprintf((char *) sqlstmt,SQLTXT1);
OCIStmtPrepare(curi,errhp,sqlstmt,strlen((char *)sqlstmt),
OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);

OCIBbname(curi,&l_keyi_bp,errhp,:l_key",ADR(l_key),SIZ(l_key),SQLT_INT);

OCIBbname(curi,&o_keyi_bp,errhp,:o_key",ADR(o_key),SIZ(o_key),SQLT_INT);

#endif /* NOLKEY */

/* Open and Parse cursor for the ACID transaction. */

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt,SQLTXT2);
OCIStmtPrepare(curr,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char *)sqlstmt),
OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);

/* bind variables */

OCIBbname(curr,l_key_bp,errhp,:l_key",ADR(l_key),SIZ(l_key),SQLT_INT);

OCIBbname(curr,o_key_bp,errhp,:o_key",ADR(o_key),SIZ(o_key),SQLT_INT);

OCIBbname(curr,delta_bp,errhp,:delta",ADR(delta),SIZ(delta),SQLT_INT);

OCIBbname(curr,l_pkey_bp,errhp,:l_pkey",ADR(l_pkey),SIZ(l_pkey),SQLT_INT);

OCIBbname(curr,l_skey_bp,errhp,:l_skey",ADR(l_skey),SIZ(l_skey),SQLT_INT);

OCIBbname(curr,l_quan_bp,errhp,:l_quan",ADR(l_quan),SIZ(l_quan),SQLT_INT);

```

```

OCIbbname(curr,l_newquan_bp,errhp,:l_newquan",ADR(l_newquan),
          SIZ(l_newquan),SQLT_INT);

OCIbbname(curr,l_tax_bp,errhp,:l_tax",ADR(l_tax),SIZ(l_tax),SQLT_
FLT);

OCIbbname(curr,l_disc_bp,errhp,:l_disc",ADR(l_disc),SIZ(l_disc),SQ
LT_FLT);

OCIbbname(curr,l_eprice_bp,errhp,:l_eprice",ADR(l_eprice),SIZ(l_epr
ice),
          SQLT_FLT);

OCIbbname(curr,l_neweprice_bp,errhp,:l_neweprice",ADR(l_neweprice),
          SIZ(l_neweprice),SQLT_FLT);

OCIbbname(curr,o_tprice_bp,errhp,:o_tprice",ADR(o_tprice),SIZ(o_tp
rice),
          SQLT_FLT);

OCIbbname(curr,o_newtprice_bp,errhp,:o_newtprice",ADR(o_newtprice),
          SIZ(o_newtprice), SQLT_FLT);
OCIbbname(curr,rprice_bp,errhp,:rprice",ADR(rprice),SIZ(rprice),
          SQLT_FLT);
OCIbbname(curr,cost_bp,errhp,:cost",ADR(cost),SIZ(cost),
          SQLT_FLT);

/* Open & Parse cursor for end values query */

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt,SQLTXT3);
OCISqlPrepare(cure1,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char *)sqlstmt),
              OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt,SQLTXT4);
OCISqlPrepare(cure2,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char *)sqlstmt),
              OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);

/* bind variables */

OCIbbname(cure1,l_neweprice1_bp,errhp,:l_neweprice",ADR(l_newep
rice),
          SIZ(l_neweprice),SQLT_FLT);

OCIbbname(cure1,l_newquan1_bp,errhp,:l_newquan",ADR(l_newqua
n),
          SIZ(l_newquan),SQLT_INT);

OCIbbname(cure1,o_key1_bp,errhp,:o_key",ADR(o_key),SIZ(o_key),
          SQLT_INT);

OCIbbname(cure1,l_key1_bp,errhp,:l_key",ADR(l_key),SIZ(l_key),S
QLT_INT);

OCIbbname(cure2,o_newtprice2_bp,errhp,:o_newtprice",ADR(o_newt
price),
          SIZ(o_newtprice),SQLT_FLT);

OCIbbname(cure2,o_key2_bp,errhp,:o_key",ADR(o_key),SIZ(o_key),
          SQLT_INT);
}

```

atranspl.h

```

/* Copyright (c) 2001, 2002, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. */

/*
 NAME
 atranspl.h - <one-line expansion of the name>

 DESCRIPTION

 MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
 mpoess 10/23/02 - mpoess_update_from_visa
 mpoess 10/17/01 - add TXT parameter
 mpoess 04/09/01 - add hint to find max linenumber
 mpoess 01/04/01 - Creation

 */
#ifndef ATRANSPL_H
#define ATRANSPL_H

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/param.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <math.h>

#include <oratypes.h>
#ifndef OCIDFN
#include <ocidfn.h>
#endif /* OCIDFN */

#ifndef OCI_ORACLE
#include <oci.h>
#endif /* OCI_ORACLE */

/*
#ifndef __STDC__
#include <ociapr.h>
#else
#include <ocikpr.h>
#endif /* __STDC__ */

extern int errno;

#ifndef NULL
#define NULL 0
#endif

#ifndef NULLP
#define NULLP (void *)NULL
#endif /* NULLP */

#ifndef DISCARD
#define DISCARD (void)
#endif

#ifndef sword
#define sword int
#endif

#ifndef ub1
#define ub1 unsigned char
#endif

#define UNAME_LEN 64
#define WRITE_BUF_LEN 1024

```

```

#define NA      -1 /* ANSI SQL NULL */
#define VER7     2
#define NOT_SERIALIZABLE 8177 /* ORA-08177: transaction not
serializable */
#define WRITE_BUF_LEN 1024

#define ADR(object) ((ub1 *)&(object))
#define SIZ(object) ((sword)sizeof(object))
#define BIS(flg,mask) (unsigned) (flg |= (unsigned) mask)
#define BIT(flg,mask) (unsigned) ((unsigned) flg & (unsigned) mask)

#define FPRTF(fd,s) \
{sprintf(buf,s); write(fd, buf, strlen(s));}
#define FPRTF1(fd,s,p) \
{sprintf(buf,s,p); write(fd, buf, strlen(buf));}
#define FPRTF2(fd,s,p1,p2) \
{sprintf(buf,s,p1,p2); write(fd, buf, strlen(buf));}

#define OCIalloc(envh,hndl,htyp) \
if((status=OCIHandleAlloc((dvoid *)envh,(dvoid \
**)hndl,htyp,0,(dvoid **))!=OCI_SUCCESS)) \
    sql_error(envh,status,0); \
else \
    DISCARD 0

#define OCIfree(hndl,htyp) \
if((status=OCIHandleFree((dvoid *)hndl,htyp))==OCI_SUCCESS) \
    fprintf(stderr, "Error freeing handle of type %d\n", htyp)

#define OCIaget(hndl,htyp,attp,size,atyp,errh) \
if((status=OCIAttrGet((dvoid *)hndl,htyp,(dvoid \
*)size,atyp,errh))!=OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
else \
    DISCARD 0

#define OCIaset(hndl,htyp,attp,size,atyp,errh) \
if((status=OCIAttrSet((dvoid *)hndl,htyp,(dvoid \
*)attp,size,atyp,errh))!=OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
else \
    DISCARD 0

#define OCIsexec(svch,stmh,errh,iter) \
if((status=OCISstmtExecute(svch,stmh,errh,iter,0,NULL,NULL,OCI_DE \
FAULT))!=OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
else \
    DISCARD 0

#define OCIbbname(stmh,bindp,errh,sqlvar,progv,progvl,ftype) \
if((status=OCIBindByName(stmh,&bindp,errh,(text \
*)sqlvar,strlen(sqlvar), \
    progv,progvl,ftype,0,0,0,0,0,OCI_DEFAULT))!= \
OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
else \
    DISCARD 0

#define OCIbbnamei(stmh,bindp,errh,sqlvar,progv,progvl,ftype,indp) \
if((status=OCIHandleAlloc((dvoid *)stmh,(dvoid \
**)&bindp,OCI_HTYPE_BIND, \
    0,(dvoid **))!=OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(stmh,status,0); \
if((status=OCIBindByName(stmh,&bindp,errh,(text \
*)sqlvar,strlen(sqlvar), \
    progv,progvl,ftype,indp,0,0,0,0,0,OCI_DEFAULT))!= \
OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
else \

```

DISCARD 0

```

#define OCIcom(svcp,errh) \
if((status=OCITransCommit(svcp,errh,OCI_DEFAULT))!= \
OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
else \
    DISCARD 0

#define OCIrol(svcp,errh) \
if((status=OCITransRollback(svcp,errh,OCI_DEFAULT))!= \
OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
else \
    DISCARD 0

#define ISOTXT "alter session set isolation_level = serializable"
#define PDMLTXT "alter session force parallel dml parallel (degree 4)"
#define PDDLTXT "alter session force parallel ddl parallel (degree 4)"
#define OICATXT "alter session set optimizer_index_cost_adj=25"

#define SQLTXT1 "BEGIN SELECT /*+ index(lineitem,i_l_orderkey) \
*/ MAX(linenum) INTO :l_key FROM lineitem \
WHERE l_orderkey = :o_key; END;" 

#define SQLTXT2 "BEGIN d_atrns.datrns(:l_key, :o_key, :delta, \
:l_pkey, \
:l_skey, :l_quan, :l_newquan, :l_tax, :l_disc, :l_eprice, :l_neweprice, \
:o_tprice, :o_newtprice, :rprice, :cost); END;" 

#define SQLTXT3 "BEGIN SELECT l_extendedprice, l_quantity \
INTO :l_neweprice, :l_newquan \
FROM lineitem \
WHERE l_orderkey = :o_key \
AND l_linenum = :l_key; END;" 

#define SQLTXT4 "BEGIN SELECT o_totalprice INTO :o_newtprice \
FROM orders \
WHERE o_orderkey = :o_key; END;" 

#define SQLTXT5 "BEGIN SELECT l_extendedprice, l_quantity \
INTO :l_eprice, :l_quan \
FROM lineitem \
WHERE l_orderkey = :o_key \
AND l_linenum = :l_key; END;" 

#define SQLTXT6 "BEGIN SELECT o_totalprice INTO :o_tprice \
FROM orders \
WHERE o_orderkey = :o_key; END;" 

#endif /* * ATRANSPL_H */

```

ckpt.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: ckpt.sh 08-aug-99.17:32:22 mpoess Exp $
#
# ckpt.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   ckpt.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   <short description of component this file declares/defines>
#
# NOTES

```

```

# <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#
. $KIT_DIR/env
sqlplus -s /NOLOG << !
!
```

```

connect / as sysdba;
alter system switch logfile;
alter system switch logfile;
exit;
!
```

cnt_hist.sql

```

select count(*) from history;
exit;

```

```

STREAM=${NUM_STREAMS}
let STREAM="$STREAM + 1" # add one for the update stream
ITER=100
PROG=atranspl
USER=${DATABASE_USER}
CK=10

usage() {

    echo ""
    echo "Usage: $0 [-n iter] [-s number of stream] [-p prog] [-u usr/pwd]"
    echo "-h"
    echo ""
    echo "-n iter      : number of iterations, default is 100"
    echo "-s number of stream : number of streams, default is 2"
    echo "-p prog      : program to run, default is atranspl.ott"
    echo "-u usr/pwd    : user/password for database access, default is
tpcd/tpcd"
    echo "-t chkpt     : time after the start of ACID transaction to
perform the checkpoint"
    echo "           default is 10 seconds"
    echo "-h          : print this usage summary"
    exit 1;
}

set -- ` getopt "n:p:u:s:h" "$@" || usage

while :
do
    case "$1" in
        -s) shift; STREAM=$1;;
        -n) shift; ITER=$1;;
        -p) shift; PROG=$1;;
        -u) shift; USER=$1;;
        -t) shift; CK=$1;;
        -h) usage; exit 0;;
        --) break;;
    esac
    shift
done

if [ $ITER -lt 100 ]
then
echo "Error: Must at least run 100 iterations!"
echo "Exiting..."
exit 1
fi

if [ $STREAM -lt 2 ]
then
echo "Error: Must at least run 2 streams!"
echo "Exiting..."
exit 1
fi

echo "Starting Consistency Test at `date`..."
echo ""
echo "Generate some keys first"
echo ""

i=0

while [ $i -lt $STREAM ]
do
    echo randkey $ITER 1 u$USER
    randkey $ITER 1 u$USER > ${KEY}$i
    i=`expr $i + 1`
done

echo "Check consistency before Submitting Transactions `date`"

```

```

echo "Check consistency before Submitting Transactions `date` >>
$CON1

echo "Obtain 10 keys from the each key file to check consistency"

i=0
while [ $i -lt $STREAM ]
do
KEYS=`head -10 ${KEY}${i} | awk '{printf "%d ", $1}'`
echo "The 10 Keys for file $i are: $KEYS"
#for j in `head -10 ${KEY}${i} | awk '{printf "%d ", $1}'`
for j in $KEYS
do
    sqlplus $USER @/dbms/oracle10i/kit/acid/consistency/consist $j >>
$CON1
    echo "-----" >> $CON1
done
    i=`expr $i + 1`
done

echo ""
echo "Starting ACID transactions at `date`"
echo ""

i=0

while [ $i -lt $STREAM ]
do
    $PROG $i $STREAM 1 0 u${USER} i${KEY}${i}
o${OUTFILE}${i} s1 &
    i=`expr $i + 1`
done

echo "Schedule a Checkpoint"
echo "Checkpoint scheduled at $CK seconds after `date`"

(sleep $CK; $ACID_DIR/ckpt.sh) &

wait

echo ""
echo "Ending ACID transactions at `date`"
echo ""

echo "Completed $STREAM transaction streams with $ITER iterations
each"
echo ""

echo "Check consistency after Submitting Transactions `date`"
echo "Check consistency after Submitting Transactions `date` >>
$CON2

cat ${ORACLE_HOME}/rdbms/log/alert_${ORACLE_SID}.log >>
$CHK

i=0
while [ $i -lt $STREAM ]
do
KEYS=`head -10 ${KEY}$i | awk '{printf "%d ", $1}'`
#echo "The keys to check for consistency after the test from file $i are:""
#echo "$KEYS"
for j in $KEYS
do
    sqlplus $USER @/dbms/oracle10i/kit/acid/consistency/consist $j >>
$CON2
    echo "-----" >> $CON2
done
    i=`expr $i + 1`
done

```

consist.sql

```

set verify off
rem set termout on
rem set echo on

REM
REM Get today's date.
REM

select
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as
CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

set serverout on;

DECLARE
    o_okey      number;
    o_tprice    number;
    l_tprice    number;
    diff        number;
BEGIN
    select o_totalprice
    into o_tprice
    from orders
    where o_orderkey = &&1;

    select /*+ index(lineitem,i_l_orderkey) */
sum(trunc((trunc(l_extendedprice * (1-l_discount)), 2)
          * (1+l_tax)), 2))
    into l_tprice
    from lineitem
    where l_orderkey = &&1;

    diff := l_tprice - o_tprice;

    dbms_output.put_line('O_TOTALPRICE: ' ||
TO_CHAR(trunc(o_tprice,2)));
    dbms_output.put_line('L_TOTALPRICE: ' ||
TO_CHAR(trunc(l_tprice,2)));
    dbms_output.put_line('Difference: ' || TO_CHAR(trunc(diff,2)));

END;
/

```

spool off
exit

count_tx.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh

STEM=$1
ITER=$2
OUT=$3
FIN=FALSE
while [ "$FIN" = "FALSE" ]
do
    s=0
    FIN=TRUE
    while [ $s -lt $STEM ]

```

```

do
  nt=`grep "Transaction Completed" $OUT/dura${s} | wc -l`
  if [ $nt -lt $ITER ];then
    FIN=FALSE
  fi
  s=`expr $s + 1`
done
sleep 5
done
echo all streams have committed $ITER transactions

#   end_cons.sh <pid of the durability run>
#   Options: See usage below
#
#   NOTES
#   <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
#   MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
#   mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#   mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#
#   . $KIT_DIR/env

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
# ACID_DIR=$OH/tpcd/audit set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT/
DURA_DIR=$ACID_OUT/dura
RUN_ID_FILE=$ACID_DIR/run_id

SHELL_PID=`cat ${DURA_DIR}/shellpid`
ITER=100
STEM=${NUM_STREAMS}
let STEM="$STEM + 1" # add one for the update stream
PROG=${ACID_DIR}/atranspl.ott
IN=${ACID_DIR}/acid_in
DURA=${DURA_DIR}/drate
OUT=${DURA_DIR}/drate
DSMPL=${DURA_DIR}/durasmpl
KEY=${DURA_DIR}/key${SHELL_PID}_USER=tpch/tpch
TRIG=1
HCNT=duracnta

# get history count
sqlplus $USER @cnt_hist > $DURA_DIR/$HCNT 2>&1

# perform the consistency
i=0
while [ $i -lt $STEM ]
do
  for j in `head -10 ${KEY}${i} | awk '{printf "%d ",$1}'` do
    sqlplus tpch/tpch @consist $j >> $DURA_DIR/duraconsa
  done
  i=`expr $i + 1`
done

i=0
while [ $i -lt $STEM ]
do
  sample.sh ${DURA}${i} > ${DSMPL}${i} 2>&1
  i=`expr $i + 1`
done

cat $ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_1g.log > ${DURA_DIR}/alert_1g.log.post_dura 2>&1

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: end_acid.sh 08-aug-99.17:06:20 mpoess Exp $
#
# end_acid.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   end_acid.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION

```

iso.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso.sh 17-aug-99.15:44:51 mpoess Exp $
#
# iso.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.

```

```

#
# NAME
# iso.sh
#
# DESCRIPTION
# This script triggers all 6 isolation tests. In addition,
# it creates more readable formats of the isolation test output.
# NOTES
# <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/17/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/17/99 - Creation
#
for iso in iso1 iso2 iso3 iso4 iso5 iso6;do
    echo Running isolation test $iso
    /dbms/oracle10i/kit/acid/isolation/${iso}.sh
    #echo Creating nicely formated output of ACID test $iso
    #/dbms/oracle10i/kit/acid/isolation/xiso.pl -o
${ACID_OUT}/${iso}
done

```

iso1.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso1.sh 29-jul-98.17:00:11 akarasik Exp $
#
# iso1.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1998. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
# iso1.sh
#
# DESCRIPTION
# Usage: iso1.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
# Options: See usage below
# NOTES
# For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node is
# one of the participating nodes. The other node can be
# specified by the -n option.
# You need to set the environment variable TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 12/16/98 - update to version 8.1.6
# mpoess 09/25/98 - update audit
# akarasik 07/29/98 -
# akarasik 07/29/98 - Creation
#
# $KIT_DIR/env

```

May need to change the following:

RSH=rsh

```

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
#ACID_DIR=$KIT_DIR/acid is set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT

TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$$.out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$$.out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$$.out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso1

```

```

USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE
trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE; exit 1" 1 2 3 15

usage() {
    echo ""
    echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h"
    echo ""
    exit 1;
}

set - `getopt "u:n:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
    case "$1" in
        -u) shift; USER=$1;;
        -n) shift; HOST="$1";;
        -h) usage; exit 0;;
        --) break;;
        esac
    shift;
done

de=`direxists.sh $ACID_OUT c` # I am not using $de afterward, but I
want to avoid the output of direxists

# generate key files
randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE

OKEY=`cat $KEYFILE | awk '{print $1}'`  

echo "o_key is \"$OKEY"

# before the ACID transaction, let's run a ACID query to record the
# initial state of lineitem
echo "Running ACID query BEFORE the start of Isolation Test 1" >>
$TXN2FILE
echo "date`" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
sqlplus $USER @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query $OKEY >>
$TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >> $TXN2FILE

sleep 1

# start ACID transaction, Sleep for 60 second before COMMIT
$PROG 1 1 1 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s60 b0 >> $TXN1FILE &

# let's sleep 10 seconds before starting ACID query
sleep 10

# start ACID query with the same OKEY
echo "Running ACID query 10 seconds AFTER the start of ACID
Transaction" \
>> $TXN2FILE
echo "date`" >> $TXN2FILE
if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
echo "Starting ACID query on node $HOST" >> $TXN2FILE

```

```

${RSH} -n ${HOST} sqlplus $USER @${ACID_DIR}/isolation/a_query
$OKEY >> $TXN2FILE
else
sqlplus $USER @${ACID_DIR}/isolation/a_query $OKEY >>
$TXN2FILE
fi

echo "-----" >> $TXN2FILE
wait
echo "-----" >> $TXN1FILE

cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE >> $ISOFILE

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE

```

iso2.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso2.sh 04-aug-99.09:19:54 mpoess Exp $
#
# iso2.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
# iso2.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
# Usage: iso2.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
# Options: See usage below
#
# NOTES
# For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node is
# one of the participating nodes. The other node can be
# specified by the -n option.
# You need to set the environment variable TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
#
#
=====
=====+
# May need to change the following:

```

```
. $KIT_DIR/env
```

```
RSH=rsh
```

```
OH=$ORACLE_HOME
# ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit is set in env
OUT_DIR=${ACID_OUT}
```

```
DURA_DIR=${ACID_DIR}/dura
```

```
TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$$.out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$$.out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$$.$out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso2
```

```
USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl
```

```
/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE
```

```
trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE; exit 1" 1 2 3 15
```

```

usage() {
    echo ""
    echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h"
    echo ""
    exit 1;
}

set -- `getopt "u:n:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
    case "$1" in
        -u) shift; USER=$1;;
        -n) shift; HOST="$1";;
        -h) usage; exit 0;;
        --) break;;
    esac
    shift;
done

# generate key files
randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE

OKEY=`cat $KEYFILE | awk '{print $1}'`
echo "o_key is \"$OKEY\""

# before the ACID transaction, let's run a ACID query to record the
# initial state of lineitem

echo "Running ACID query BEFORE the start of Isolation Test 1" >>
$TXN2FILE
echo "" date` >> $TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
sqlplus "$USER" @${ACID_DIR}/isolation/a_query $OKEY >>
$TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >> $TXN2FILE

sleep 1

# start ACID transaction, Sleep for 30 second before ROLLBACK
$PROG 1 1 0 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s30 >> $TXN1FILE &

# let's sleep 10 seconds before starting ACID query
sleep 10

# start ACID query with the same OKEY

echo "Running ACID query 10 seconds AFTER the start of ACID
transaction" \
>> $TXN2FILE
echo "" date` >> $TXN2FILE
if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
echo "Starting ACID query on node $HOST" >> $TXN2FILE
${RSH} -n ${HOST} sqlplus "$USER"
@${ACID_DIR}/isolation/a_query $OKEY >> $TXN2FILE
else
sqlplus $USER @${ACID_DIR}/isolation/a_query $OKEY >>
$TXN2FILE
fi

echo "-----" >> $TXN2FILE
wait
echo "-----" >> $TXN1FILE

```

```
cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE >> $ISOFILE
/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE
```

iso3.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso3.sh 04-aug-99.09:20:35 mpoess Exp $
#
# iso3.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   iso3.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   Usage: iso3.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
#   Options: See usage below
#
# NOTES
#   For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node is
#   one of the participating nodes. The other node can be
#   specified by the -n option.
#   We need to make sure the remote node has access to the
#   file system on the local node. Otherwise, we need to rcp
#   the keyfile to the remote system.
#   You need to set the environment variable TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
#
```

```
. $KIT_DIR/env
```

```
# May need to change the following:
RSH=rsh
```

```
OH=$ORACLE_HOME
#ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit is set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT
```

```
DURA_DIR=$ACID_DIR/dura
```

```
TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$.out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$.out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$.out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso3
```

```
USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl
```

```
/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE
```

```
trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE; exit 1" 1 2 3 15
```

```
usage() {
```

```
echo ""
echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h"
echo ""
exit 1;
}
```

```
set -- `getopt "u:n:h" "$@"` || usage
```

```
while :
```

```
do
  case "$1" in
    -u) shift; USER=$1;;
    -n) shift; HOST="$1";;
    -h) usage; exit 0;;
    --) break;;
  esac
  shift
done

# generate key files
randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE
if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
  rcp $KEYFILE ${HOST}:$KEYFILE
fi

sleep 1

# start ACID transaction, Sleep for 30 second before COMMIT
$PROG 1 2 1 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s30 b0 >> $TXN1FILE &

# let's sleep 10 seconds before starting second ACID transaction
sleep 10

# start another ACID transaction with the same LKEY and OKEY
# but different DELTA

# Do not sleep before COMMIT so that we can see TXN2 has waited.

if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
  echo "Starting TXN2 on node $HOST" >> $TXN2FILE
  ${RSH} -n ${HOST} $PROG 2 2 1 1 i$KEYFILE u$USER s1 b1 >> $TXN2FILE &
else
  $PROG 2 2 1 1 i$KEYFILE u$USER s1 b1 >> $TXN2FILE &
fi

wait
echo "-----" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >> $TXN1FILE

cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE >> $ISOFILE

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE
```

iso4.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso4.sh 04-aug-99.09:21:12 mpoess Exp $
#
# iso4.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   iso4.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   Usage: iso4.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
#   Options: See usage below
#
# NOTES
#   For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node is
```

```

# one of the participating nodes. The other node can be
# specified by the -n option.
# We need to make sure the remote node has access to the
# file system on the local node. Otherwise, we need to rcp
# the keyfile to the remote system.
# You need to set the environment variable TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
#
# . $KIT_DIR/env

# May need to change the following:
RSH=rsh

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
# ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit is set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT

DURA_DIR=$ACID_DIR/dura

TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$$out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$$out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$$out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso4

USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE

trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE; exit 1" 1 2 3 15

usage() {

echo ""
echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/passwd] [-n remote_node] -h"
echo ""
exit 1;
}

set --` getopt "u:n:h" "$@" || usage

while :
do
  case "$1" in
    -u) shift; USER=$1;;
    -n) shift; HOST="$1";;
    -h) usage; exit 0;;
    --) break;;
    esac
    shift
done

# generate key files
randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE

if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
  rcp $KEYFILE ${HOST}:$KEYFILE
fi

sleep 1

# start ACID transaction, Sleep for 30 second before ROLLBACK
$PROG 1 2 0 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s30 b0 >> $TXN1FILE &

# let's sleep 10 seconds before starting second ACID transaction
sleep 10

# start another ACID transaction with the same LKEY and OKEY
# but different DELTA
# Do not sleep before COMMIT so that we can see TXN2 has waited.

if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
echo "Starting TXN2 on node $HOST" >> $TXN2FILE
${RSH} -n ${HOST} $PROG 2 2 1 1 i$KEYFILE u$USER s1 b1 >> $TXN2FILE &
else
$PROG 2 2 1 1 i$KEYFILE u$USER s1 b1 >> $TXN2FILE &
fi

wait
echo "-----" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >> $TXN1FILE

cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE >> $ISOFILE

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE

```

iso5.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso5.sh 04-aug-99.09:21:45 mpoess Exp $
#
# iso5.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   iso5.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   Usage: iso5.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
#   Options: See usage below
#
# NOTES
#   For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node is
#   one of the participating nodes. The other node can be
#   specified by the -n option.
#   You need to set the environment variable TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
#

```

. \$KIT_DIR/env

May need to change the following:
RSH=rsh

```

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
# ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit is set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT
DURA_DIR=$ACID_DIR/dura

```

```

TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$$out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$$out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$$out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso5

```

```

USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE
trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE; exit 1" 1 2 3 15

usage() {
    echo ""
    echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/passwd] [-n remote_node] -h"
    echo ""
    exit 1;
}

set -- ` getopt "u:n:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
    case "$1" in
    -u) shift; USER=$1;;
    -n) shift; HOST="$1";;
    -h) usage; exit 0;;
    --) break;;
    esac
    shift;
done

# generate key files
randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE

if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
    rcp $KEYFILE ${HOST}:$KEYFILE
fi

sleep 1

OKEY=`cat $KEYFILE | awk '{print $1}'`
echo "o_key is \"$OKEY"

# before the ACID transaction, let's run a ACID query to record the
# initial state of lineitem

echo "Running ACID query BEFORE the start of Isolation Test 5" >>
$TXN1FILE
echo "">> $TXN1FILE
echo "">> $TXN1FILE
sqlplus $USER @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query $OKEY >>
$TXN1FILE
echo "">> $TXN1FILE
echo "-----" >> $TXN1FILE

sleep 1

# start ACID transaction, Sleep for 60 second before COMMIT

$PROG 1 1 1 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s60 >> $TXN1FILE &

# let's sleep 5 seconds before starting PARTSUPP query

sleep 5

# First generate PS_PARTKEY and PS_SUPPKEY

PSKEY=`randpsup 1`
```

```

echo "Running PARTSUPP query 5 seconds AFTER the start of ACID
Transaction" \
>> $TXN2FILE
echo "">> $TXN2FILE
echo "PS_PARTKEY and PS_SUPPKEY are: $PSKEY" >>
$TXN2FILE

if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then
    echo "Starting PARTSUPP query on node $HOST" >> $TXN2FILE
    ${RSH} -n ${HOST} sqlplus $USER
    @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query2 ${PSKEY} >> $TXN2FILE &
else
    sqlplus $USER @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query2 ${PSKEY} >>
$TXN2FILE &
fi

wait

echo "-----" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >> $TXN1FILE
cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE >> $ISOFILE
/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $KEYFILE

iso6.sh

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: iso6.sh 04-aug-99.09:22:12 mpoess Exp $
#
# iso6.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   iso6.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   Usage: iso6.sh [-u user/password] [-n remote_node] -h
#   Options: See usage below
#
# NOTES
#   For a cross node isolation test, assume the local node is
#   one of the participating nodes. The other node can be
#   specified by the -n option.
#   We need to make sure the remote node has access to the
#   file system on the local node. Otherwise, we need to rcp
#   the keyfile to the remote system.
#   You need to set the environment variable TPCD_KIT_DIR
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
#   mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
#   mpoess 08/04/99 - Creation
#
. $KIT_DIR/env

# May need to change the following:
RSH=rsh

#OH=/private/tpcd
#ACID_DIR=$TPCD_KIT_DIR/audit is set in env
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT

DURA_DIR=$ACID_DIR/dura

TXN1FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn1$.out
TXN2FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn2$.out
```

```

TXN3FILE=$OUT_DIR/txn3$$out
KEYFILE=$OUT_DIR/key$$out
ISOFILE=$OUT_DIR/iso6

USER=$DATABASE_USER
PROG=atranspl

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $TXN3FILE $KEYFILE

trap "/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $TXN3FILE $KEYFILE;
exit 1" 1 2 3 15

usage() {

echo ""
echo "Usage: $0 [-u user/passwd] [-n remote_node] -h"
echo ""
exit 1;
}

set -- ` getopt "u:n:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
  case "$1" in
  -u) shift; USER=$1;;
  -n) shift; HOST="$1";;
  -h) usage; exit 0;;
  --) break;;
  esac
  shift;
done

# generate key files

randkey 1 0.1 u"$USER" > $KEYFILE
#rcp $KEYFILE ${HOST}:$KEYFILE

OKEY=`cat $KEYFILE | awk '{print $1}'`
echo "o_key is \"$OKEY"

# before the any transaction, let's run a ACID query to record the
# initial state of lineitem

echo "Running ACID query BEFORE the start of Isolation Test 6" >>
$TXN2FILE
echo ``date`` >> $TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
sqlplus $USER @$ACID_DIR/isolation/a_query $OKEY >>
$TXN2FILE
echo "" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >> $TXN2FILE

sleep 1

# start Query 1, use 0 as the delta

echo "Running Query 21 at `date`" >> $TXN1FILE
sqlplus $USER @$KIT_DIR/acid/isolation/q21 >> $TXN1FILE &

# sleep 2 seconds before starting ACID transaction

sleep 2

# start ACID transaction, COMMIT after one second

echo "Starting ACID transaction at `date`" >> $TXN2FILE

if [ "$HOST" != "" ]
then

echo "Starting ACID transaction on node $HOST" >> $TXN2FILE
$RSH -n ${HOST} $PROG 1 1 1 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s1 >> $TXN2FILE &
else
$PROG 1 1 1 0 i$KEYFILE u$USER s1 >> $TXN2FILE &
fi

# start Query 1

sleep 2

echo "Running 2nd Query 21 at `date`" >> $TXN3FILE
sqlplus $USER @$KIT_DIR/acid/isolation/q21 >> $TXN3FILE &
# wait for everyone to finish

wait

echo "-----" >> $TXN3FILE
echo "-----" >> $TXN2FILE
echo "-----" >> $TXN1FILE

cat $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $TXN3FILE >> $ISOFILE

/bin/rm -rf $TXN1FILE $TXN2FILE $TXN3FILE $KEYFILE

```

prepare4acid.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: prepare4acid.sh 12-aug-99.17:09:18 mpoess Exp $
#
# prepare4acid.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   prepare4acid.sh
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   Prepares the qualification database for the acid tests.
#
# NOTES
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
#   mpoess 08/12/99 - Creation
#   mpoess 08/12/99 - Creation
#
. $KIT_DIR/env

sqlplus $DATABASE_USER @d_hist
sqlplus $DATABASE_USER @atrans

```

q1.sql

```

Rem
Rem $Header: template.sql 06-feb-96.13:23:14 mpoess Exp $
Rem
Rem q1.sql
Rem
Rem Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 2001. All Rights Reserved.
Rem
Rem NAME
Rem   q1.sql - <one-line expansion of the name>
Rem
Rem DESCRIPTION
Rem   used in isolation test 6
Rem

```

```

Rem NOTES
Rem <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
Rem
Rem MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
Rem mpoess 02/13/01 - Created
Rem

set serverout on;

select
'BEFORE ACID QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as
CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

select
l_returnflag,
l_linestatus,
sum(l_quantity) as sum_qty,
sum(l_extendedprice) as sum_base_price,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as sum_disc_price,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) * (1 + l_tax)) as
sum_charge,
avg(l_quantity) as avg_qty,
avg(l_extendedprice) as avg_price,
avg(l_discount) as avg_disc,
count(*) as count_order
from
lineitem
where
l_shipdate <= to_date ('1998-12-01','YYYY-MM-DD') - 0
group by
l_returnflag,
l_linestatus
order by
l_returnflag,
l_linestatus;

select
'AFTER ACID QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as
CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

exit;

-----
```

q21.sql

```

set serverout on;

select
'BEFORE ACID QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as
CURRENT_TIME
from dual;

select * from (
select
s_name,
count(*) numwait
from
supplier,
lineitem l1,
orders,
nation
where
```

```

s_suppkey = l1.l_suppkey
and o_orderkey = l1.l_orderkey
and o_orderstatus = 'F'
and l1.receiptdate > l1.commitdate
and exists (
    select
    *
    from
    lineitem l2
    where
    l2.l_orderkey = l1.l_orderkey
    and l2.l_suppkey <> l1.l_suppkey
)
and not exists (
    select
    *
    from
    lineitem l3
    where
    l3.l_orderkey = l1.l_orderkey
    and l3.l_suppkey <> l1.l_suppkey
    and l3.l_receiptdate > l3.l_commitdate
)
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_name = 'SAUDI ARABIA'
group by
s_name
order by
numwait desc,
s_name
where rownum <= 10;
```

```

select
'AFTER ACID QUERY' as STAGE,
substr(TO_CHAR(sysdate,'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS'),1,20) as
CURRENT_TIME
from dual;
```

exit;

randkey.c

```

/* Copyright (c) 2001, 2002, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. */
/*
```

NAME
randkey.c - <one-line expansion of the name>

DESCRIPTION
Generate random keys for ACID transactions:
O_ORDERKEY unique random (1..SF*150000*4) and only
first 8 keys out of every 32 are populated.
and
L_ORDERKEY based on Clause 3.1.6.2
DELTA random (1..100)

```

*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "atranspl.h"

#define ORDERCNT 150000.0
/* MK_SPARSE adopted from dss.h */

#define MK_SPARSE(key, seq) \
```

```

((((key>>3)<<2)|(seq & 0x0003))<<3)|(key & 0x0007))

void sql_error();
void usage();
void ACIDinit();
long atol();
void srand48();
long lrand48();

/* Not really used here, but retained it for future purposes. */

typedef struct aciddef {
    long okey;
    long lkey;
    int delta;
} adef;

long l_key = 0;
long o_key = 0;
char lname[UNAME_LEN];
char *passwd;

/* OCI handles */

OCIEnv *tpcenv;
OCIServer *tpcsrv;
OCIError *errhp;
OCISvcCtx *tpcsvc;
OCISession *tpcusr;
OCISStmt *curi;

OCIBind *l_key_bp;
OCIBind *o_key_bp;

sword status = OCI_SUCCESS; /* OCI return value */

char sqlstmt[1024];

void ACIDexit() {
    OCILogoff(tpcsvc,errhp);
    OCIfree(tpcenv,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIfree(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
    OCIfree(tpcsrv,OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);
    OCIfree(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);
}

/* type: 0 if environment handle is passed, 1 if error handle is passwd */

void sql_error(errhp,status,type)
    OCIError *errhp;
    sword status;
    sword type;
{
    char msg[2048];
    sb4 errcode;
    ub4 msflen;
    int i,j;

    switch(status) {
    case OCI_SUCCESS_WITH_INFO:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Statement returned with info.\n");
        if (type)
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4 *) &errcode,(text *)msg,
                               2048,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
        else
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4 *) &errcode,(text *)msg,
                               2048,OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
        fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
        break;
    case OCI_INVALID_HANDLE:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Invalid Handle.\n");
        if (type)
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4 *) &errcode,(text *)msg,
                               2048,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
        else
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4 *) &errcode,(text *)msg,
                               2048,OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
        fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
        break;
    }
    /* Rollback just in case */
    (void) OCITransRollback(tpcsvc,errhp,OCI_DEFAULT);

    fprintf(stderr, "Exiting Oracle...\n");
    fflush(stderr);

    ACIDexit();
    exit(1);
}

main(argc, argv)
    int argc;
    char **argv;
{
    long count;
    long i;
    double sf; /* need to accomodate sf 0.1 */
    double random;
    double ordcnt;
    adef *res;

    if ((argc < 3) || (argc > 4)) {
        usage();
        exit(-1);
    }

    strcpy((char *) lname, "tpcd/tpcd");

    count = atol(argv[1]);
    sf = atof(argv[2]);

    argc -= 2;
    argv += 2;

    while (--argc) {
        ++argv;
        switch(argv[0][0]) {
        case 'u':
            strncpy((char *) lname, ++(argv[0]), UNAME_LEN);
            if (strchr((char *) lname, '/') == NULL) {
                usage();
                exit(-1);
            }
            break;
        default:
            fprintf(stderr, "Unknown argument %s\n", argv[0]);
        }
    }
}

```

```

usage();
break;
}
}

ACIDinit();

/* initialize array for random numbers */

res = (adef *) malloc(count*sizeof(adef));
ordcnt = (double) ORDERCNT * (double) sf;

for (i=0; i<count; i++) {

/* The algorithm: */
/* Assumes drand's output is 'unique', first get a number within */
/* the range of [0..sf*ORDERCNT) and then maps the different */
/* ranges to generate the real output. */

random = floor(drand48() * (double) ordcnt) + 1;
res[i].okey = (long) MK_SPARSE((long) random, 0);
res[i].delta = (long) floor(drand48() * 100) + 1;

/* Obtain l_key from l_key query */

OCIexec(tpcsvc,curi,errhp,1);

/* l_key is the highest l_linenumber available. We need to pick */
/* at random a number between 1..l_key. */

res[i].lkey = (lrand48() % l_key) + 1;

printf("%ld %ld %d\n", res[i].okey, res[i].lkey, res[i].delta);
}

ACIDexit();
free(res);

}

void usage() {
    fprintf(stderr, "Usage: randkey <number of random keys to generate>
<SF> u<user/password>\n");
    fprintf(stderr, "\n");
}

void ACIDinit()
{
/* run random seed */

    srand48(getpid());

/* Connect to ORACLE. Program will call sql_error()
   if an error occurs in connecting to the default database. */

    (void) OCIInitialize(OCI_DEFAULT,(dvoid *)0,0,0,0);
    if((status=OCIEnvInit((OCIEnv **)&tpcenv,OCI_DEFAULT,0,(dvoid
**))0)) !=
        OCI_SUCCESS)
        sql_error(tpcenv, status, 0);

    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&errhp,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&curi,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&tpcsrv,OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);
    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);

/* get username and password */
}

passwd = strchr(lname, '/');
*passwd = '\0';
passwd++;

if ((status=OCIServerAttach(tpcsrv,errhp,(text
*)0,0,OCI_DEFAULT))!=OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp,status,1);

OCIaset(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX,tpcsrv,0,OCI_ATTR_SERVER
,errhp);

OCIaset(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION,lname,strlen(lname),OCI_ATT
R_USERNAME,
errhp);

OCIaset(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION,passwd,strlen(passwd),OCI_A
TTR_PASSWORD,
errhp);

if ((status = OCISessionBegin(tpcsvc, errhp, tpcusr,
OCI_CRED_RDBMS,
OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp,status,1);

OCIaset(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX,tpcusr,0,OCI_ATTR_SESSIO
N,errhp);

/* Open and Parse cursor for query to choose determine l_key. */
/* Binds l_key to :l_key. */

sprintf((char *) sqlstmt,SQLTXT1);
OCIStmtPrepare(curi,errhp,(text *)sqlstmt,strlen((char *)sqlstmt),
OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,OCI_DEFAULT);

OCIBbname(curi,l_key_bp,errhp,:l_key",ADR(l_key),SIZ(l_key),SQ
L_INT);

OCIBbname(curi,o_key_bp,errhp,:o_key",ADR(o_key),SIZ(o_key),SQ
L_INT);
}

randpsup.c

/* Copyright (c) 2001, 2002, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. */

/*
NAME
    randpsup.c - <one-line expansion of the name>

DESCRIPTION
    Generate random keys for ACID PARTSUPP transactions:
    (Clause 4.2.3)
    PS_PARTKEY random within [SF*200000]
    and
    PS_SUPPKEY = (PS_PARTKEY + (i * ((S/4) +
    (int)(PS_PARTKEY - 1)
    /S))) % S + 1
    where i random within [0..3] and S = SF * 10000

MODIFIED
    mpoess 10/23/02 - mpoess_update_from_visa
    mpoess 01/04/01 - Creation

```

```

*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>

#define PS_PER_SF 200000.0
#define S_PER_SF 10000.0
#define SUPP_PER_PART 4

/* borrowed from build.c in the dbgen distribution */

#define PART_SUPP_BRIDGE(tgt, p, s) \
{ \
    long tot_scnt = (long)(S_PER_SF * sf); \
    tgt = (p + s * (tot_scnt / SUPP_PER_PART + \
        (long)((p - 1) / tot_scnt))) % tot_scnt + 1; \
}

void usage();
double atof();
void srand48();
long lrand48();

main(argc, argv)
    int argc;
    char **argv;
{
    double sf = 0.1;      /* scale factor */
    long supp;           /* the i-th supplier */
    long pkey;           /* partkey */
    long maxpkey;        /* highest partkey */
    long ps_skey;        /* ps_suppkey */

    if (argc < 2) {
        usage();
        exit(-1);
    }

    /* seed the random number generator */

    srand48(getpid());

    sf = atof(argv[1]);
    maxpkey = (long)(sf * PS_PER_SF);
    supp = lrand48() % 4;
    pkey = lrand48() % maxpkey + 1;

    PART_SUPP_BRIDGE(ps_skey, pkey, supp);

    printf(stdout, "%ld %ld", pkey, ps_skey);

    exit(0);
}

void usage()
{
    fprintf(stderr, "Usage: randpsup <SF>\n\n");
}

# $Header: run_acid.sh 08-aug-99.15:30:10 mpoess Exp $
#
# run_acid.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   run_acid.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   Usage: run_acid.sh [-n iter] [-s stream] [-p prog] [-i infile]
#                      [-o outfile] [-d durafile] [-u usr/pwd]
#                      [-t trigger] [-f scale factor] -h
#
# Options: See usage below
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
# mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#
. $KIT_DIR/env

OH=$ORACLE_HOME
ACID_DIR=$ACID_DIR
OUT_DIR=$ACID_OUT

usage() {

    echo ""
    echo "Usage: $0 [-n iter] [-s stream] [-p prog] [-i infile] [-o outfile]"
    echo "          [-d durafile] [-u usr/pwd] -h"
    echo ""
    echo "-n iter : number of iterations, default is 100"
    echo "-s stream : number of streams, default is 2"
    echo "-p prog : program to run, default is atranspl.ott"
    echo "-i infile : input file prefix, suffix by process number within a"
    echo "            stream and run ID, default is ./acid_in"
    echo "-o outfile : output file prefix, similar to input file"
    echo "            default is ./out/acid_out"
    echo "-d durafile : durability file prefix, used for durability tests"
    echo "            default is ./dura/acid_dura"
    echo "-u usr/pwd : user/password combo for database access, default
is tpch/tpch"
    echo "-t trigger : trigger time between process starts, default is 1
second"
    echo "-h      : print this usage summary"
    exit 1;
}

ITER=600
STEM=${NUM_STREAMS}
let STEM="$STEM + 1" # add one for the update stream
SF=1
PROG=atranspl
IN=${ACID_DIR}/acid_in
DURA_DIR=$ACID_OUT/dura
OUT=$DURA_DIR/drata
DURA=$DURA_DIR/dura
KEY=${DURA_DIR}/key$$_
echo $$ > ${DURA_DIR}/shellpid
USER=tpch/tpch
TRIG=1
HCNT=duracntb

set -- `getopt "n:s:p:i:o:d:u:ht:f:" "$@"` || usage

# get all the options

while :
do

```

```

case "$1" in
-n) shift; ITER=$1;;
-s) shift; STEM=$1;;
-p) shift; PROG=$1;;
-i) shift; IN=$1;;
-o) shift; OUT=$1;;
-d) shift; DURA=$1;;
-u) shift; USER=$1;;
-h) usage; exit 0;;
-t) shift; TRIG=$1;;
-f) shift; SF=$1;;
--) break;;
esac
shift;
done

#collect system info before durability start
cat /var/adm/syslog/syslog.log > ${DURA_DIR}/syslog_pre_dura 2>&1
ps -ef > ${DURA_DIR}/ps.out.pre_dura 2>&1
cat $ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_1g.log >
${DURA_DIR}/alert_1g.log.pre_dura 2>&1

echo "Starting ACID run..."

i=0
T=`expr $STEM /* $TRIG + 6` 

# Get history count before the run

sqlplus $USER @cnt_hist > ${DURA_DIR}/$HCNT 2>&1

while [ $i -lt $STEM ]
do
  randkey $ITER ${SF} u${USER} > ${KEY}${i} &
  i=`expr $i + 1`
done

wait
# perform the consistency

i=0
while [ $i -lt $STEM ]
do
  for j in `head -10 ${KEY}${i} | awk '{printf "%d ",$1}'` 
  do
    sqlplus tpch/tpch @consist $j >> ${DURA_DIR}/duraconsb
  done
  i=`expr $i + 1`
done

echo "Starting Transaction Counting Program"
count_tx.sh $STEM 100 ${DURA_DIR} &

i=0
while [ $i -lt $STEM ]
do

  $PROG $i $STEM 1 ${KEY}${i} ${OUT}${i} ${DURA}${i}
  u$USER s1 &
  T=`expr $T - $TRIG` 
  i=`expr $i + 1` 

done

wait

echo "ACID run completed"

```

sample.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: sample.sh 08-aug-99.17:10:00 mpoess Exp $
#
# sample.sh
#
# Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
#
# NAME
#   sample.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   <short description of component this file declares/defines>
#
# NOTES
#   <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
#   mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#   mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
#
# $1 durability output file
.
.$KIT_DIR/env

cat $1 | grep o_key | awk '{printf "%d \n", $2}' | head -106 >
/tmp/okey$$
cat $1 | grep l_key | awk '{printf "%d \n", $2}' | head -106 > /tmp/lkey$$

paste /tmp/okey$$ /tmp/lkey$$ > /tmp/keys$$
tail -6 /tmp/keys$$ > /tmp/6keys$$

echo "Keys chosen are:"
cat /tmp/6keys$$

i=1
while [ $i -le 6 ]
do

j=`cat /tmp/6keys$$ | tail -$i | head -1` 
sqlplus tpch/tpch @sample $j
i=`expr $i + 1` 
done

#/bin/rm -f /tmp/*key*

```

sample.sql

```

Rem
Rem $Header: sample.sql 08-aug-99.17:10:34 mpoess Exp $
Rem
Rem sample.sql
Rem
Rem Copyright (c) Oracle Corporation 1999. All Rights Reserved.
Rem
Rem NAME
Rem   sample.sql - <one-line expansion of the name>
Rem
Rem DESCRIPTION
Rem   <short description of component this file declares/defines>
Rem
Rem NOTES

```

```
Rem <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>          exit;
Rem
Rem MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
Rem mpoess 08/08/99 - Creation
Rem mpoess 08/08/99 - Created
Rem

alter session set nls_date_format = 'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS';
select * from history where h_o_key = &&1 and h_l_key = &&2;
```

Appendix D Query text and Output

qryqual

Begin Execution at Fri Jul 28 15:05:32 2006

```
-- using default substitutions
-- @(#1.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Pricing Summary Report Query (Q1)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

select
l_returnflag,
l_linenstatus,
sum(l_quantity) as sum_qty,
sum(l_extendedprice) as sum_base_price,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as sum_disc_price,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) * (1 + l_tax)) as sum_charge,
avg(l_quantity) as avg_qty,
avg(l_extendedprice) as avg_price,
avg(l_discount) as avg_disc,
count(*) as count_order
from
lineitem
where
l_shipdate <= to_date ('1998-12-01','YYYY-MM-DD') - 90
group by
l_returnflag,
l_linenstatus
order by
l_returnflag,
l_linenstatus

L_RETURNFLAG L_LINENSTATUS SUM_QTY
SUM_BASE_PRICE
SUM_DISC_PRICE      SUM_CHARGE      AVG_QTY
AVG_PRICE          AVG_DISC        COUNT_ORDER
A     F    37734107.00      56586554400.73
53758257134.87    55909065222.83      25.52
38273.13          0.05          1478493.00
N     F    991417.00       1487504710.38
1413082168.05    1469649223.19      25.52
38284.47          0.05          38854.00
N     O    74476040.00      111701729697.74
106118230307.61   110367043872.50      25.50
38249.12          0.05          2920374.00
R     F    37719753.00      56568041380.90
53741292684.60    55889619119.83      25.51
38250.85          0.05          1478870.00
```

4 rows processed.

Query Processed in 1.42 seconds.

```
-- @(#2.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Minimum Cost Supplier Query (Q2)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998
```

```
select * from (
select
```

```
s_acctbal,
s_name,
n_name,
p_partkey,
p_mfgr,
s_address,
s_phone,
s_comment
from
part,
supplier,
partsupp,
nation,
region
where
p_partkey = ps_partkey
and s_suppkey = ps_suppkey
and p_size = 15
and p_type like '%BRASS'
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_regionkey = r_regionkey
and r_name = 'EUROPE'
and ps_supplycost =
(select
min(ps_supplycost)
from
partsupp,
supplier,
nation,
region
where
p_partkey = ps_partkey
and s_suppkey = ps_suppkey
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_regionkey = r_regionkey
and r_name = 'EUROPE'
)
order by
s_acctbal desc,
n_name,
s_name,
p_partkey
)
where rownum <= 100

S_ACCTBAL      S_NAME           N_NAME
P_PARTKEY      P_MFGR
S_ADDRESS      S_PHONE
S_COMMENT
9938.53        Supplier#000005359  UNITED KINGDOM
185358.00       Manufacturer#4
QKuHYh,vZGiwu2FWEJoLDx04      33-429-790-6131
blithely silent pinto beans are furiously. slyly final deposits across
9937.84        Supplier#000005969  ROMANIA
108438.00       Manufacturer#1
ANDENSOSmk,miq23Xfb5RWt6dvUcvtf6Qa      29-520-692-3537
carefully slow deposits use furiously. slyly ironic platelets above the
ironic
9936.22        Supplier#000005250  UNITED KINGDOM
249.00         Manufacturer#4
B3rqp0xbSEim4Mpy2RH J      33-320-228-2957
blithely special packages are. stealthily express deposits across the
closely final instructi
9923.77        Supplier#000002324  GERMANY
29821.00       Manufacturer#
y3OD9UywSTOK      17-779-299-1839
quickly express packages breach quiet pinto beans. requ
9871.22        Supplier#000006373  GERMANY
43868.00       Manufacturer#
J8fcXWsTqM      17-813-485-8637
never silent deposits integrate furiously blit
```

```

9870.78      Supplier#000001286    GERMANY
81285.00      Manufacturer#2
YKA,E2fjiVd7eUrzp2Ef8j1QxGo2DFnosaTEH 17-516-924-4574
final theodolites cajole slyly special,
9870.78      Supplier#000001286    GERMANY
181285.00      Manufacturer#4
YKA,E2fjiVd7eUrzp2Ef8j1QxGo2DFnosaTEH 17-516-924-4574
final theodolites cajole slyly special,
9852.52      Supplier#000008973    RUSSIA
18972.00      Manufacturer#2
t5L67YdBYYH6o,Vz24jpDyQ9      32-188-594-7038
quickly regular instructions wake-- carefully unusual braids into the
expres
-----
```

100 rows processed.
Query Processed in 2.42 seconds.

```
-- @(#3.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Shipping Priority Query (Q3)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998
```

```
select * from (
select
l_orderkey,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as revenue,
o_orderdate,
o_shippriority
from
customer,
orders,
lineitem
where
c_mktsegment = 'BUILDING'
and c_custkey = o_custkey
and l_orderkey = o_orderkey
and o_orderdate < to_date('1995-03-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and l_shipdate > to_date('1995-03-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
group by
l_orderkey,
o_orderdate,
o_shippriority
order by
revenue desc,
o_orderdate)
where rownum <= 10
```

L_ORDERKEY	REVENUE	O_ORDERDATE
O_SHIPPRIORITY		
2456423.00	406181.01	1995-03-05 0.00
3459808.00	405838.70	1995-03-04 0.00
492164.00	390324.06	1995-02-19 0.00
1188320.00	384537.94	1995-03-09 0.00
2435712.00	378673.06	1995-02-26 0.00
4878020.00	378376.80	1995-03-12 0.00
5521732.00	375153.92	1995-03-13 0.00
2628192.00	373133.31	1995-02-22 0.00
993600.00	371407.46	1995-03-05 0.00
2300070.00	367371.15	1995-03-13 0.00

10 rows processed.

Query Processed in 1.49 seconds.

```
-- @(#4.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Order Priority Checking Query (Q4)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998
```

```
select
o_orderpriority,
count(*) as order_count
from
orders
where
o_orderdate >= to_date('1993-07-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and o_orderdate < add_months(to_date('1993-07-01', 'YYYY-MM-
DD'),3)
and exists (
select
*
from
lineitem
where
l_orderkey = o_orderkey
and l_commitdate < l_receiptdate
)
group by
o_orderpriority
order by
o_orderpriority
```

O_ORDERPRIORITY	ORDER_COUNT
1-URGENT	10594.00
2-HIGH	10476.00
3-MEDIUM	10410.00
4-NOT SPECIFIED	10556.00
5-LOW	10487.00

5 rows processed.
Query Processed in 1.68 seconds.

```
-- @(#5.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Local Supplier Volume Query (Q5)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998
```

```
select
n_name,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as revenue
from
customer,
orders,
lineitem,
supplier,
nation,
region
where
c_custkey = o_custkey
and l_orderkey = o_orderkey
and l_suppkey = s_suppkey
and c_nationkey = s_nationkey
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_regionkey = r_regionkey
and r_name = 'ASIA'
and o_orderdate >= to_date('1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and o_orderdate < add_months(to_date('1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-
DD'), 12)
```

```

group by
n_name
order by
revenue desc

N_NAME      REVENUE
INDONESIA   55502041.17
VIETNAM     55295087.00
CHINA       53724494.26
INDIA        52035512.00
JAPAN        45410175.70

and c_custkey = o_custkey
and s_nationkey = n1.n_nationkey
and c_nationkey = n2.n_nationkey
and (
(n1.n_name = 'FRANCE' and n2.n_name = 'GERMANY')
or (n1.n_name = 'GERMANY' and n2.n_name = 'FRANCE')
)
and l_shipdate between to_date('1995-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD') and
to_date('1996-12-31', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
) shipping
group by
supp_nation,
cust_nation,
l_year
order by
supp_nation,
cust_nation,
l_year

5 rows processed.
Query Processed in 3.86 seconds.

-- @(#6.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Forecasting Revenue Change Query (Q6)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

select
sum(l_extendedprice * l_discount) as revenue
from
lineitem
where
l_shipdate >= to_date('1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and l_shipdate < add_months(to_date('1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
12)
and l_discount between .06 - .01 and .06 + .01
and l_quantity < 24

REVENUE
123141078.23

4 rows processed.
Query Processed in 1.80 seconds.

-- @(#7.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Volume Shipping Query (Q7)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

select
supp_nation,
cust_nation,
l_year,
sum(volume) as revenue
from
(
select
n1.n_name as supp_nation,
n2.n_name as cust_nation,
to_number(to_char
(l_shipdate,'yyyy')) as l_year,
l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) as volume
from
supplier,
lineitem,
orders,
customer,
nation n1,
nation n2
where
s_suppkey = l_suppkey
and o_orderkey = l_orderkey
and c_custkey = o_custkey
and c_nationkey = n1.n_nationkey
and n1.n_regionkey = r_regionkey
and r_name = 'AMERICA'
and s_nationkey = n2.n_nationkey
)
group by
supp_nation,
cust_nation,
l_year
order by
supp_nation,
cust_nation,
l_year

REVENUE
123141078.23

4 rows processed.
Query Processed in 0.21 seconds.

-- @(#8a.sql     2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R National Market Share Query (Q8)
-- Variant A
-- Approved February 1998

select
o_year,
sum(case when nation='BRAZIL' then volume else 0 end) /
sum(volume)
as mkt_share
from
(
select
to_number(to_char(o_orderdate, 'yyyy')) as o_year,
l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) as volume,
n2.n_name as nation
from
part,
supplier,
lineitem,
orders,
customer,
nation n1,
nation n2,
region
where
p_partkey = l_partkey
and s_suppkey = l_suppkey
and l_orderkey = o_orderkey
and o_custkey = c_custkey
and c_nationkey = n1.n_nationkey
and n1.n_regionkey = r_regionkey
and r_name = 'AMERICA'
and s_nationkey = n2.n_nationkey
)
group by
o_year
order by
o_year

```

```

and o_orderdate between to_date ('1995-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD') and
to_date ('1996-12-31', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and p_type = 'ECONOMY ANODIZED STEEL'
) all_nations
group by
o_year
order by
o_year

O_YEAR      MKT_SHARE
1995.00      0.03
1996.00      0.04

```

2 rows processed.
Query Processed in 8.40 seconds.

```

-- @(#)9.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Product Type Profit Measure Query (Q9)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

```

```

select
nation,
o_year,
sum(amount) as sum_profit
from
(
select
n_name as nation,
to_number (to_char (o_orderdate, 'yyyy')) as o_year,
l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) - ps_supplycost * l_quantity as
amount
from
part,
supplier,
lineitem,
partsupp,
orders,
nation

```

```

where
s_suppkey = l_suppkey
and ps_suppkey = l_suppkey
and ps_partkey = l_partkey
and p_partkey = l_partkey
and o_orderkey = l_orderkey
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and p_name like '%green%'
) profit
group by
nation,
o_year
order by
nation,
o_year desc

```

NATION	O_YEAR	SUM_PROFIT
ALGERIA	1998.00	31342867.23
ALGERIA	1997.00	57138193.02
ALGERIA	1996.00	56140140.13
ALGERIA	1995.00	53051469.65
ALGERIA	1994.00	53867582.13
ALGERIA	1993.00	54942718.13
ALGERIA	1992.00	54628034.71
ARGENTINA	1998.00	30211185.71
ARGENTINA	1997.00	50805741.75
ARGENTINA	1996.00	51923746.58
ARGENTINA	1995.00	49298625.77
ARGENTINA	1994.00	50835610.11

	ARGENTINA	1993.00	51646079.18
	ARGENTINA	1992.00	50410314.99
	BRAZIL	1998.00	27217924.38
	BRAZIL	1997.00	48378669.20
	BRAZIL	1996.00	50482870.36
	BRAZIL	1995.00	47623383.63
	BRAZIL	1994.00	47840165.73
	BRAZIL	1993.00	49054694.04
	BRAZIL	1992.00	48667639.08
	CANADA	1998.00	30379833.77
	CANADA	1997.00	50465052.31
	CANADA	1996.00	52560501.39
	CANADA	1995.00	52375332.81
	CANADA	1994.00	52600364.66
	CANADA	1993.00	52644504.07
	CANADA	1992.00	53932871.70
	CHINA	1998.00	31075466.16
	CHINA	1997.00	50551874.45
	CHINA	1996.00	51039293.88
	UNITED STATES	1998.00	25126238.95
	UNITED STATES	1997.00	50077306.42
	UNITED STATES	1996.00	48048649.47
	UNITED STATES	1995.00	48809032.42
	UNITED STATES	1994.00	49296747.18
	UNITED STATES	1993.00	48029946.80
	UNITED STATES	1992.00	48671944.50
	VIETNAM	1998.00	30442736.06
	VIETNAM	1997.00	50309179.79
	VIETNAM	1996.00	50488161.41
	VIETNAM	1995.00	49658284.61
	VIETNAM	1994.00	50596057.26
	VIETNAM	1993.00	50953919.15
	VIETNAM	1992.00	49613838.32

175 rows processed.
Query Processed in 5.33 seconds.

```

-- @(#)10.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Returned Item Reporting Query (Q10)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

```

```

select * from (
select
c_custkey,
c_name,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as revenue,
c_acctbal,
n_name,
c_address,
c_phone,
c_comment
from
customer,
orders,
lineitem,
nation
where
c_custkey = o_custkey
and l_orderkey = o_orderkey

```

```

and o_orderdate >= to_date ('1993-10-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and o_orderdate < add_months( to_date('1993-10-01', 'YYYY-MM-
DD'), 3)
and l_returnflag = 'R'
and c_nationkey = n_nationkey
group by
c_custkey,
c_name,
c_acctbal,
c_phone,
n_name,
c_address,
c_comment
order by
revenue desc)
where rownum <= 20

```

C_CUSTKEY	C_NAME	REVENUE
C_ACCTBAL	N_NAME	
C_ADDRESS	C_PHONE	
C_COMMENT		
57040.00	Customer#000057040	734235.25
632.87	JAPAN	
Eioyzjf4pp	22-895-641-3466	
requests sleep blithely about the furiously i		
143347.00	Customer#000143347	721002.69
2557.47	EGYPT	
1aReFYv,Kw4	14-742-935-3718	
fluffily bold excuses haggle finally after the u		
60838.00	Customer#000060838	679127.31
2454.77	BRAZIL	
64EaJ5vMAHWJlBoxJklpNc2RJiWE	12-913-494-9813	
furiously even pinto beans integrate under the ruthless foxes; ironic,		
even dolphins across the slyl		

<deleted>		

20 rows processed.

Query Processed in 1.83 seconds.

```

-- @(#11.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Important Stock Identification Query (Q11)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

```

```

select
ps_partkey,
sum(ps_supplycost * ps_availqty) as value
from
partsupp,
supplier,
nation
where
ps_suppkey = s_suppkey
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_name = 'GERMANY'
group by
ps_partkey having
sum(ps_supplycost * ps_availqty) > (
select
sum(ps_supplycost * ps_availqty) * 0.0001000000
from
partsupp,
supplier,

```

```

nation
where
ps_suppkey = s_suppkey
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_name = 'GERMANY'
)
order by
value desc

```

PS_PARTKEY	VALUE
129760.00	17538456.86
166726.00	16503353.92
191287.00	16474801.97
161758.00	16101755.54
34452.00	15983844.72
139035.00	15907078.34
9403.00	15451755.62
154358.00	15212937.88
38823.00	15064802.86
85606.00	15053957.15
33354.00	14408297.40
154747.00	14407580.68
82865.00	14235489.78
76094.00	14094247.04
222.00	13937777.74
121271.00	13908336.00
55221.00	13716120.47
22819.00	13666434.28
76281.00	13646853.68
85298.00	13581154.93
85158.00	13554904.00
139684.00	13535538.72
31034.00	13498025.25
87305.00	13482847.04
10181.00	13445148.75
62323.00	13411824.30
26489.00	13377256.38

<deleted>	

PS_PARTKEY	VALUE
25891.00	7890511.20
122819.00	7888881.02
154731.00	7888301.33
101674.00	7879324.60
51968.00	7879102.21
72073.00	7877736.11
5182.00	7874521.73

1048 rows processed.
Query Processed in 4.88 seconds.

```

-- @(#12.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Shipping Modes and Order Priority Query (Q12)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

```

```

select
l_shipmode,
sum(case
when o_orderpriority = '1-URGENT'
or o_orderpriority = '2-HIGH'
then 1
else 0
end) as high_line_count,
sum(case

```

```

        when o_orderpriority <> '1-URGENT'
            and o_orderpriority <> '2-HIGH'
            then 1
        else 0
    end) as low_line_count
from
    orders,
    lineitem
where
    o_orderkey = l_orderkey
    and l_shipmode in ('MAIL', 'SHIP')
    and l_commitdate < l_receiptdate
    and l_shipdate < l_commitdate
and l_receiptdate >= to_date('1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and l_receiptdate < add_months(to_date('1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-'
DD'), 12)
group by
    l_shipmode
order by
    l_shipmode
L_SHIPMODE HIGH_LINE_COUNT      LOW_LINE_COUNT
MAIL      6202.00          9324.00
SHIP      6200.00          9262.00

```

2 rows processed.
Query Processed in 1.67 seconds.

L_SHIPMODE	HIGH_LINE_COUNT	LOW_LINE_COUNT
MAIL	6202.00	9324.00
SHIP	6200.00	9262.00
	35.00	33.00
	1.00	23.00
	36.00	17.00
	37.00	7.00
	40.00	4.00
	38.00	4.00
	39.00	2.00
	41.00	1.00

```
-- @(#)13.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Customer Distribution Query (Q13)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998
```

```

select
c_count,
count(*) as custdist
from
(
select
c_custkey,
count(o_orderkey) as c_count
from
customer, orders where
c_custkey = o_custkey(+)
and o_comment(+) not like '%special%requests%'
group by
c_custkey
) c_orders
group by
c_count
order by
custdist desc,
c_count desc

```

C_COUNT	CUSTDIST
0.00	50004.00
9.00	6641.00
10.00	6566.00
11.00	6058.00
8.00	5949.00
12.00	5553.00
13.00	4989.00
19.00	4748.00
7.00	4707.00
18.00	4625.00
15.00	4552.00
17.00	4530.00
14.00	4484.00

```
42 rows processed.
Query Processed in 0.85 seconds.
```

```
-- @(#)14.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Promotion Effect Query (Q14)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998
```

```

select
    100.00 * sum(case
        when p_type like 'PROMO%'
            then l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)
        else 0
    end) / sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as
    promo_revenue
from
    lineitem,
    part
where
    l_partkey = p_partkey
    and l_shipdate >= date '1995-09-01'
    and l_shipdate < date '1995-09-01' + interval '1' month

```

PROMO_REVENUE
16.38

1 row processed.
Query Processed in 0.25 seconds.

```
-- @(#)15.sql 2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Top Supplier Query (Q15)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998
```

with revenue

```

as (select
l_suppkey supplier_no,
sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) total_revenue
from
lineitem
where
l_shipdate >= to_date('1996-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and l_shipdate < add_months(to_date('1996-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 3)
group by
l_suppkey)
select
s_suppkey,
s_name,
s_address,
s_phone,
total_revenue
from
supplier,
revenue
where
s_suppkey = supplier_no
and total_revenue = (
select
max(total_revenue)
from
revenue )
order by
s_suppkey

```

S_SUPPKEY	S_NAME	S_PHONE	TOTAL_REVENUE
8449.00	Supplier#000008449	Wp34zim9qYFbVctdW	20-469-856-8873 1772627.21

1 row processed.
Query Processed in 1.88 seconds.

```

-- @(#)16.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Parts/Supplier Relationship Query (Q16)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

```

```

select
p_brand,
p_type,
p_size,
count(distinct ps_suppkey) as supplier_cnt
from
partsupp,
part
where
p_partkey = ps_partkey
and p_brand <> 'Brand#45'
and p_type not like 'MEDIUM POLISHED%'
and p_size in (49, 14, 23, 45, 19, 3, 36, 9)
and ps_suppkey not in (
select
s_suppkey
from
supplier
where
s_comment like '%Customer%Complaints%' )
group by
p_brand,
p_type,
p_size

```

```

order by
supplier_cnt desc,
p_brand,
p_type,
p_size

P_BRAND    P_TYPE          P_SIZE      SUPPLIER_CNT
Brand#41   MEDIUM BRUSHED TIN  3.00       28.00
Brand#54   STANDARD BRUSHED COPPER 14.00      27.00
Brand#11   STANDARD BRUSHED TIN  23.00      24.00
Brand#11   STANDARD BURNISHED BRASS 36.00      24.00
Brand#15   MEDIUM ANODIZED NICKEL 3.00       24.00
Brand#15   SMALL ANODIZED BRASS  45.00      24.00
Brand#15   SMALL BURNISHED NICKEL 19.00      24.00
Brand#21   MEDIUM ANODIZED COPPER 3.00       24.00
Brand#22   SMALL BRUSHED NICKEL  3.00       24.00
Brand#22   SMALL BURNISHED BRASS 19.00      24.00
-----
-----
<deleted>
-----
-----
Brand#52   MEDIUM BRUSHED BRASS 45.00      3.00
Brand#53   MEDIUM BRUSHED TIN  45.00      3.00
Brand#54   ECONOMY POLISHED BRASS 9.00       3.00
Brand#55   PROMO PLATED BRASS  19.00      3.00
Brand#55   STANDARD PLATED TIN 49.00      3.00

```

18314 rows processed.
Query Processed in 0.63 seconds.

```

-- @(#)17.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Small-Quantity-Order Revenue Query (Q17)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

```

```

select
sum(l_extendedprice) / 7.0 as avg_yearly
from
lineitem,
part
where
p_partkey = l_partkey
and p_brand = 'Brand#23'
and p_container = 'MED BOX'
and l_quantity < (
select
0.2 * avg(l_quantity)
from
lineitem
where
l_partkey = p_partkey
)
AVG_YEARLY
348406.05

```

1 row processed.
Query Processed in 1.75 seconds.

```

-- @(#)18.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Large Volume Customer Query (Q18)
-- Function Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

```

```

select * from (
select
c_name,
c_custkey,
o_orderkey,
o_orderdate,
o_totalprice,
sum(l_quantity)
from
customer,
orders,
lineitem
where
o_orderkey in (
select
l_orderkey
from
lineitem
group by
l_orderkey having
sum(l_quantity) > 300
)
and c_custkey = o_custkey
and o_orderkey = l_orderkey
group by
c_name,
c_custkey,
o_orderkey,
o_orderdate,
o_totalprice
order by
o_totalprice desc,
o_orderdate
)
where rownum <= 100

```

C_NAME	C_CUSTKEY	O_ORDERKEY	
Customer#000128120	128120.00	4722021.00	1994-04-07
544089.09	323.00		
Customer#000144617	144617.00	3043270.00	1997-02-12
530604.44	317.00		
Customer#000013940	13940.00	2232932.00	1997-04-13
522720.61	304.00		
Customer#000066790	66790.00	2199712.00	1996-09-30
515531.82	327.00		
Customer#000046435	46435.00	4745607.00	1997-07-03
508047.99	309.00		
Customer#000015272	15272.00	3883783.00	1993-07-28
500241.33	302.00		
Customer#000146608	146608.00	3342468.00	1994-06-12
499794.58	303.00		
Customer#000096103	96103.00	5984582.00	1992-03-16
494398.79	312.00		
Customer#000024341	24341.00	1474818.00	1992-11-15
491348.26	302.00		
Customer#000137446	137446.00	5489475.00	1997-05-23
487763.25	311.00		
Customer#000107590	107590.00	4267751.00	1994-11-04

	485141.38	301.00		
Customer#000050008	50008.00		2366755.00	1996-
12-09				
483891.26	302.00			
Customer#000015619	15619.00		3767271.00	1996-
08-07				
480083.96	318.00			
Customer#000077260	77260.00		1436544.00	1992-
09-12				
479499.43	307.00			
Customer#000109379	109379.00		5746311.00	1996-
10-10				
478064.11	302.00			
Customer#000054602	54602.00		5832321.00	1997-
02-09				
471220.08	307.00			
Customer#000105995	105995.00		2096705.00	1994-
07-03				
469692.58	307.00			

<deleted>				

Customer#000082441	82441.00		857959.00	1994-
02-07				
382579.74	305.00			
Customer#000088703	88703.00		2995076.00	1994-
01-30				
363812.12	302.00			

57 rows processed.
Query Processed in 2.08 seconds.

```

-- @(#19.sql          2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Discounted Revenue Query (Q19)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

select
sum(l_extendedprice* (1 - l_discount)) as revenue
from
lineitem,
part
where
(
p_partkey = l_partkey
and p_brand = 'Brand#12'
and p_container in ('SM CASE', 'SM BOX', 'SM PACK', 'SM PKG')
and l_quantity >= 1 and l_quantity <= 1 + 10
and p_size between 1 and 5
and l_shipmode in ('AIR', 'AIR REG')
and l_shipinstruct = 'DELIVER IN PERSON'
)
or
(
p_partkey = l_partkey
and p_brand = 'Brand#23'
and p_container in ('MED BAG', 'MED BOX', 'MED PKG', 'MED PACK')
and l_quantity >= 10 and l_quantity <= 10 + 10
and p_size between 1 and 10
and l_shipmode in ('AIR', 'AIR REG')
and l_shipinstruct = 'DELIVER IN PERSON'
)
or
(

```

```

p_partkey = l_partkey
and p_brand = 'Brand#34'
and p_container in ('LG CASE', 'LG BOX', 'LG PACK', 'LG PKG')
and l_quantity >= 20 and l_quantity <= 20 + 10
and p_size between 1 and 15
and l_shipmode in ('AIR', 'AIR REG')
and l_shipinstruct = 'DELIVER IN PERSON'
)

```

REVENUE
3083843.06

1 row processed.
Query Processed in 1.65 seconds.

```

-- @(#)20.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Potential Part Promotion Query (Q20)
-- Function Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

```

```

select
s_name,
s_address
from
supplier,
nation
where
s_suppkey in (
select
ps_suppkey
from
partsupp
where
ps_partkey in (
select
p_partkey
from
part
where
p_name like 'forest%'
)
and ps_availqty >
select
0.5 * sum(l_quantity)
from
lineitem
where
l_partkey = ps_partkey
and l_suppkey = ps_suppkey
and l_shipdate >= to_date ('1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD')
and l_shipdate < add_months( to_date ('1994-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
12)
)
)
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_name = 'CANADA'
order by
s_name

```

S_NAME	S_ADDRESS
Supplier#000000020	iybAE,RnTymrZVYafZva2SHj
Supplier#000000091	YV45D7TkfdQanOOZ7q9QxkyGUapU1oOWU6q3
Supplier#000000197	YC2Acon6kjY3zj3Fbx2k4Vdf7X0cd2F
Supplier#000000226	83qOdU2EYRdPQAQhEtn GRZEd
Supplier#000000285	Br7e1nnt1yxrw6ImgpJ7YdhFDjuBf
Supplier#000000378	FfbhyCxWvcPrO8ltp9
Supplier#000000402	i9Sw4DoyMhzKXCH9By.AYSgmD

```

Supplier#000000530    0qwCMwobKY OcmLyfRXlagA8ukENJv,
Supplier#000000688    D fw5ocppmZpYBBIPI718hCiLDZ5KhKX
Supplier#000000710    f19YPvOyb QoYwjKC,oPyccGfieBAcwKJo
Supplier#000000736    l6i2nMwVuovfKnuVgaSGK2rDy65DIAFLegiL7
-----
```

<deleted>

```

Supplier#0000009709   rRnCbHYgDgj9PZYnyWKVYSUW0vKg
Supplier#0000009753   wLhVEcRmd7PkJF4FBnGK7Z
Supplier#0000009796   z,y4ldmr15DOvPUqYG
Supplier#0000009799   4wNjXGa4OKWI
Supplier#0000009811   E3iuyq7UnZxU7oPZle2Gu6
Supplier#0000009812   APFRMy3ICbgFga53n5t9DxzFPQPgnjrGt32
Supplier#0000009862   rJzweWeN58
Supplier#0000009868   ROjGgx5gvtkmnUUoeyy7v
Supplier#0000009869   ucLqxzrpBTRMewGSM29t0rNTM30g1Tu3Xgg3mKag
Supplier#0000009899   7XdpaHrzrlt,UQFZE
Supplier#0000009974   7wJ,J5DKcxSU4Kp1cQLpbcAvB5AsvKT

```

204 rows processed.
Query Processed in 2.70 seconds.

```

-- @(#)21.sql      2.1.6.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Suppliers Who Kept Orders Waiting Query (Q21)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

```

```

select * from (
select
s_name,
count(*) numwait
from
supplier,
lineitem l1,
orders,
nation
where
s_suppkey = l1.l_suppkey
and o_orderkey = l1.l_orderkey
and o_orderstatus = 'F'
and l1.l_receiptdate > l1.l_commitdate
and exists (
select
*
from
lineitem l2
where
l2.l_orderkey = l1.l_orderkey
and l2.l_suppkey <> l1.l_suppkey
)
and not exists (
select
*
from
lineitem l3
where
l3.l_orderkey = l1.l_orderkey
and l3.l_suppkey <> l1.l_suppkey
and l3.l_receiptdate > l3.l_commitdate
)
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and n_name = 'SAUDI ARABIA'
group by
s_name
)
```

```

s_name
order by
numwait desc,
s_name)
where rownum <= 100

S_NAME      NUMWAIT
Supplier#000002829    20.00
Supplier#000005808    18.00
Supplier#000000262    17.00
Supplier#000000496    17.00
Supplier#000002160    17.00
Supplier#000002301    17.00
Supplier#000002540    17.00
-----
-----
<deleted>
-----
-----
Supplier#000000821    12.00
Supplier#000001337    12.00
Supplier#000001916    12.00
Supplier#000001925    12.00
Supplier#000002039    12.00
Supplier#000002357    12.00
Supplier#000002483    12.00
100 rows processed.
Query Processed in 9.67 seconds.

-- @(#)22.sql 2.1.4.2
-- TPC-H/TPC-R Global Sales Opportunity Query (Q22)
-- Functional Query Definition
-- Approved February 1998

select
cntrycode,
count(*) as numcust,
sum(c_acctbal) as totacctbal
from
(
select
substr(c_phone, 1, 2) as cntrycode,
c_acctbal
from
customer
where
substr(c_phone, 1, 2) in ('13', '31', '23', '29', '30', '18', '17')
and c_acctbal > (
select
avg(c_acctbal)
from
customer
where
c_acctbal > 0.00
and substr(c_phone, 1, 2) in ('13', '31', '23', '29', '30', '18', '17')
)
and not exists (
select
*
from
orders
where
o_custkey = c_custkey
)
) custsale
group by
cntrycode
order by
cntrycode
-----
```

CNTRYCODE	NUMCUST	TOTACCTBAL
13	888.00	6737713.99
17	861.00	6460573.72
18	964.00	7236687.40
23	892.00	6701457.95
29	948.00	7158866.63
30	909.00	6808436.13
31	922.00	6806670.18

7 rows processed.
Query Processed in 1.01 seconds.

```

select
cntrycode,
count(*) as numcust,
sum(c_acctbal) as totacctbal
from
customer
where
substr(c_phone, 1, 2) in ('13', '31', '23', '29', '30', '18', '17')
and c_acctbal > (
select
avg(c_acctbal)
from
customer
where
c_acctbal > 0.00
and substr(c_phone, 1, 2) in ('13', '31', '23', '29', '30', '18', '17')
)
and not exists (
select
*
from
orders
where
o_custkey = c_custkey
)
) custsale
group by
cntrycode
order by
cntrycode
-----
```

Ended Executing this Stream at Fri Jul 28 15:06:30 2006

Stream Started at 1154124332.92
Stream Ended at 1154124390.38
Stream Processed in 57.47 seconds

SQL statements processed: 22

Seed and Input Parameters

Seed

0730031043

qp1.0

```
14      1994-01-01
2       23      BRASS   AFRICA
9       plum
20      grey    1995-01-01      RUSSIA
6       1994-01-01      0.04      25
17      Brand#53 LG CAN
18      313
8       MOZAMBIQUE   AFRICA ECONOMY BURNISHED NICKEL
21      JAPAN
13      express packages
3       AUTOMOBILE   1995-03-01
22      17      31      20      25      13      26      29
16      Brand#55 MEDIUM PLATED 11      1      12      43      9      46      39      6
4       1993-02-01
11      VIETNAM      0.0000001000
15      1996-01-01
1       100
10      1994-04-01
19      Brand#22 Brand#35 Brand#44 1      11      20
5       AFRICA 1994-01-01
7       GERMANY      MOZAMBIQUE
12      RAIL      SHIP      1993-01-01
```

qp1.1

```
21      EGYPT
3       HOUSEHOLD  1995-03-17
18      315
5       AMERICA     1994-01-01
11      INDONESIA   0.0000001000
7       UNITED STATES INDIA
6       1994-01-01      0.09      24
20      royal    1993-01-01      IRAQ
17      Brand#55 MED BOX
12      AIR      SHIP      1994-01-01
16      Brand#35 ECONOMY BRUSHED      27      17      47      24      1      45      31      12
15      1993-10-01
13      express packages
10      1993-02-01
2       11      TIN      ASIA
8       INDIA      ASIA      LARGE BRUSHED NICKEL
14      1994-04-01
19      Brand#34 Brand#13 Brand#43 7      12      28
9       orchid
22      33      25      10      11      24      23      18
1       109
4       1995-09-01
```

qp1.2

```
6       1994-01-01      0.07      24
17      Brand#51 MED PACK
```

14 1994-07-01
 16 Brand#25 SMALL ANODIZED 7 11 45 19 27 6 8 16
 19 Brand#32 Brand#51 Brand#32 2 13 24
 10 1993-11-01
 9 misty
 2 49 COPPER AFRICA
 15 1996-05-01
 8 ALGERIA AFRICA LARGE PLATED NICKEL
 5 EUROPE 1994-01-01
 22 11 23 33 13 26 29 19
 12 SHIP RAIL 1996-01-01
 7 MOZAMBIQUE ALGERIA
 13 express requests
 18 312
 1 117
 4 1993-06-01
 20 cornsilk 1997-01-01 ARGENTINA
 3 AUTOMOBILE 1995-03-03
 11 RUSSIA 0.0000001000
 21 RUSSIA

qp1.3

8 PERU AMERICA LARGE ANODIZED NICKEL
 5 MIDDLE EAST 1994-01-01
 4 1995-12-01
 6 1994-01-01 0.04 25
 17 Brand#53 MED CAN
 7 INDIA PERU
 1 64
 18 314
 22 26 28 17 27 29 31 16
 14 1994-11-01
 9 magenta
 10 1994-08-01
 15 1994-01-01
 11 IRAN 0.0000001000
 20 olive 1995-01-01 MOZAMBIQUE
 2 37 STEEL EUROPE
 21 KENYA
 19 Brand#34 Brand#34 Brand#31 7 14 20
 13 special requests
 16 Brand#55 LARGE PLATED 38 21 17 46 25 4 34 49
 12 FOB REG AIR 1994-01-01
 3 FURNITURE 1995-03-19

qp1.4

5 AFRICA 1995-01-01
 21 FRANCE
 14 1995-02-01
 19 Brand#41 Brand#22 Brand#31 2 15 27
 15 1996-08-01
 17 Brand#55 JUMBO BOX
 12 MAIL REG AIR 1995-01-01
 6 1995-01-01 0.02 24
 4 1993-09-01
 9 lavender
 8 INDONESIA ASIA MEDIUM POLISHED BRASS
 16 Brand#35 PROMO POLISHED 24 19 46 16 37 32 10 25
 11 UNITED KINGDOM 0.0000001000
 2 25 BRASS AFRICA
 10 1993-05-01
 18 315
 1 72
 13 special requests

7 ALGERIA INDONESIA
 22 17 20 24 14 23 19 13
 3 AUTOMOBILE 1995-03-05
 20 azure 1994-01-01 FRANCE

qp1.5

21 UNITED KINGDOM
 15 1994-05-01
 4 1996-04-01
 6 1995-01-01 0.07 24
 7 PERU ARGENTINA
 16 Brand#25 MEDIUM ANODIZED 15 47 48 16 17 44 37 10
 19 Brand#43 Brand#55 Brand#25 8 16 23
 18 313
 14 1995-05-01
 22 20 18 23 17 26 34 21
 11 IRAQ 0.0000001000
 13 special requests
 3 FURNITURE 1995-03-21
 1 80
 2 12 NICKEL EUROPE
 5 AMERICA 1995-01-01
 8 ARGENTINA AMERICA MEDIUM BURNISHED BRASS
 20 lawn 1997-01-01 SAUDI ARABIA
 12 TRUCK REG AIR 1995-01-01
 17 Brand#52 JUMBO PACK
 10 1994-02-01
 9 honeydew

qp1.6

10 1994-12-01
 3 MACHINERY 1995-03-07
 15 1996-12-01
 13 special accounts
 6 1995-01-01 0.05 25
 8 CHINA ASIA SMALL BRUSHED BRASS
 9 frosted
 7 INDONESIA CHINA
 4 1994-01-01
 11 UNITED STATES 0.0000001000
 22 12 16 27 19 26 17 10
 18 314
 12 RAIL REG AIR 1995-01-01
 1 88
 5 ASIA 1995-01-01
 16 Brand#55 ECONOMY BURNISHED 35 46 32 22 28 30 26 7
 2 50 COPPER AMERICA
 14 1995-08-01
 19 Brand#45 Brand#43 Brand#24 3 17 20
 20 smoke 1996-01-01 IRAN
 17 Brand#54 JUMBO CAN
 21 MOROCCO

qp1.7

18 312
 8 IRAN MIDDLE EAST SMALL PLATED BRASS
 20 floral 1994-01-01 ALGERIA\]

21 GERMANY
2 38 STEEL EUROPE
4 1996-08-01
22 10 20 22 21 30 16 17
17 Brand#51 WRAP BOX
1 96
11 JAPAN 0.0000001000
9 dim
19 Brand#52 Brand#21 Brand#23 8 18 27
3 BUILDING 1995-03-23
13 special accounts
5 EUROPE 1995-01-01
7 ARGENTINA IRAN
10 1993-09-01
16 Brand#35 STANDARD POLISHED 47 42 48 12 3 40 23 20
6 1995-01-01 0.02 24
14 1995-11-01
15 1994-08-01
12 REG AIR AIR 1995-01-01

Appendix F Benchmark Scripts

F.2 dbtables.sql

```

set echo on
set numwidth 25
spool rdbtablest
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM LINEITEM;

SELECT * FROM LINEITEM
WHERE L_ORDERKEY IN
( 4, 26598, 148577, 387431, 56704, 517442, 600000)
AND L_LINENUMBER = 1
ORDER BY L_ORDERKEY;

SELECT * FROM REGION;

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM NATION;

SELECT * FROM NATION
WHERE N_NATIONKEY IN (3,10,14,20)
ORDER BY N_NATIONKEY;

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM ORDERS;

SELECT * FROM ORDERS
WHERE O_ORDERKEY IN ( 7, 44065, 287590, 411111, 483876,
599942 )
ORDER BY O_ORDERKEY;

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM PART;

SELECT * FROM PART
WHERE P_PARTKEY IN (1,984,8743,9028,13876,17899,20000)
ORDER BY P_PARTKEY;

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM PARTSUPP;

SELECT* FROM PARTSUPP
WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 3398
AND PS_SUPPKEY = (SELECT MIN(PS_SUPPKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 3398);

SELECT* FROM PARTSUPP
WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 15873
AND PS_SUPPKEY = (SELECT MIN(PS_SUPPKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 15873);

SELECT* FROM PARTSUPP
WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 11394
AND PS_SUPPKEY = (SELECT MIN(PS_SUPPKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 11394);

SELECT* FROM PARTSUPP
WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 6743
AND PS_SUPPKEY = (SELECT MIN(PS_SUPPKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 6743);

SELECT* FROM PARTSUPP
WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 19763
AND PS_SUPPKEY = (SELECT MIN(PS_SUPPKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 19763);

AND PS_SUPPKEY = (SELECT MIN(PS_SUPPKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP WHERE PS_PARTKEY = 19763);

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM SUPPLIER;
SELECT * FROM SUPPLIER
WHERE S_SUPPKEY IN (83,265,492,784,901,1000)
ORDER BY S_SUPPKEY;

DROP TABLE MINMAX;
CREATE TABLE MINMAX
(TNAME CHAR(15),
KEYMIN INTEGER,
KEYMAX INTEGER);

INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'LINEITEM_ORD',MIN(L_ORDERKEY),MAX(L_ORDERKEY)
FROM LINEITEM ;

INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'LINEITEM_NBR',MIN(L_LINENUMBER),MAX(L_LINENUMBER)
FROM LINEITEM;

INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT 'ORDERTBL',MIN(O_ORDERKEY),MAX(O_ORDERKEY)
FROM ORDERS;

INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT 'CUSTOMER',MIN(C_CUSTKEY),MAX(C_CUSTKEY)
FROM CUSTOMER;

INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT 'PART',MIN(P_PARTKEY),MAX(P_PARTKEY)
FROM PART;

INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT 'SUPPLIER',MIN(S_SUPPKEY),MAX(S_SUPPKEY)
FROM SUPPLIER;

INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'PARTSUPP_PART',MIN(PS_PARTKEY),MAX(PS_PARTKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP;

INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT
'PARTSUPP_SUPP',MIN(PS_SUPPKEY),MAX(PS_SUPPKEY)
FROM PARTSUPP;

INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT 'NATION',MIN(N_NATIONKEY),MAX(N_NATIONKEY)
FROM NATION;

INSERT INTO MINMAX
SELECT 'REGION',MIN(R_REGIONKEY),MAX(R_REGIONKEY)
FROM REGION;

SELECT * FROM MINMAX;
spool off
exit;

```

F.3 firstten.sql

```
set echo on
set numwidth 25
spool count.out
select * from lineitem where rownum < 11;
select * from orders where rownum < 11;
select * from part where rownum < 11;
select * from partsupp where rownum < 11;
select * from supplier where rownum < 11;
select * from customer where rownum < 11;
select * from nation where rownum < 11;
select * from region where rownum < 11;
spool off
exit;
```

F.4 gen_seed.sh

```
#!/bin/ksh

SEED_FILE=$1

#Generate the seed
echo "Setting the random number seed"
PSEED=`date +%m:%d:%H:%M:%S | sed -e 's://g'`
echo "Using ${PSEED} as seed0"
echo ${PSEED} > $SEED_FILE
echo "Done setting the random number seed"
```

F.5 gtime.c

```
/* Copyright (c) 2001, 2002, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. */

/*
NAME
  gtime.c - <one-line expansion of the name>

DESCRIPTION
  <short description of facility this file declares/defines>

EXPORT FUNCTION(S)
  <external functions defined for use outside package - one-line
descriptions>

INTERNAL FUNCTION(S)
  <other external functions defined - one-line descriptions>

STATIC FUNCTION(S)
  <static functions defined - one-line descriptions>

NOTES
  <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>

MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
  mpoess 10/17/01 - add serialization level in SQLInit
  mpoess 02/22/01 - add linux changes
  mpoess 08/05/99 - make compile
  mpoess 11/13/98 - fix pdll statement
  pswong 02/19/97 - migrating to version 8
  pswong 04/02/96 - more polishing
  pswong 03/25/96 - polish up
  pswong 03/06/96 - created

*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/time.h>
main ()
{
```

```
    struct timeval tv;
    (void) gettimeofday (&tv, (struct timezone *) 0);
    printf ("%-.2f\n", ((double) tv.tv_sec + (1.0e-6 * (double) tv.tv_usec)))
    ;
}
/* end of file gtime.c */
```

F.6 qexecpl.c

```
#ifdef RCSID
static char *RCSid =
"$Header: qexecpl.c 17-oct-2001.09:29:47 mpoess Exp $ ";
#endif /* RCSID */

/* Copyright (c) 1999, 2001, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. */

/*
NAME
  qexecpl.c - <one-line expansion of the name>

DESCRIPTION
  SQL Execution Engine, Oracle v8, OCI version

PRIVATE FUNCTION(S)
  <list of static functions defined in .c file - with one-line descriptions>

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  pswong 03/06/96 - created

*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <setjmp.h>
#include <sys/param.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "qexecpl.h"

/* Function Prototypes */

extern double gettimeofday();

/* function prototypes from gen.c */

int get_statement();

/* Declare error handling functions */

void sql_error();
```

```

/* Other prototypes */

int define_output_variables();
void process_select_list();
void usage();
void SQLInit();
void SQLexec();
void SQLexit();
void *memalloc();
void print_header();
void print_rows();
int OFEN();
void remove_newline();

char logname[UNAME_LEN]; /* username/passwd combo */
char *passwd;

double tr_start = 0.0; /* query start time */ 
double tr_end = 0.0; /* query end time */ 

double s_tr_start = 0.0; /* statement start time */ 
double s_tr_end = 0.0; /* statement end time */ 

/* For our purpose of timing, we will treat comments as delimiters */
/* for queries. Thus, we will collect query timings whenever we */
/* encounter a comment (of course not for the first comment in a */
/* file). */ */

int end_flag = 0; /* flag to indicate that we have reached */
/* the end of a query */

int stmt_cnt = 0; /* Number of statements processed. */
int qry_cnt = 0; /* Number of query processed. */

double product = 1.0; /* cumulative product of query times */
int rows_ret = 0; /* the number of rows fetched */
int num_sel_list = 0; /* the number of select list item */

long num_to_fetch = -1; /* Number of rows to fetch. -1 means fetch all */

sltype slist[MAX_SEL_LIST]; /* Array for describing Select List */
*/
dltpe *dlst[MAX_SEL_LIST]; /* Array of ptrs for Defining Select
List */

char stmt[SQL_LEN]; /* The SQL statement or comment line. */
char qn[3]; /* Number of the query being executed */
char qnp[3]; /* Number of the previous query executed */
char cmnt[5000]; /* Buffer to save the comment. */
#endif LINUX
FILE *qtemp; /* fd for query template */
FILE *logfile; /* log and report files */
FILE *rep;
#else
FILE *qtemp = stdin; /* fd for query template */
FILE *logfile = stdout; /* log and report files */
FILE *rep = stdout;
#endif
void *defbuf; /* Buffer pointer for ODEFIN */
int deflen = 0; /* Size of data type for ODEFIN */
int deftype = 1; /* Oracle type number for ODEFIN */

int pfmem = PFMEMSIZE; /* Memory to prefetch rows */

time_t tim; /* To get wall clock time */

/* OCI handles */

OCIEnv *tpcenv = NULL;

OCIServer *tpcsrv = NULL;
OCIError *errhp = NULL;
OCISvcCtx *tpcsvc = NULL;
OCISession *tpcusr = NULL;
OCISStmt *curq = NULL;
OCISStmt *cur_dml = NULL;
OCISStmt *cur_ddl = NULL;
OCIPParam *tpcpar = NULL;

sword status = OCI_SUCCESS; /* OCI return value */

/* usage: prints the usage of the program */

void usage() {

    fprintf(stderr,"Usage: qexec username/password [q<path name for
query template file>]\n");
    fprintf(stderr," [l<path name for log>] [r<path name for
reports>]\n\n");
    fprintf(stderr,"Options:\n");
    fprintf(stderr,"q<path for query> : full path name for the query
template file.\n");
    fprintf(stderr," (default is stdin)\n");
    fprintf(stderr,"l<path name for log> : full path name for log
files\n");
    fprintf(stderr," (default is stdout)\n");
    fprintf(stderr,"r<path name for reports> : full path name for
reports\n");
    fprintf(stderr," (default is stdout)\n");
    exit(-1);
}

/* type: 0 if environment handle is passed, 1 if error handle is passwd */

void sql_error(errhp,status,type)
    OCIError *errhp;
    sword status;
    sword type;
{
    char msg[2048];
    ub4 errcode;
    ub4 msglen;
    int i,j;

    switch(status) {
    case OCI_SUCCESS_WITH_INFO:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Statement returned with info.\n");
        if (type)
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*)&errcode,(text*)msg,
                2048,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
        else
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*)&errcode,(text*)msg,
                2048,OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
        fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
        break;
    case OCI_ERROR:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: OCI call error.\n");
        if (type)
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*)&errcode,(text*)msg,
                2048,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
        else
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*)&errcode,(text*)msg,
                2048,OCI_HTYPE_ENV);
        fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",msg);
        break;
    case OCI_INVALID_HANDLE:
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Invalid Handle.\n");
        if (type)
            (void) OCIErrorGet(errhp,1,NULL,(sb4*)&errcode,(text*)msg,

```



```

/*
fprintf(logfile,"Statement Started at %.2f\n", s_tr_start);
fprintf(logfile,"Statement Ended at %.2f\n", s_tr_end);

fprintf(logfile,"Statement Processed in %.2f seconds.\n",
        (s_tr_end - s_tr_start));
fprintf(rep, "Query %s: Execution Time: %.2f started %.2f ended
%.2f\n",
        qn,(s_tr_end - s_tr_start)s_tr_start,s_tr_end);
fflush(rep);
fflush(logfile);*/
break;

/* Should never reach here */
default:
    fprintf(stderr, "Invalid statement type!!\n");
    SQLexit();
    break;
}

/* Get Timing for the last query */

tr_end = gettime();

fprintf(logfile,"Query Processed in %.2f seconds.\n\n", (tr_end -
s_tr_start));

/* print comments for this query that we have saved */

/* fprintf(logfile, "%s\n", cmnt); */

/* fprintf(rep, "Query %s : Execution time %.2f\n", qn,(tr_end -
s_tr_start));*/
fprintf(rep, "Query %s: Execution Time: %.2f started %.2f ended
%.2f\n",
        qn,(tr_end - s_tr_start),s_tr_start,tr_end);

time(&tim);
fprintf(logfile,"nEnded Executing this Stream at %s\n", ctime(&tim));
fprintf(logfile,"nStream Started at %.2f\n", tr_start);
fprintf(logfile,"Stream Ended at %.2f\n", tr_end);
fprintf(logfile,"Stream Processed in %.2f seconds\n\n", (tr_end -
tr_start));

fprintf(rep,"nEnded Executing this Stream at %s\n", ctime(&tim));
fprintf(rep,"nStream Started at %.2f\n", tr_start);
fprintf(rep,"Stream Ended at %.2f\n", tr_end);
fprintf(rep,"Stream Processed in %.2f seconds\n\n",
        (tr_end - tr_start));

fprintf(logfile, "\nSQL statements processed: %d\n", stmt_cnt);
/*fprintf(logfile, "Queries processed: %d\n", qry_cnt);*/

fflush(rep);
fflush(logfile);

/* Close the query template file */

fclose(qtemp);

/* Disconnect from ORACLE. */

SQLexit();
exit(0);
}

/* SQLinit(): Perform initialization tasks. */
/* Logs on to Oracle, opens some files and open a cursor for */
/* later use. */
*/
void SQLinit() {

    int i;

    /* preallocate MAX_PREALLOC members of the dlist array
    */
    /* initializes others to NULL so that we can determine who to free later
    */

    for (i=0; i<MAX_SEL_LIST; i++) {
        if (i < MAX_PREALLOC) {
            dlist[i] = (dltype *) memalloc (sizeof(dltype));
            dlist[i]->defhdl = NULL;
            /* OCIalloc(curq,&(dlist[i]->defhdl),OCI_HTYPE_DEFINE); */
        }
        else
            dlist[i] = NULL;
    }

    /* Connect to ORACLE. Program will call sql_error()
     * if an error occurs in connecting to the default database. */
    /*(void) OCIInitialize(OCI_DEFAULT,(dvoid *)0,0,0,0);*/

    if((status=OCIEnvInit((OCIEnv **)&tpcenv,OCI_DEFAULT,0,(dvoid
**)0)) !=

        OCI_SUCCESS)
        sql_error(tpcenv, status, 0);

    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&errhp,OCI_HTYPE_ERROR);
    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&cur_dml,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&cur_ddl,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&tpcsrv,OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);
    OCIalloc(tpcenv,&tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);

    /* get username and password */

    passwd = strchr(logname, '/');
    *passwd = '\0';
    passwd++;

    if ((status = OCIServerAttach(tpcsrv,errhp,(text
*)0,0,OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
        sql_error(errhp,status,1);

    OCIaset(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX,tpcsrv,0,OCI_ATTR_SERVER
,errhp);

    OCIaset(tpcsrv,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION,logname,strlen(logname),OCI_
ATTR_USERNAME,
errhp);

    OCIaset(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION,passwd,strlen(passwd),OCI_A
TTR_PASSWORD,
errhp);

    if ((status = OCISessionBegin(tpcsvc, errhp, tpcusr,
OCI_CRED_RDBMS,
                                         OCI_DEFAULT)) !=

        OCI_SUCCESS)
        sql_error(errhp,status,1);

    OCIaset(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION,passwd,strlen(passwd),OCI_A
TTR_PASSWORD,
errhp);

    if ((status = OCISessionBegin(tpcsvc, errhp, tpcusr,
                                         OCI_CRED_RDBMS,
                                         OCI_DEFAULT)) !=

        OCI_SUCCESS)
        sql_error(errhp,status,1);

    OCIaset(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX,tpcusr,0,OCI_ATTR_SESSIO
N,errhp);
}
*/

```

```

if ((status=OCILogon((OCIEnv *)tpcenv,(OCIError
*)errhp,(OCISvcCtx *)tpcsvc,
                     (text *)logname, strlen(logname), (text
*)passwd,
                     strlen(passwd), (text *) 0, 0)) !=

OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp, status, 1);
*/
printf("\nConnected to ORACLE as user: %s\n\n", logname);

}

/* SQLexec() Executes the SQL statement.
/* Parse the SQL statement. */
/* If DDL or DML statements, execute right away. */
/* Else describe and define select list outputs,
   execute and fetch results. */
*/
void SQLexec()
{
int i;
ub2 stmttyp = OCI_STMT_SELECT; /* default is a SELECT
statement */

/* Clause 5.3.6.2: QI(i,s) is the time between the first character */
/* of this query text is submitted and the first */
/* character of the next query text is submitted. */

if (qry_cnt) {
    time(&tim);
    s_tr_end = gettime();
    fprintf(logfile,"Query Processed in %.2f seconds.\n\n",
(s_tr_end - s_tr_start));

/* print comments for this query that we have saved */

/* fprintf(logfile, "%s\n", cmnt); */

/*fprintf(rep, "Query %s : Execution time %.2f\n", qnp,(s_tr_end -
s_tr_start));*/
    fprintf(rep, "Query %s: Execution Time: %.2f started %.2f ended
%.2f\n",
qnp,(s_tr_end - s_tr_start),s_tr_start,s_tr_end);

/* Let's fflush stuff so that we can see what's going on */

fflush(logfile);
fflush(rep);
}
else
    tr_start = gettime();

s_tr_start = gettime();

/* prepare the statement */

if ((status = OCIStmtPrepare(curq, errhp, (text*) stmt, (ub4)
strlen(stmt),
                     OCI_NTV_SYNTAX,
                     OCI_DEFAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
    sql_error(errhp,status,1);

/* Prints the query text and comment to the logfile */

fprintf(logfile, "\n%s\n", cmnt);
cmnt[0]=0;
fprintf(logfile, "\n%s\n", stmt);

/* if this is a DDL or DML statement, execute it right away */
/* only worries about SELECT statements right now, cannot */
/* execute a stored PL/SQL procedure in thiie version */
*/
OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&stmttyp,NULL,OCI_ATTR_STM
T_TYPE,errhp);

if (stmttyp != OCI_STMT_SELECT) {
    OCIsexec(tpcsvc,curq,errhp,1);
    return;
}

/* otherwise, this is a select statement */
/* Describe and define output variables */

/* first let's execute it to get the select-list definition */

OCIaset(curq, OCI_HTYPE_STMT, &pfmem, 0,
OCI_ATTR_PREFETCH_MEMORY, errhp);

OCIsexec(tpcsvc,curq,errhp,0);

num_sel_list = define_output_variables();

/* Executes the query and fetches the rows */

(void) process_select_list(num_sel_list);

/* Need to get the number of rows fetched first */
/* since the following statments will screw it up */

OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&rows_ret,NULL,OCI_ATTR_RO
W_COUNT,errhp);

/* To control memory usage, let's free up the extra dlist entries */
/* that we have allocated. */

i=MAX_PREALLOC;
while(dlist[i] != NULL) {
    free(dlist[i]);
    dlist[i++] = NULL;
}

/* reset set_fetchrows */

num_to_fetch = -1;

}

void SQLexit() {

int i;

OCILogoff(tpcsvc,errhp);
OCIhfree(tpcenv,OCI_HTYPE_STMT);
OCIhfree(tpcsvc,OCI_HTYPE_SVCCTX);
OCIhfree(tpcsrv,OCI_HTYPE_SERVER);
OCIhfree(tpcusr,OCI_HTYPE_SESSION);

/* free all memory */

for (i=0; i<MAX_SEL_LIST; i++) {
    if (dlist[i] != NULL) {
        free(dlist[i]);
    }
}

/* Flush all output */

```

```

fflush(rep);
fflush(logfile);

}

/* define_output_variables(): Describe and define select-list items for */
/*          a query statement.                                     */
/*          Returns the number of select-list items   */
/*          for this query.                                     */

int define_output_variables()
{
    int i;
    int retflag = 0;

    for (i=0; i<MAX_SEL_LIST; i++) {
        slist[i].buflen = MAX_COLNAME_SIZE;

        if (OCIParamGet(curq, OCI_HTYPE_STMT, errhp, (dvoid **) &tpcpar,
                        POS(i)) != OCI_SUCCESS)
            break;

        /* dszie and nullok fields of dlist not used */

        OCIaget(tpcpar, OCI_DTYPE_PARAM, &(slist[i].dbsize),
                NULL, OCI_ATTR_DATA_SIZE, errhp);
        OCIaget(tpcpar, OCI_DTYPE_PARAM, &(slist[i].dtype),
                NULL, OCI_ATTR_DATA_TYPE, errhp);
        OCIaget(tpcpar, OCI_DTYPE_PARAM, &(slist[i].buf),
                &(slist[i].buflen), OCI_ATTR_NAME, errhp);
        OCIaget(tpcpar, OCI_DTYPE_PARAM, &(slist[i].precision),
                NULL, OCI_ATTR_PRECISION, errhp);
        OCIaget(tpcpar, OCI_DTYPE_PARAM, &(slist[i].scale),
                NULL, OCI_ATTR_SCALE, errhp);

        /* For formatting purpose, remove trailing blanks in select-list name.
        */
    }

    /* if (slist[i].buflen < MAX_COLNAME_SIZE)
       (slist[i].buf)[slist[i].buflen] = '\0';
    */
    /* Well, we need to allocate for entries for dlist */

    if (i >= MAX_PREALLOC) {
        dlist[i] = (dltype *) memalloc(sizeof(dltype));
        dlist[i]->defhdl = NULL;
    }

    /* Let's check the sizes and types for this select list item */

    switch (slist[i].dtype) {

        case OCI_TYPECODE_NUMBER:
            /* The odesc will not give a good estimate to the scale if */
            /* no scale was given in the Oracle table definition.      */
    }

    #ifdef HAVE_SCALE
    if (slist[i].scale != 0) {
        defbuf = (double *) dlist[i]->fbuf;
        deflen = FLT;
        dtype = OCI_TYPECODE_DOUBLE;
        slist[i].dtype = OCI_TYPECODE_DOUBLE;
    } else {
        defbuf = (int *) dlist[i]->ibuf;
        deflen = INT;
        dtype = OCI_TYPECODE_INTEGER;
        slist[i].dtype = OCI_TYPECODE_INTEGER;
    }
    #else
        defbuf = (double *) dlist[i]->fbuf;
        deflen = FLT;
        dtype = OCI_TYPECODE_FLOAT;
        slist[i].dtype = OCI_TYPECODE_FLOAT;
    #endif /* HAVE_SCALE */

        break;

        default:
            /* default is character string */

            defbuf = (char **) dlist[i]->sbuf;
            deflen = MAX_STR_LEN;
            dtype = SQLT_STR;
            /* deftype = OCI_TYPECODE_CHAR; */
            break;
    }

    /* Define the column */

    if ((status=OCIDefineByPos(curq,&(dlist[i]->defhdl),errhp,POS(i),
                               defbuf,deflen,dtype,NULL,
                               dlist[i]->rlen,NULL,OCI_DEFAULT))!=OCI_SUCCESS)
        sql_error(errhp,status,1);
    return i;
}

/* process_select_list(): Fetch rows from a query.           */
void process_select_list(num)
    int num;          /* number of select list items */
{
    int i,j;
    int ntf;
    int num_so_far;
    sword stats = OCI_SUCCESS;

    /* Print the headers for the query execution result */

    print_header(num);

    /* See if we need to limit the rows to fetch */

    ntf = (num_to_fetch >= 0) ? num_to_fetch : MAX_ARRAY;

    /* Fetch the rows and print them out */

    if ((ntf > MAX_ARRAY) || (num_to_fetch == -1)) {
        stats = OCISmtFetch(curq, errhp, MAX_ARRAY,
                            OCI_FETCH_NEXT, OCI_DEFAULT);

        OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&rows_ret,NULL,OCI_ATTR_RO
W_COUNT,errhp);

        print_rows(num,rows_ret);

        /* To avoid 1022 from OFEN */
        /* More rows to fetch... */
    }
}

```

```

if (stats != OCI_NO_DATA) {
    if (num_to_fetch == -1) {
        while ((stats =
OCIStmtFetch(curq,errhp,MAX_ARRAY,OCI_FETCH_NEXT,
                OCI_DEFAULT)) ==
OCI_SUCCESS) {
            OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&num_so_far,NULL,
                    OCI_ATTR_ROW_COUNT,errhp);
            print_rows(num,(num_so_far-rows_ret));
            rows_ret = num_so_far;
        }
        /* Print the final rows */
        OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&num_so_far,NULL,
                OCI_ATTR_ROW_COUNT,errhp);
        print_rows(num,(num_so_far-rows_ret));
        rows_ret = num_so_far;
    } else {
        ntf -= MAX_ARRAY;

        while ((stats = OCIStmtFetch(curq,errhp,
                ((ntf>MAX_ARRAY) ?
MAX_ARRAY:ntf),
                OCI_FETCH_NEXT,
                OCI_DEFAULT)) ==
OCI_SUCCESS) {
            ntf -= MAX_ARRAY;
            OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&num_so_far,NULL,
                    OCI_ATTR_ROW_COUNT,errhp);
            print_rows(num,(num_so_far-rows_ret));
            rows_ret = num_so_far;
            if (ntf <= 0) break;
        }
        OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&num_so_far,NULL,
                OCI_ATTR_ROW_COUNT,errhp);
        print_rows(num,(num_so_far-rows_ret));
        rows_ret = num_so_far;
    }
}
} else {
    OCIStmtFetch(curq, errhp, ntf, OCI_FETCH_NEXT,
    OCI_DEFAULT);

    OCIaget(curq,OCI_HTYPE_STMT,&rows_ret,NULL,OCI_ATTR_RO
W_COUNT,errhp);
    print_rows(num,rows_ret);
}

fprintf(logfile,"n\n%d row%c processed.\n", rows_ret,
    rows_ret == 1 ? '\0' : 's');

}

int get_statement()
{
    char line[128];
    char *pos, *str;

    /* Reset statement buffer */
    stmt[0] = '\0';

    while (fgets(line, 127, qtemp) != NULL) {

        /* skip blank lines */
        if (line[0] == '\n')
            continue;

        /* remove blanks */
        str = line;
        while (*str == ' ') str++;
        /* Let's get the line together first */
        strcat(stmt, str);

        /* if this is a comment line */
        if ((str[0] == '-') && (str[1] == '-'))
            return COMMENT;

        /* see if this is a set_fetchrows line */
        if (strncmp(str, "set_fetchrows", 13) == 0) {
            pos = strchr(str, ',');
            *pos = '\0';
            pos = strchr(str, '=');
            num_to_fetch = atoi(++pos);
            return SET_FETCHROW;
        }

        /* if this is the end of the current statement */
        if ((pos = strchr(stmt, ';')) != NULL) {
            *pos = '\0';
            return SQL_STMT;
        }
        return END_OF_FILE;
    }

    /* memalloc(): Allocates memory, exit program if we have a problem. */
    void *memalloc(size)
        int size;
    {
        void *tmp;

        if ((tmp = (void *) malloc(size)) == NULL) {
            fprintf(stderr, "Error in malloc\n");
            SQLexit();
            return NULL; /* should never reach here */
        } else {
            return tmp;
        }
    }

    void print_header(nsel)
        int nsel; /* Number of select list items */
    {
        int i, diff;
        char colname[MAX_COLNAME_SIZE];
        int len = 0; /* Running column length */
        int cwd = 0;

        printf(logfile, "\n");

        for (i=0; i<nsl; i++) {

            /* extract the column name */
            strncpy((char *)colname, (char *)slist[i].buf, slist[i].buflen);
            colname[slist[i].buflen] = '\0';

            /* format the output a little */

```

```

cwid = MAX(slist[i].dbsize, slist[i].buflen);

/* do a little bit of formatting */

if (cwid > 80) {
    fprintf(logfile, "\n");
    len = 0;
} else if ((len += cwid) > 80) {
    fprintf(logfile, "\n");
    len = cwid;
}
#endif FORMAT1
if ((slist[i].dbtype == INT_TYPE) || (slist[i].dbtype == FLT_TYPE))
    fprintf(logfile, "%*s ", cwid, slist[i].buf);
else /* string type */
    fprintf(logfile, "%*s ", -cwid, slist[i].buf);
#else
    fprintf(logfile, "%*s ", -cwid, colname);
#endif /* FORMAT1 */
}

fprintf(logfile, "\n");
}

void print_rows(ncol, nrow)
{
    int ncol;
    int nrow;

    int i,j;
    int len;
    int diff;
    int cwid;

    for (i=0;i<nrow;i++) {
        len = 0;
        for (j=0;j<ncol;j++) {
            cwid = MAX(slist[j].dbsize, slist[j].buflen);

            /* do a little bit of formatting */

            if (cwid > 80) {
                fprintf(logfile, "\n");
                len = 0;
            } else if ((len += cwid) > 80) {
                fprintf(logfile, "\n");
                len = cwid;
            }

            switch(slist[j].dbtype) {
                case INT_TYPE:
#endif HAVE_SCALE
                    fprintf(logfile, "%*ld", cwid, (dlist[j]->ibuf)[i]);
                    break;
#endif /* HAVE_SCALE */
                case FLT_TYPE:
#endif FORMAT1
                    fprintf(logfile, "%*.2f ", cwid, (dlist[j]->fbuf)[i]);
#endif /* FORMAT1 */
                    break;
                default:
                    fprintf(logfile, "%*s ", -(cwid), (dlist[j]->sbuf)[i]);
                    break;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        fprintf(logfile, "\n");
    }
}

/* remove_newline(): Remove newline character from str. */

void remove_newline(str)
    char *str;
{
    char *p;

    while ((p = strchr(str, '\n')) != NULL)
        *p = '\0';
}

```

F.7 qexecpl.h

```

/*
 * $Header: qexecpl.h 13-nov-2001.17:52:35 mpoess Exp $
 */

/* Copyright (c) 1999, 2001, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. */

/* NOTE: See 'header_template.doc' in the 'doc' dve under the 'forms' directory for the header file template that includes instructions. */

/*
 * NAME
 * qexecpl.h

 * DESCRIPTION
 * SQL statement execution front-end header file.

 * PUBLIC FUNCTION(S)
 * <list of external functions declared/defined - with one-line descriptions>

 * PRIVATE FUNCTION(S)
 * <list of static functions defined in .c file - with one-line descriptions>

 * EXAMPLES

 * NOTES
 * <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>

 * MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
 * mpoess 11/13/01 - change DOP to 84 for DML and DDL
 * mpoess 02/22/01 - add linux changes
 * mpoess 08/05/99 - make compile
 * mpoess 07/15/99 - Creation
 * mpoess 07/15/99 - Creation

 */

#ifndef S_ORACLE
# include <s.h>
#endif
#ifndef QSTREAMPL_H
#define QSTREAMPL_H

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

```

```

#include <sys/param.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <math.h>

#include <oratypes.h>
#include <oratypes.h>

#ifndef OCIDFN
#include <ocidfn.h>
#endif /* OCIDFN */

#ifndef OCI_ORACLE
#include <oci.h>
#endif /* OCI_ORACLE */
/*
#ifndef __STDC__
#include <ociapr.h>
#else
#include <ocikpr.h>
#endif /* __STDC__ */

/* some basic definitions */

#define UNAME_LEN 64
#define MAX_FILE_PATH_LEN 128

#ifndef TRUE
#define TRUE 1
#endif /* TRUE */

#ifndef FALSE
#define FALSE 1
#endif /* FALSE */
#ifndef LINUX
#define MAX(x,y) ((x >= y) ? x : y)
#define MIN(x,y) ((x <= y) ? x : y)
#endif
/* defines and typedefs for parsing */

#define CRT_TBL 1
#define INS_STMT 3
#define SEL_STMT 4
#define UPD_STMT 5
#define DRP_VIEW 7
#define DRP_TBL 8
#define DEL_STMT 9
#define CRT_VIEW 10

/* defines and typedefs for query description */

#define MAX_COLNAME_SIZE 32 /* Maximum length of Column name */
#define MAX_SEL_LIST 16 /* Maximum items on a select list */

#define END_OF_LIST 1007 /* Error code when we reach the end of the */
/* select list. */

/* types for describe */

#define CHAR_TYPE 1
#define NUM_TYPE 2
#define INT_TYPE 3
#define FLT_TYPE 4
#define STR_TYPE 5
#define DATE_TYPE 12

#define NUMWIDTH 16 /* Width of the numeric fields */
#define POS(i) (i+1) /* The position is 1...n instead */
#define IND(i) (i-1) /* of 0..n-1 as in an array. */

typedef struct des
{
    ub2 dbsize;
    ub4 buflen;
    /* sb2 dszie; */
    sb4 scale;
    /* sb2 nullok; */
    OCITypeCode dbtype;
    /* text buf[MAX_COLNAME_SIZE]; */
    text *buf;
    ub1 precision;
} sltype;

/* defines and typedefs for query select list definition */

#define MAX_ARRAY 50 /* Maximum array size for array fetch */
#define PFMEMSIZE 65536 /* Memory size of prefetch buffer */

#define MAX_STR_LEN 256 /* Maximum size for string variables */
#define MAX_PREALLOC 8 /* Maximum number of preallocated select list */

/* definitions. */

#define INT sizeof(long)
#define STR sizeof(char)
#define FLT sizeof(double)

#define FLTP (double *)
#define INTP (long *)
#define STRP (char **)

typedef struct def
{
    long ibuf[MAX_ARRAY];
    double fbuf[MAX_ARRAY];
    char sbuf[MAX_ARRAY][MAX_STR_LEN];
    ub2 rlen[MAX_ARRAY]; /* return length */
    OCIDefine *defhdl;
} dltype;

extern int errno;

#define SQL_LEN 2048

#ifndef NULL
#define NULL 0
#endif

#ifndef NULLP
#define NULLP (void *)NULL
#endif /* NULLP */

#ifndef DISCARD
#define DISCARD (void)
#endif

#ifndef sword
#define sword int
#endif

#ifndef ub1
#define ub1 unsigned char
#endif

#define NA -1 /* ANSI SQL NULL */

```

```

#define VER7      2
#define NOT_SERIALIZABLE 8177 /* ORA-08177: transaction not
serializable */

#define ADR(object) ((ub1 *)&(object))
#define SIZ(object) ((sword)sizeof(object))
#define SID(sid) ((sid == -1) ? 0 : sid)

/* For get_statement */

#define END_OF_FILE -1
#define COMMENT 1
#define SQL_STMT 2
#define SET_FETCHROW 3

#define OCIalloc(envh,hndl,htyp) \
    if((status=OCIHandleAlloc((dvoid *)envh,(dvoid \
**)hndl,htyp,0,(dvoid **)0))!=OCI_SUCCESS) \
        sql_error(envh,status,0); \
    else \
        DISCARD 0

#define OCIfree(hndl,htyp) \
    if((status=OCIHandleFree((dvoid *)hndl,htyp)) == OCI_SUCCESS) \
        fprintf(stderr, "Error freeing handle of type %d\n", htyp)

#define OCIaget(hndl,htyp,attp,size,atyp,errh) \
    if((status=OCIAttrGet((dvoid *)hndl,htyp,(dvoid *)attp,(dvoid \
*)size,atyp,errh)) != OCI_SUCCESS) \
        sql_error(errh,status,1); \
    else \
        DISCARD 0

#define OCIAset(hndl,htyp,attp,size,atyp,errh) \
    if((status=OCIAttrSet((dvoid *)hndl,htyp,(dvoid \
*)attp,size,atyp,errh)) != OCI_SUCCESS) \
        sql_error(errh,status,1); \
    else \
        DISCARD 0

#define OCIsexec(svch,stmh,errh,iter) \
if((status=OCIStmtExecute(svch,stmh,errh,iter,0,NULL,NULL,NULL,OCI_DE \
FAULT)) != OCI_SUCCESS) \
    sql_error(errh,status,1); \
else \
    DISCARD 0

#define ISOTXT "alter session set isolation_level = serializable"
#define PDMLTXT "alter session force parallel dml parallel (degree \
84)"
#define PDDLTXT "alter session force parallel ddl parallel (degree 84)"

#endif /* QSTREAMPL_H */

```

```

RUN_ID_FILE=${KIT_DIR}/audit/r_id

if [ ! -f $RUN_ID_FILE ]
then
    echo "0" > $RUN_ID_FILE
fi

RUN_ID=`cat $RUN_ID_FILE`
RUN_ID=`expr $RUN_ID + 1`
echo $RUN_ID > $RUN_ID_FILE

OUT_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/audit/tests/${RUN_ID}
if ! -d $OUT_DIR ]
then
    mkdir $OUT_DIR
fi

SCRIPT_LOG_FILE=${OUT_DIR}/main.out
RDB_TABLES=${OUT_DIR}/rdbtablest
FIRST_TEN=${OUT_DIR}/firstten
LD0LOADASM=${OUT_DIR}/Ld0loadasm
LD1DBCRE=${OUT_DIR}/Ld1dbcre
LD2SCTSO=${OUT_DIR}/Ld2sctso
LD3DAPOP=${OUT_DIR}/Ld3dapop
LD4IXCRE=${OUT_DIR}/Ld4ixcre
LD5ANLYZ=${OUT_DIR}/Ld5anlyz

echo Start TPC-H Benchmark SEQUENCE NUMBER: $RUN_ID >
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "Starting a new Oracle log file:
$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_${ORACLE_SID}.log" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

mv $ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_${ORACLE_SID}.log
$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_${ORACLE_SID}.log.preAudit.$RUN_ID
mv $ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_ASM.log
$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_ASM.log.preAudit.$RUN_ID
touch $ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_${ORACLE_SID}.log
touch $ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_ASM.log

echo "Start: load database `date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
loadasm > $LD0LOADASM
dbcrc.sh > $LD1DBCRE
sctsos.sh > $LD2SCTSO
STIME=$GTIME
echo "Start: timed load portion `date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tshut >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tstart >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
dapop.sh > $LD3DAPOP
ixcre.sh > $LD4IXCRE
anl.sh > $LD5ANLYZ
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tshut
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tshut.asm
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tstart.asm
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tstart
$KIT_DIR/audit/ckpnt.sh
echo "End: timed load portion `date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

$KIT_DIR/audit/gen_seed.sh $KIT_DIR/audit/seed
echo Generated seed: `cat $KIT_DIR/audit/seed` >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

echo "Start: dbtables.sql and count.sql" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$Sqlplus ${DATABASE_USER} @${KIT_DIR}/audit/dbtables >
${RDB_TABLES} 2>&1

```

F.8 runTPCHall

```

#!/bin/ksh
. $KIT_DIR/env

ECHO=echo

sqlplus=$ORACLE_HOME/bin/sqlplus
GTIME=${KIT_DIR}/utils/gtime

```

```

$sqlplus ${DATABASE_USER} @${KIT_DIR}/audit/firstten >
${FIRST_TEN} 2>&1
echo "End: dbtables.sql and count.sql `date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

$FRAME_DIR/bin/tshut >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tshut.asm >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tstart.asm >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tstart >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$KIT_DIR/audit/ckpnt.sh
runTPCHpt ${SCALE_FACTOR} 1 ${RUN_ID}

$FRAME_DIR/bin/tshut >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tshut.asm >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tstart.asm >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$FRAME_DIR/bin/tstart >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
$KIT_DIR/audit/ckpnt.sh
runTPCHpt ${SCALE_FACTOR} 2 ${RUN_ID}

sleep 600
# call the auditor: don't tshut >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

cp $ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_${ORACLE_SID}.log
$OUT_DIR

echo "End TPC-H Benchmark SEQUENCE NUMBER: ${RUN_ID}
`date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

```

F.9 runTPCHpt

```

#!/bin/ksh
. ${KIT_DIR}/env
#set -x
#ECHO=/bin/echo
SCRIPT_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/scripts
UPD_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/update
SRC_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/utils
QRY_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/queries # this is the location of the query
template file
QGEN_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/dbgen
QGEN=${QGEN_DIR}/qgen
QEXEC=${SRC_DIR}

DSS_QUERY=${KIT_DIR}/queries
export DSS_QUERY

UPD_SQL=${UPD_DIR}/sql
UPD_SPT=${UPD_DIR}/scripts
UPD_SRC=${UPD_DIR}/source
UPD_DAT=${UPD_DIR}/data

TPCD_BIN=${KIT_DIR}/audit/bin

GTIME=${SRC_DIR}/gtime
SEED_FILE=${KIT_DIR}/audit/seed

DF=/dev/null
HID=1
INTERVAL=60
COUNT=1200

# The defaults

QPROG=${QEXEC}/qexec

usage () {

echo "
echo "Usage: $0 [-p <program for query stream>] [-u1 <program for
UF1>]""

```

```

echo "      [-u2 <program for UF2>] [-o] [-s] [-h] [-u
<user/password>]"
echo "      <scale factor> <run_number>"
echo ""
echo "scale factor : The scale factor of the run."
echo "update ||ism : The parallelism to use for the UFs."
echo ""
echo "-p <program> : Program for Query Stream."
echo "           Default is $QPROG."
echo "-u1 <program> : Program for UF1."
echo "           Default is $U1PROG."
echo "-u2 <program> : Program for UF2."
echo "           Default is $U2PROG."
echo "-o : Collect Oracle statistics."
echo "-s : Collect System statistics."
echo "-u <user/passwd> : User/Password. Default is tpch/tpch."
echo "-h : Displays this message."
}

set -- `getopt "p:u1:u2:osu:h" "$@"` || usage

while :
do
  case "$1" in
    -u1) shift; U1PROG=$1;;
    -u2) shift; U2PROG=$1;;
    -p) shift; QPROG=$1;;
    # not needed ? -o) OSTAT=1;;
    # not needed ? -s) SSTAT=1;;
    -h) usage; exit 0;;
    --) shift; break;;
    esac
    shift;
done

if [ "$#" -ne "3" ]
then
  usage
  exit 1
fi

SF=$1
PARA=$2
RUN_ID=$3

OUT_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/audit/tests/${RUN_ID}
if [ ! -d $OUT_DIR ]
then
  mkdir $OUT_DIR
fi

TPCD_LOG=${OUT_DIR}
TPCD_RPT=${OUT_DIR}
OUT=${OUT_DIR}

let UF_SET="($PARA-1)*($NUM_STREAMS+1)+1"
START_SET=1
let STOP_SET=$NUM_STREAMS
let START_SET_UPDATE="($PARA-1)*($NUM_STREAMS+1)+2"
let
STOP_SET_UPDATE="$START_SET_UPDATE+$NUM_STREAMS
-1"

TPCD_LOG_FILE=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}s0
TPCD_RPT_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/m${PARA}s0inter
QRY_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/qtemp.${PARA}s0
QUERY_PARAMETER=${TPCD_LOG}/qp${PARA}.0
SCRIPT_LOG_FILE=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}timing
UF1_LOG=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}s0rf1
UF2_LOG=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}s0rf2
STREAM_COUNT_LOG=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}tstrcnt

```

```

echo "TPC-H Test - RUN:${PARA} SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID} `date`"
> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "TPC-H Test - RUN:${PARA} SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID} `date`"
> $TPCD_RPT_FILE
echo "Generates query template file with seed: `cat $SEED_FILE` for
stream 0" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

${QGEN} -c -r `cat $SEED_FILE` -p 0 -s ${SF} -l
$QUERY_PARAMETER > ${QRY_FILE}

START=`$GTIME`
echo "Start Power Test - RUN:${PARA} SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID}"
Execution Starts $START, `date` >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

# Execute UF1

SDATE=`date`
UF1_START=`$GTIME`
echo "Start UF1 $UF1_START, `date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

${ECHO} ${UPD_SPT}/runuf1.sh ${UF_SET} >> $UF1_LOG 2>&1
# Execute Query Stream

UF1_END=`$GTIME`
E1DATE=`date`

UF1_TIME=`echo $UF1_END - $UF1_START | bc`
echo UF1: Execution Time: $UF1_TIME >> ${TPCD_RPT_FILE}
echo Start Time: $UF1_START, $SDATE >> ${TPCD_RPT_FILE}
echo End Time: $UF1_END, $E1DATE >> ${TPCD_RPT_FILE}
echo "" >> ${TPCD_RPT_FILE}

echo "End UF1 $UF1_END, ${E1DATE}" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo UF1: Execution Time: $UF1_TIME >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

echo "Start Query Part `$GTIME`, `date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

${QPROG} ${DATABASE_USER} q${QRY_FILE}
ls ${TPCD_LOG_FILE} r${TPCD_RPT_FILE} > $DF 2>&1

# Execute UF2

UF2_START=`$GTIME`
E2DATE=`date`

echo "End Query Part `$GTIME`, ${E2DATE}" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

echo "Start UF2 $UF2_START, `date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
${ECHO} ${UPD_SPT}/runuf2.sh ${UF_SET} >> $UF2_LOG 2>&1
UF2_END=`$GTIME`
END=`$GTIME`
EDATE=`date`

UF2_TIME=`echo $UF2_END - $UF2_START | bc`
echo UF2: Execution Time: $UF2_TIME >> ${TPCD_RPT_FILE}
echo Start Time: $UF2_START, $E2DATE >> ${TPCD_RPT_FILE}
echo End Time: $UF2_END, $EDATE >> ${TPCD_RPT_FILE}

echo "End UF2 $UF2_END, $EDATE" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo UF2: Execution Time: $UF2_TIME >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

echo "End TPC-H Power Test - RUN:${PARA}
SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID}, $END, $EDATE" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

MEA_INT=`echo $END - $START | bc`
echo "Elapsed Time for TPC-H Power Test - RUN:${PARA}
SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID} is $MEA_INT" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

#${KIT_DIR}/audit/abridge.pl ${TPCD_LOG_FILE}

i=$START_SET
PSEED=`cat $SEED_FILE`

while [ $i -le $STOP_SET ]; do
  TPCD_LOG_FILE=${TPCD_LOG}/mt${RUN_ID}_${i}.log
  TPCD_RPT_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/mt${RUN_ID}_${i}.rpt
    QUERY_PARAMETER=${TPCD_LOG}/qp${PARA}.${i}
  QRY_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/qtemp.${PARA}s${i}

  PSEED=`expr $PSEED + 1`
  ${QGEN} -c -r ${PSEED} -p ${i} -s ${SF} -l
  $QUERY_PARAMETER > ${QRY_FILE}

  i=`expr $i + 1`
done

TH_START_D=`date`
TH_START_T=`$GTIME`
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

rm -f /tmp/th_pipe1
mknod /tmp/th_pipe1 p
rm -f /tmp/th_pipe2
mknod /tmp/th_pipe2 p
i=$START_SET

echo "Start Throughput Test - RUN:${PARA}
SEQUENCE:${RUN_ID} $TH_START_T, $TH_START_D" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

# starts a script to count the streams during the throughput run
(scnt.sh ${PARA} ${RUN_ID} > ${STREAM_COUNT_LOG} &)

while [ $i -le $STOP_SET ]; do
  M_SDATE=`date`
  M_STIME=`$GTIME`
    TPCD_LOG_FILE=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}s${i}
    TPCD_RPT_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/m${PARA}s${i}.inter
  echo "Start Query Stream ${i} ${M_STIME}, ${M_SDATE}" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
    QRY_FILE=${TPCD_RPT}/qtemp.${PARA}s${i}
    ${QPROG} ${DATABASE_USER} q${QRY_FILE}
  ls ${TPCD_LOG_FILE} r${TPCD_RPT_FILE} | grep -v "Connected to
ORACLE" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE &
  i=`expr $i + 1`
done

(${KIT_DIR}/audit/runTPCHus ${RUN_ID} ${START_SET_UPDATE}
${STOP_SET_UPDATE} ${SF} ${PARA} >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE 2>&1
&)

wait
THQ_END_T=`$GTIME`
THQ_END_D=`date`
echo End all Query Streams ${THQ_END_T}, ${THQ_END_D} >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
print > /tmp/th_pipe1
read < /tmp/th_pipe2

TH_END_D=`date`
TH_END_T=`$GTIME`
echo End Update Stream ${TH_END_T}, ${TH_END_D} >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

```

```

echo "End Throughput Test ${TH_END_T}, ${TH_END_D}" >>
$SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo Execution Time Throughput Test: `echo ${TH_END_T} -
${TH_START_T} | bc` >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

i=$START_SET
while [ $i -le $STOP_SET ]; do
    TPCD_LOG_FILE=${TPCD_LOG}/m${PARA}s${j}
    #${KIT_DIR}/audit/abridge.pl ${TPCD_LOG_FILE}
    i=`expr $i + 1`
done
PIDS=`ps -fu oracle | grep scnt.sh | grep -v grep | awk '{print $2}'` 
kill -9 $PIDS
#calculate the metric
#analyze_streams.pl -f p -n $RUN_ID >
${TPCD_RPT}/tpch_metric.${RUN_ID}.${HID}.rpt

F.10 runTPCHus

#!/bin/ksh
. $KIT_DIR/env

SCRIPT_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/scripts
SQL_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/sql
UPD_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/update
UPD_SPT=${UPD_DIR}/scripts
SRC_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/utils
QRY_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/queries # this is the location of the query
template file
QGEN_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/dbgen
QGEN=${QGEN_DIR}/qgen

DSS_QUERY=${KIT_DIR}/queries
export DSS_QUERY

RUN_ID=$1
START_SET_UPDATE=$2
STOP_SET_UPDATE=$3
SF=$4
PARA=$5

OUT_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/audit/tests/${RUN_ID}
if [ ! -d $OUT_DIR ]
then
    mkdir $OUT_DIR
fi

TPCD_RPT=$OUT_DIR
SCRIPT_LOG_FILE=${OUT_DIR}/m${PARA}timing
OUT=$OUT_DIR

GTIME=${SRC_DIR}/gtme
HID=1

START=`$GTIME` 
echo "Start Update Stream $START, `date`" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE
echo "" >> $SCRIPT_LOG_FILE

#waiting for all the query streams to finish first
read < /tmp/th_pipe1

i=$START_SET_UPDATE
j=1
while [ $i -le $STOP_SET_UPDATE ]; do
    # Execute UF1

    UF1_LOG=${OUT_DIR}/m${PARA}s${j}rf1
    UF2_LOG=${OUT_DIR}/m${PARA}s${j}rf2
    RPT_FILE=${OUT_DIR}/m${PARA}s${j}inter

    SDATE=`date`
    UF1_START=`$GTIME`
    echo "Start UF1-${j} at ${UF1_START}, ${SDATE}" >>
${RPT_FILE}

    ${UPD_SPT}/runuf1.sh ${i} >> ${UF1_LOG} 2>&1
    UF1_END=`$GTIME`
    EDATE=`date`
    echo "End UF1-${j} at ${UF1_END}, ${EDATE}" >> ${RPT_FILE}
    echo UF1-${j} Execution Time: `echo ${UF1_END} - ${UF1_START} | bc` >> ${RPT_FILE}

    # Execute UF2

    SDATE=`date`
    UF2_START=`$GTIME`
    echo "Start UF2-${j} ${UF2_START}, ${SDATE}" >>
${RPT_FILE}

    ${UPD_SPT}/runuf2.sh ${i} >> ${UF2_LOG} 2>&1
    UF2_END=`$GTIME`
    EDATE=`date`
    echo "End UF2-${j} at ${UF2_END}, ${EDATE}" >> ${RPT_FILE}
    echo UF2-${j} Execution Time: `echo ${UF2_END} - ${UF2_START} | bc` >> ${RPT_FILE}

    i=`expr $i + 1` 
    j=`expr $j + 1`
done

print > /tmp/th_pipe2

F.11 runuf1.sh

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: runuf1.sh 25-oct-2001.15:56:04 mpoess Exp $
#
# runuf1.sh
#
# Copyright (c) 1999, 2001, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved.
#
# NAME
#   runuf1.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   runuf1.sh -l [<path name for reports>] -u [<uid/passwd>]
#           -p [<program>] <run_id> <scale factor> <pair number>
#           <parallelism>
#
# USAGE
#   To execute UF1.
#
# NOTES
#   <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# MODIFIED (MM/DD/YY)
#
#
. $KIT_DIR/env
O=${ORACLE_HOME}
UPDATE_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/update
SCRIPT_DIR=${UPDATE_DIR}/scripts
UTILS_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/utils
LOG_DIR=${UPDATE_DIR}/log
GTIME=${UTILS_DIR}/gtme

```

```

SF=${SCALE_FACTOR}
PAR_HINT=${UPDATE_1_DOP}

LOGPATH=.
PASSWD=${DATABASE_USER}

if [ $# -lt 1 ];
then
  echo runuf1.sh setnum
  exit 1
fi
SENUM=$1
i=1
PID=""

# perform the update function 1

START=`$GTIME` 

# first create the temp tables

sqlplus /NOLOG << !
connect $PASSWD;
set timing on
set serveroutput on
set echo on

drop directory data_dir;
create directory data_dir as '/flat1/updates';

drop table temp_l_et;
create table temp_l_et(
  l_orderkey      number ,
  l_partkey       number ,
  l_suppkey       number ,
  l_linenumber    number ,
  l_quantity      number ,
  l_extendedprice number ,
  l_discount      number ,
  l_tax           number ,
  l_returnflag    char(1) ,
  l_linestatus    char(1) ,
  l_shipdate      date ,
  l_commitdate    date ,
  l_receiptdate   date ,
  l_shipinstruct  char(25) ,
  l_shipmode      char(10) ,
  l_comment       varchar(44)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir
access parameters
(
  records delimited by newline
  nobadfile
  nologfile
  fields terminated by '|'
  missing field values are null
)
location (
  'lineitem.tbl.u${SENUM}'
))
reject limit unlimited parallel ${PAR_HINT};

drop table temp_o_et;
create table temp_o_et(
  o_orderkey      number ,
  o_custkey       number ,
  o_orderstatus   char(1) ,
  o_totalprice    number ,
  o_orderdate     date ,
  o_orderpriority char(15) ,
  o_clerk         char(15) ,
  o_shippriority  number ,
  o_comment       varchar(79)
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir
access parameters
(
  records delimited by newline
  nobadfile
  nologfile
  fields terminated by '|'
  missing field values are null
)
location (
  'orders.tbl.u${SENUM}'
))
reject limit unlimited parallel ${PAR_HINT};

alter session force parallel dml parallel (degree ${PAR_HINT});
alter session set isolation_level = serializable;
alter session set optimizer_index_cost_adj=10;

insert into orders
select
  o_orderdate      ,
  o_orderkey       ,
  o_custkey        ,
  o_orderpriority  ,
  o_shippriority   ,
  o_clerk          ,
  o_orderstatus    ,
  o_totalprice     ,
  o_comment        ,
from temp_o_et;

insert into lineitem
select
  l_shipdate      ,
  l_orderkey       ,
  l_discount       ,
  l_extendedprice  ,
  l_suppkey        ,
  l_quantity       ,
  l_returnflag     ,
  l_partkey        ,
  l_linestatus     ,
  l_tax            ,
  l_commitdate    ,
  l_receiptdate   ,
  l_shipmode       ,
  l_linenumber    ,
  l_shipinstruct  ,
  l_comment        ,
from temp_l_et;

commit;

drop table temp_l_et;
drop table temp_o_et;

exit;
!

```

```

END=`$GTIME`  

# Done  

echo ""  

echo "Update Function 1 Set $SETNUM done!"  

echo "Elapsed Time is `echo $END - $START | bc`"  

echo ""

```

F.12 runuf2.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh
#
# $Header: runuf2.sh 25-oct-2001.15:56:05 mpoess Exp $
#
# runuf2.sh
#
# Copyright (c) 1999, 2001, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved.
#
# NAME
#   runuf2.sh - <one-line expansion of the name>
#
# DESCRIPTION
#   runuf2.sh [-u <uid/passwd to login>] [-p <program>] <run_id>
#           <scale factor> <pair number> <parallelism>
#
# USAGE
#   To execute UF2.
#
# NOTES
#   <other useful comments, qualifications, etc.>
#
# $KIT_DIR/env
UPDATE_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/update
SCRIPT_DIR=${UPDATE_DIR}/scripts
UTILS_DIR=${KIT_DIR}/utils
GTIME=${UTILS_DIR}/gtme
LOG_DIR=${UPDATE_DIR}/log
PAR_HINT=${UPDATE_2_DOP}
SF=${SCALE_FACTOR}
PASSWD=${DATABASE_USER}

if [ $# -lt 1 ]
then
  usage
  exit 1
fi

SETNUM=$1
i=1
PID=""

START=`$GTIME`  

# first create the temp tables  

sqlplus /NOLOG << !  

connect $PASSWD;  

set timing on  

set serveroutput on  

set echo on  

drop directory data_dir;  

create directory data_dir as '/flat1/updates';  

drop table temp_okey_et;  

drop table temp_okey;

```

```

create table temp_okey_et(
    t_orderkey      number
)
organization external (
type ORACLE_LOADER
default directory data_dir
access parameters
(
    records delimited by newline
    nobadfile
    nologfile
    fields terminated by '|'
    missing field values are null
)
location (
'delete.${SETNUM}')
reject limit unlimited parallel 16;

create table temp_okey (t_orderkey, constraint tokey1 primary
key(t_orderkey))
organization index parallel 16 nologging as select * from
temp_okey_et;
execute dbms_stats.gather_table_stats('tpch', 'temp_okey',
estimate_percent => 1, degree => 16)

alter session force parallel dml parallel ${PAR_HINT};
alter session set isolation_level=serializable;
alter session set optimizer_index_cost_adj=10;

delete from (select /*+ use_nl(o) */ o.rowid from orders o, temp_okey t
where o.o_orderkey = t.t_orderkey order by 1);

delete from (select /*+ use_nl(l) */ l.rowid from lineitem l,temp_okey t
where l.l_orderkey = t.t_orderkey order by 1);

commit;

drop table temp_okey;
drop table temp_okey_et;
exit;
!

END=`$GTIME`  

# Done

```

```

echo ""  

echo "Update Function 2 Set $SETNUM done!"  

echo "Elapsed Time is `echo $END - $START | bc`"  

echo ""

```

F.13 scnt.sh

```

#!/bin/ksh

echo Process count for TPC-H RUN:$1 SEQUENCE:$2
while [ 1 = 1 ]; do
  cnt=`ps -ef | egrep "qexec|runTPCHus" | grep -v grep | wc -l`
  echo
  echo `date` : $cnt
  ps -ef | egrep "qexec|runTPCHus" | grep -v grep
  sleep 30
done

```

F.14 set_queue

```

for i in 21 25 9 11 13 15 28 17 19 23 45 49 33 35 37 39
52 41 43 47 \
    66 68 56 58 60 62 70 64 72 94 90 92 84 86 88 74 76
78 80 82
do
    /usr/sbin/scsictl -m queue_depth=128
/dev/rdsk/c${i}t0d0
    /usr/sbin/scsictl -m queue_depth=128
/dev/rdsk/c${i}t0d3
done
exit

```

F.15 tshut

```

#!/bin/ksh
export ORACLE_SID=tpch
sqlplus /NOLOG<< !
connect / as sysdba
shutdown abort
exit
!
exit

```

```

connect / as sysdba
shutdown immediate
exit
!
fi
exit

```

F.17 tstart

```

#!/bin/ksh
export ORACLE_SID=tpch
mpsched -P RR sqlplus /NOLOG << !
connect / as sysdba
startup pfile=/oracle/dbs/1TB_init.ora
execute dbms_scheduler.disable('AUTO_TASKS_JOB_CLASS');
exit
!
/home/Lvm/set_queue.sh
exit

```

F.16 tshut.asm

```

#!/bin/ksh
export ORACLE_SID=ASM
if [ "$1" = "abort" ]; then
sqlplus /NOLOG<< !
connect / as sysdba
shutdown abort
exit
!
else
sqlplus /NOLOG<< !

```

F.18 tstart.asm

```

#!/bin/ksh
export ORACLE_SID=ASM
mpsched -P RR sqlplus /NOLOG << !
connect / as sysdba
startup pfile=/oracle/dbs/initASM.ora
exit
!
```

Price Quotes

The following pages contain the price quotes for the hardware included in this FDR.

Sharada Bose
HP
Cupertino, CA 95014
August 3, 2006



HP Unix Sales Development
19111 Pruneridge Avenue
Cupertino, CA 95014
(408) 447-2320

HP Integrity rx8640

Description	Part Number	Source Reference	Qty	Extended	Price	3 yr. Maint. Price
Server Hardware						
HP Integrity rx8640 SMP Base System with 8 1.6GHz AB444A#002**		1	191,108	1	191,108	
4GB high-density DDR memory module (uses 2 DIMM) AB454A		1	8,000	32	256,000	
HP Integrity rx8640 I/O Backplane	AD160A	1	7,700	2	15,400	
3 Year Svc & Support Price (Hardware and Software)	HA110A3-6KT**	1				106,561
HP Integrity rx8640 Sys. Expansion Unit	AB301A	1	35,785	1	35,785	
HP Rack kit for rx86xx Server	J1528B	1	582	1	582	
HP Rack Kit for SEU Server	J1530C	1	709	1	709	
DVD+RW Drive	AB351B	1	850	1	850	
PCI 1000 Base T Dual Port LAN Adapter Card	A7012A		1,495	1	1,495	
PCI 2GB Fibre Channel Adapter (dual port)	A6826A	1	4,395	20	87,900	
36 GB HotPlug Ultra 320 SCSI Low Profile Disk (15k) AD146A		1	1,200	3	3,600	
HP Server Thin Client (Console)	AB300B	1	1,250	1	1,250	
Rack Model 5642	358254-B21	1	689	1	689	
				Subtotal	595,368	106,561
Server Software						
HPUX 11i v2 Foundation Operating Environment	B9429AC**	1	2,370	16	37,920	
HPUX Fndn OE Media	B9106AA, Opt 0D1	1	199	1	199	
				Subtotal	38,119	0
Storage						
16 meter Fibre Optic Cable	221692-B22	1	82	40	3,280	
HP StorageWorks MSA 1000 (40+4 spares)	201723-B22	1	6,995	44	307,780	Included
36GB 15K Ultra320 Hard Drive (480 + 48 spares)	286776-B22	1	269	528	142,032	Included
10642 (42U) Rack Cabinet	245161-B21		1,359	4	5,436	
ProLiant Cluster HA/200 for MSA100	252409-B22	1	4,007	1	4,007	
				Subtotal	462,535	0
				Total	1,096,022	106,561
Large Configuration Discount and Support Prepayment*						
					-276,437	-31,435
				Grand Tot	819,585	75,126

This quote is valid for 90 days

From: Mary.Beth Pierantoni [mailto:mary.beth.pierantoni@oracle.com]
 Sent: Thursday, July 27, 2006 11:27 AM
 To: Boushey, Lucille
 Subject: Oracle Pricing

Product	Price	Quantity	Extended Price
Oracle Database 10g Enterprise Edition, Named User Plus for 3 years	\$10,000	*8	\$80,000
Partitioning, Named User Plus for 3 years	\$2,500	*8	\$20,000
Oracle Database Server Support Package for 3 years	\$2,000	3	6,000
Oracle Mandatory E-Business Discount			<\$15,900>
Oracle TOTAL			\$90,100

$* 8 = 0.50 * 16$. Explanation: For the purposes of counting the number of processors which require licensing, an Intel multicore chip with "n" cores shall be determined by multiplying "n" cores by a factor of 0.50.

Oracle pricing contact: MaryBeth Pierantoni, mary.beth.pierantoni@oracle.com, 916-315-5081

Quote is valid for 90 days